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BABINE LAKE MONITORING
- June 19-22, 1990 -

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GODIN, B.
BABINE LAKE MONITORING:
JUNE 19-22, 1990
CRFN c. 1 mm SMITHERS

ENVIRONMENT CANADA
CONSERVATION AND PROTECTION
ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION
PACIFIC AND YUKON REGION
NORTH VANCOUVER, B.C.

BABINE LAKE MONITORING
- June 19-22, 1990 -

REGIONAL DATA REPORT: DR 92-10

by

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1.0 INTRODUCTION

Noranda Mines Limited started operation of Bell Mine on the Newman Peninsula area of Babine Lake in 1972 (Figure 1). The mine stopped operations in 1982 and resumed in 1985. A previous report was produced in 1985 to address the mine discharges during the close-out period (Godin et al., 1985). The present report is intended to address the state of the environment in Babine Lake in light of a report sponsored by the company in 1988 (Hatfield, 1989). Various major sub-basins of the lake close to the mine were surveyed, supplementing information provided by the company. Work included examination of benthic invertebrates, surface sediment chemistry, and sediment cores. In addition, sediment sequential extractions and sediment bioassays were performed (Table 1).

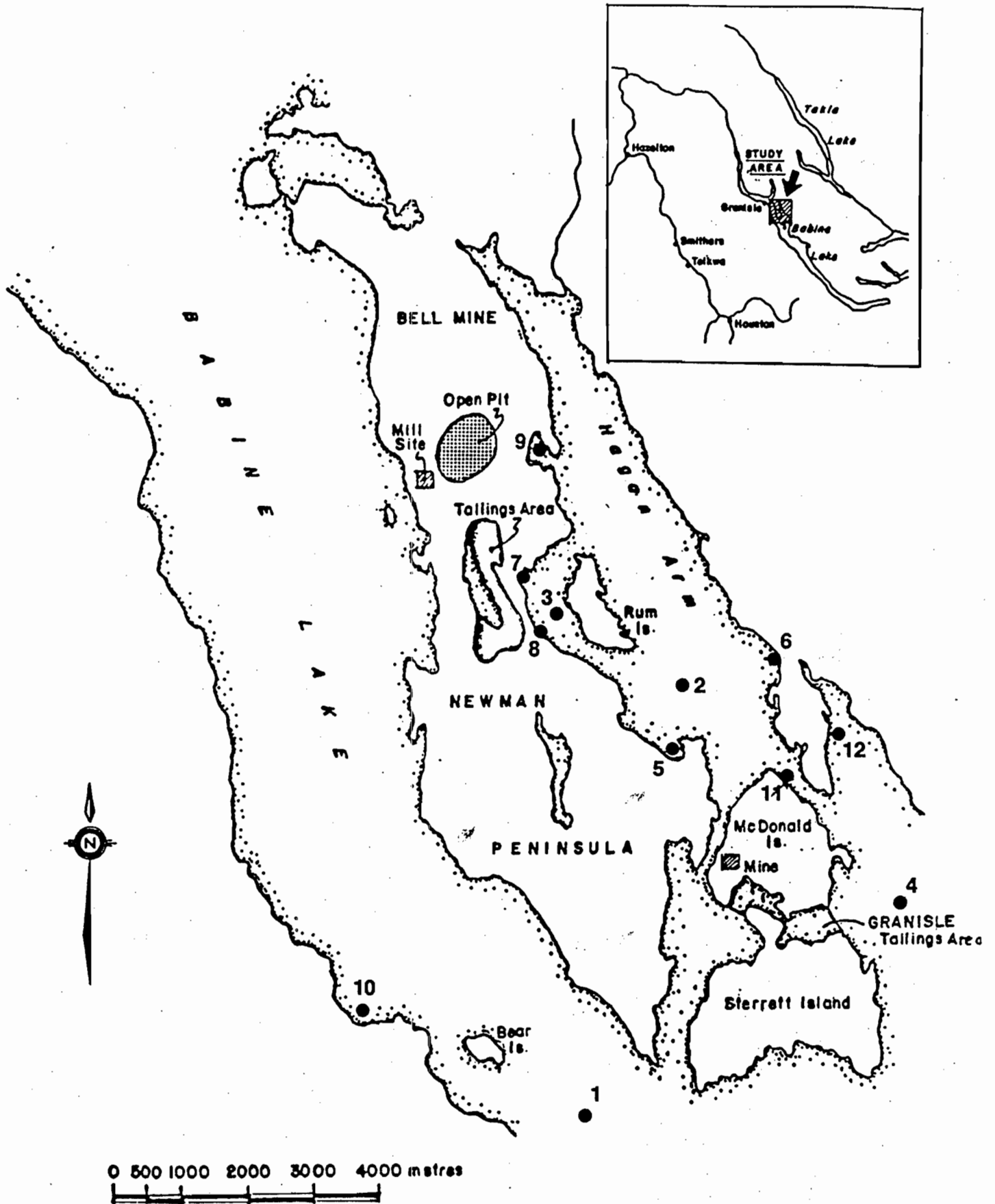


FIGURE 1: LOCATION OF SAMPLING STATIONS ON BABINE LAKE

2.0 SITE DESCRIPTION

Sample stations were established on Babine Lake to evaluate a number of parameters with respect to possible influence from the mine. Station locations, depths, and assessments carried out are presented in Table 1.

TABLE 1: SITE DESCRIPTION AND ASSESSMENTS

Station	Location	Water Depth	Assessments
1	Babine Lake Main Arm	103 m	Core, surface sediment, water profile, zooplankton, sediment bioassay, water chemistry
2	Hagan Arm	98 m	Core, surface sediment, water profile, zooplankton, sediment bioassay, water chemistry, sequential extraction
3	Rum Bay	75 m	Core, water profile, surface sediment, zooplankton, sediment bioassay, water chemistry, sequential extraction
4	Granisle Bay	20 m	Core, water profile, surface sediment, zooplankton, sediment bioassay, water chemistry
5	Little Bay, S. Hagan Arm	8 m	Surface sediment, benthic invertebrates
6	North Bay, N. Hagan Arm	8 m	Surface sediment, benthic invertebrates
7	Small Bay, N. Rum Bay	8 m	Surface sediment, benthic invertebrates
8	Tailings Pond S. Rum Bay	8 m	Surface sediment, benthic invertebrates
9	Wolverine Bay	9 m	Surface sediment, benthic invertebrates, sediment bioassay
10	Babine Main Arm, near shore	8 m	Surface sediment, benthic invertebrates, sediment bioassay
11	Granisle Bay, near AMD	8 m	Surface sediment, benthic invertebrates, sediment bioassay, sequential extraction
12	Granisle North Bay	8 m	Surface sediment, benthic invertebrates, sediment bioassay

3.0 MATERIALS AND METHODS

The site was visited June 19 to 22, 1990. Water profile data and surface sediment, sediment core, water chemistry, zooplankton, and bioassay samples were taken at four main stations in Babine Main Arm, Hagan Arm, Rum Bay, and Granisle Bay. Surface sediment, benthic invertebrate, and sediment bioassay samples were collected from eight other stations (Table 1).

3.1 Water Chemistry

Lake profiles were performed at several stations using a Hydrolab digital 4041 indicator unit and a 4021 Sonde unit. Conductivity, temperature, and pH were recorded.

Water quality analysis included alkalinity, total and dissolved organic carbon, total and dissolved inorganic carbon, total residues, non-filterable residues, sulphate, and metals. Samples were taken from the surface, near the bottom, and at two intermediate depths at four sites using Van Dorn bottles. The samples were packed with ice until analysis. Dissolved metal samples were filtered the same day through a 0.45 micron cellulose nitrate membrane filter. Total and dissolved metals were preserved with 0.5 ml nitric acid per 100 ml. All samples were collected in clean polyethylene bottles. The bottles for metal analysis were previously acid washed. Hardness was determined from the dissolved metal sample.

Inductively Coupled Argon Plasma (ICAP) Emission Spectroscopy was used for the total and dissolved metal analysis and gave a reading of twenty-eight metals. Cadmium, copper, and lead samples were re-analysed with the graphite furnace when results were less than twice the detection limit of the ICAP procedure. Analytical procedures were in accordance with the Environment Canada, Pacific Region, Laboratory Manual (Anon., 1979).

3.2 Sediment Collection

Lake bottom metal profiles were obtained by lowering a Phleger corer into the sediments. After corer penetration of about 35 - 40 cm, visual examination of the transparent core liner showed no evident disturbance of the top sediment with no turbidity above the sediment-

water interface. Sediment was extruded and fractioned at every centimetre based on a modification of the close-interval fractionator described by Fast and Wetzel (1974). Sediment fractions were pushed above a Plexiglas plate by a plastic rod fitted with a rubber bung. The extruded sediment was cut off and contained by a sliding plastic ring and deposited into a sampling bag. The plate and ring were rinsed in water prior to each section.

Sediment was also collected from the benthic invertebrate sample sites using a ponar dredge. The top one centimetre of sediment was scooped with an acid-washed cut bottle, and a subsequent sample of approximately the same thickness was taken from immediately below. The samples were transferred into kraft bags and kept cool until analysed. Core samples were air dried, sieved to $<150 \mu\text{m}$, digested with aqua regia, and analysed for heavy metals using ICAP. Surface sediments were sieved to $<63 \mu\text{m}$.

3.3 Sequential Extraction

Sediment sequential extraction was performed at Stations 2, 3, and 11 to evaluate the potential mobility of metals in the sediment. A sample from Babine Main Arm was also collected but the analysis could not be performed due to lack of material. The methodology was based on that of Tessier et al. (1979). Samples were air dried, sieved to $<63 \mu\text{m}$, and rolled to homogenise. The samples were weighed into 50 ml centrifuge tubes and subjected to a sequential leaching procedure designed to partition trace metals into the following fractions:

- 1) F(a): Exchangeable metals. Sediment sample is extracted with 1M MgCl_2 initially at pH 7 at room temperature for one hour on a wrist action shaker.
- 2) F(b): Metals bound to carbonates or specifically adsorbed. The residue from (a) is leached with 1M sodium acetate adjusted to pH 5 with acetic acid at room temperature for five hours on a wrist action shaker.
- 3) F(c): Metals bound to Fe-Mn oxides. The residue from (b) is extracted at 96°C for six hours with 0.04M $\text{NH}_4\text{OH.HCl}$ in 25% (vol/vol) acetic acid.

- 4) F(d): Metals bound to organic matter and sulphides. The residue from (c) is extracted at 85°C for five hours with 0.02M HNO₃ and 30% H₂O₂ adjusted to pH 2 with HNO₃, and then at room temperature with 3.2M NH₄OAc in 20% (vol/vol) HNO₃ for 30 minutes on a wrist action shaker.
- 5) F(e): Residual metals. The original dried samples are weighed in Teflon digestion vessels and digested with HNO₃ and HCl in a microwave oven, resulting in a total fraction (MT). The residual F(e) is calculated via
- $$F(e) = MT - [F(a) + F(b) + F(c) + F(d)].$$

Analysis was performed via Inductively Coupled Argon Plasma (ICAP) Emission Spectroscopy. The internal laboratory reference material TATS-1 was used to evaluate the performance of the procedure.

3.4 Sediment Bioassay

The Chironomus tentans emergence test was used on eight sediment samples, including three samples used for sequential extraction, to indicate toxic effects. Sediments were placed in the test container and covered by a screen to retain adults. The 3 cm deep sediment layer was covered by 15 cm of gently aerated water. At the start of the test, larvae were added to the test containers. A food mixture of Cerophyl, fish food, and distilled water was given to the larvae at the start of the test and again on Day 8, 14, and 18. Adults start to emerge after 20 days. The test was continued for another 5 days to count all emerging adults and to observe any delayed development.

3.5 Benthic Invertebrates

Benthic invertebrates were collected using a Ponar dredge sampling a surface area of 529 cm². All benthic invertebrates for Babine Lake surveys were collected at a depth of eight metres to facilitate comparisons with a Hatfield Consultants report (1989). The sample was field sieved through a 350 µm mesh screen. The insects were preserved with Kahle's solution (15 parts ethyl alcohol, 30 parts deionized water, 6 parts 40% buffered formalin, and one part glacial acetic acid). Rose bengal was added to help in sorting the biota. A single grab sample was taken at all sites except for the Babine Main Arm station where four replicates were collected.

Diversity indices were calculated from the bottom fauna data using the Shannon-Weiner diversity index described by Pielou (1975) and modified as follows:

$$\text{Species Diversity (H')} = - \sum_{i=1}^g (P_i \log_{10} P_i)$$

Where $P_i = n_i/N$

n_i = total number of individuals in the i^{th} genus

N = total number of individuals identified to genus level

g = total number of genera

The use of individuals identified to genus level instead of to species level results in slightly lower diversity index values.

The diversity of the benthic invertebrate community depends on the number of species and the evenness with which the individuals are apportioned among them. The method of measuring evenness is described by Pielou (1975) and is given by:

$$\text{Evenness (J')} = \frac{H'}{\log g}$$

Where H' = the species diversity

g = the number of genera

The diversity of benthic invertebrates also depends on the species richness (Boyle et al., 1990). Margalef's formula is used to calculate this index:

$$\text{Species Richness (D)} = \frac{S - I}{\ln (I)}$$

where S = total number of species in the community

I = total number of individuals in the community

4.0 RESULTS

4.1 Water Chemistry

Metal concentration results are presented in Table 2, general parameters are in Table 3, and temperature/conductivity profiles are in Table 4.

Non-filterable residues were less than 5 mg/L in all samples, and total residues ranged between 60 and 80 mg/L. Metal values were correspondingly low. Dissolved aluminum, antimony, arsenic, beryllium, boron, dissolved cadmium, dissolved chromium, cobalt, dissolved manganese, molybdenum, nickel, phosphorus, potassium, selenium, silver, tin, titanium, vanadium, and zinc were all near or below their detection limit in all samples except zinc at the surface at Station 4 (0.033 mg/L). Barium (0.020 - 0.028 mg/L), calcium (11.1 - 13.1 mg/L), magnesium (2.6 - 3.2 mg/L), (silicon 1.65 - 1.80 mg/L), sodium (2.0 - 2.3 mg/L), and strontium (0.080 - 0.095 mg/L) values were similar at all stations and depths. Total cadmium and total chromium had sporadic elevated values at various depths and stations. Iron (0.184 mg/L) and total manganese (0.003 mg/L) were highest at Babine Main (Station 1). Copper (0.0157 mg/L) was elevated in Hagan Arm samples (Station 2). Total aluminum (0.39 mg/L) and lead (0.0070 mg/L) were also greatest at Babine Main and Hagan Arm, but concentrations declined with depth.

Waters had low alkalinity (37-39 mg/L) and hardness (37.6 - 45.9 mg/L). Carbon values were normally 6 - 8 mg/L. Sulphate was lowest in Babine Main samples (4.7 - 4.9 mg/L), highest in Rum Bay samples (9.5 - 12.2 mg/L), and concentrations tended to increase with depth.

The temperature conductivity profile showed that the thermocline was very close to the surface in Babine Lake, between 1 and 3 metres for all four sub-basins. The conductivity was very low with values between 12.9 to 17.5 μ mhos/cm. The hypolimnion in Rum Bay and Hagan Arm had the highest conductivity levels. The waters were alkaline and pH was within a narrow range of values (7.5 to 7.9).

TABLE 2:
WATER QUALITY - BABINE LAKE
June 19-22, 1990

Station Number	Depth	AG		AL		AS		B		BA		BE		CA	
		TOTICP	DISICP	TOTICP	DISICP	TOTICP	DISICP	TOTICP	DISICP	TOTICP	DISICP	TOTICP	DISICP	TOTICP	DISICP
		MG/L	MG/L	MG/L	MG/L	MG/L	MG/L	MG/L	MG/L	MG/L	MG/L	MG/L	MG/L	MG/L	
1	Surface	<0.01	<0.01	0.39	<0.05	<0.05	0.03	<0.01	0.021	0.019	<0.001	<0.001	11.7	10.8	
	1	<0.01	<0.01	0.32	<0.05	<0.05	0.03	<0.01	0.025	0.019	<0.001	<0.001	11.5	10.8	
	4	<0.01	<0.01	0.25	<0.05	<0.05	0.02	0.01	0.021	0.019	<0.001	<0.001	11.4	10.8	
	105	<0.01	<0.01	0.26	<0.05	<0.05	0.02	0.01	0.020	0.019	<0.001	<0.001	12.5	10.7	
2	Surface	<0.01	<0.01	0.16	<0.05	<0.05	0.02	0.01	0.021	0.019	<0.001	<0.001	12.3	12.0	
	8	<0.01	<0.01	0.16	<0.05	<0.05	0.02	<0.01	0.020	0.020	<0.001	<0.001	12.9	12.4	
	11	<0.01	<0.01	0.14	<0.05	<0.05	0.01	0.02	0.020	0.020	<0.001	<0.001	12.6	12.9	
	95	<0.01	<0.01	0.11	<0.05	<0.05	0.01	<0.01	0.020	0.020	<0.001	<0.001	12.6	12.5	
3	Surface	<0.01	<0.01	0.14	<0.05	<0.05	0.01	<0.01	0.022	0.020	<0.001	<0.001	12.3	12.3	
	5	<0.01	<0.01	0.09	<0.05	<0.05	<0.01	<0.01	0.023	0.020	<0.001	<0.001	12.4	12.3	
	8	<0.01	<0.01	0.06	<0.05	<0.05	<0.01	<0.01	0.021	0.020	<0.001	<0.001	12.4	12.4	
	70	<0.01	<0.01	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.01	<0.01	0.023	0.020	<0.001	<0.001	13.1	13.1	
4	Surface	<0.01	<0.01	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	0.01	0.01	0.021	0.019	<0.001	<0.001	11.7	11.4	
	1	<0.01	<0.01	0.06	<0.05	<0.05	0.01	<0.01	0.023	0.018	<0.001	<0.001	11.5	11.0	
	4	<0.01	<0.01	0.06	<0.05	<0.05	0.02	<0.01	0.028	0.018	<0.001	<0.001	11.7	11.2	
	18	<0.01	<0.01	0.07	<0.05	<0.05	0.02	<0.01	0.020	0.018	<0.001	<0.001	11.1	11.0	
Blank		<0.01	<0.01	0.46	<0.05	<0.05	0.04	<0.01	0.001	<0.001	<0.001	1.1	<0.1		
Blank		<0.01	<0.01	0.11	<0.05	<0.05	<0.01	<0.01	0.002	<0.001	<0.001	0.1	<0.1		

TABLE 2 (Cont.):
WATER QUALITY - BABINE LAKE
June 19-22, 1990

Station Number	Depth	TOTICP MG	DISICP MG	TOTICP MG/L	DISICP MG/L	MN MG/L	TOTICP MG/L	DISICP MG/L	NO MG/L	TOTICP MG/L	DISICP MG/L	NA MG/L	TOTICP MG/L	DISICP MG/L	NI MG/L	TOTICP MG/L	DISICP MG/L	P MG/L	TOTICP MG/L	DISICP MG/L	TOTCF MG/L	DISICP MG/L	DISGF MG/L	
1	Surface	2.7	2.7	0.003	0.003	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	2.0	2.2	2.0	2.2	0.02	0.02	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.05	0.0058	0.05	0.0011
	1	2.6	2.6	0.003	0.003	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1	0.02	0.02	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.05	0.0025	0.05	0.0005
	4	2.7	2.6	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1	0.02	0.02	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.05	0.0022	0.05	0.0005
2	105	3.0	2.6	0.003	0.003	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	2.3	2.1	2.3	2.1	0.02	0.02	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.05	0.0016	0.05	0.0008
	Surface	2.9	3.0	0.002	0.002	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	2.3	2.2	2.3	2.2	0.02	0.02	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.05	0.0036	0.05	0.0007
	8	3.1	3.1	0.002	0.002	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	2.2	2.3	2.2	2.3	0.02	0.02	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.05	0.0070	0.05	0.0007
3	11	3.0	3.2	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	2.3	2.4	2.3	2.4	0.02	0.02	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.05	0.0019	0.05	0.0014
	95	3.0	3.1	0.002	0.002	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	2.2	2.3	2.2	2.3	0.02	0.02	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.05	0.0014	0.05	0.0009
	Surface	3.0	3.1	0.002	0.002	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	2.2	2.3	2.2	2.3	0.02	0.02	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.05	0.0023	0.05	0.0007
4	5	3.0	3.0	0.002	0.002	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	2.2	2.3	2.2	2.3	0.02	0.02	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.05	0.0025	0.05	0.0005
	8	3.0	3.1	0.002	0.002	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	2.2	2.3	2.2	2.3	0.02	0.02	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.05	0.0013	0.05	0.0009
	70	3.2	3.2	0.002	0.002	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	2.3	2.4	2.3	2.4	0.02	0.02	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.05	0.0009	0.05	0.0005
4	Surface	2.8	2.8	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.2	0.02	0.02	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.05	0.0020	0.05	0.0010
	1	2.8	2.7	0.002	0.002	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1	0.02	0.02	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.05	0.0014	0.05	0.0010
	4	2.9	2.8	0.002	0.002	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.2	0.02	0.02	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.05	0.0013	0.05	0.0014
Blank	18	2.8	2.7	0.002	0.002	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	2.1	2.2	2.1	2.2	0.06	0.06	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.05	0.0010	0.05	0.0009
	Blank	0.1	0.1	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.02	0.02	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.05	0.0015	0.05	0.0005
Blank	Blank	0.1	0.1	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.02	0.02	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.05	0.0006	0.05	0.0005

WATER QUALITY - BABINE LAKE
June 19-22, 1990

TABLE 2 (Cont.):

Station Number	Depth	SB		SE		SI		SN		SR		TI		V		ZN	
		TOTICP	DISICP	TOTICP	DISICP	TOTICP	DISICP	TOTICP	DISICP	TOTICP	DISICP	TOTICP	DISICP	TOTICP	DISICP	TOTICP	DISICP
		MG/L	MG/L	MG/L	MG/L	MG/L	MG/L	MG/L	MG/L	MG/L	MG/L	MG/L	MG/L	MG/L	MG/L	MG/L	MG/L
1	Surface	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	1.72	1.49	<0.05	<0.05	0.083	0.076	<0.002	<0.002	<0.01	<0.01	<0.002	<0.002
	1	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	1.69	1.47	<0.05	<0.05	0.081	0.074	<0.002	<0.002	<0.01	<0.01	<0.002	<0.002
	4	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	1.75	1.49	<0.05	<0.05	0.080	0.075	<0.002	<0.002	<0.01	<0.01	<0.002	<0.002
	105	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	1.74	1.55	<0.05	<0.05	0.093	0.074	<0.002	<0.002	<0.01	<0.01	<0.002	<0.002
2	Surface	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	1.69	1.46	<0.05	<0.05	0.091	0.088	<0.002	<0.002	<0.01	<0.01	<0.002	<0.002
	8	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	1.76	1.57	<0.05	<0.05	0.094	0.092	<0.002	<0.002	<0.01	<0.01	<0.002	<0.002
	11	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	1.72	1.61	<0.05	<0.05	0.095	0.096	<0.002	<0.002	<0.01	<0.01	<0.002	<0.002
	95	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	1.75	1.56	<0.05	<0.05	0.093	0.095	<0.002	<0.002	<0.01	<0.01	<0.002	<0.002
3	Surface	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	1.69	1.47	<0.05	<0.05	0.089	0.093	<0.002	<0.002	<0.01	<0.01	<0.002	<0.002
	5	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	1.71	1.52	<0.05	<0.05	0.089	0.092	<0.002	<0.002	<0.01	<0.01	<0.002	<0.002
	8	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	1.71	1.55	<0.05	<0.05	0.089	0.092	<0.002	<0.002	<0.01	<0.01	<0.002	<0.002
	70	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	1.80	1.62	<0.05	<0.05	0.095	0.099	<0.002	<0.002	<0.01	<0.01	<0.002	<0.002
4	Surface	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	1.65	1.44	<0.05	<0.05	0.083	0.084	<0.002	<0.002	<0.01	<0.01	0.033	<0.002
	1	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	1.66	1.41	<0.05	<0.05	0.080	0.080	<0.002	<0.002	<0.01	<0.01	<0.002	<0.002
	4	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	1.66	1.43	<0.05	<0.05	0.084	0.084	<0.002	<0.002	<0.01	<0.01	<0.002	<0.002
	18	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	1.72	1.52	<0.05	<0.05	0.082	0.084	<0.002	<0.002	<0.01	<0.01	0.005	<0.002
Blenk		<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	0.07	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	0.013	<0.001	<0.002	<0.002	<0.01	<0.01	<0.002	<0.002	
Blenk		<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.001	<0.001	<0.002	<0.002	<0.01	<0.01	0.005	<0.002	

TABLE 3 : WATER QUALITY - BABINE LAKE
June 19-22, 1990

Station Number	Depth	ALK	DISICP HC	DISICP HT	TOC	DOC	TIC	DIC	SO4	NFR	TR	
												MG/L
1	Surface	37	38.0	38.1	8	8	8	8	7	4.7	<5	70
	1	37	37.8	38.2	8	8	8	8	6	4.9	<5	60
	4	37	37.7	37.7	8	8	8	8	6	4.9	<5	60
	105	38	37.6	37.6	8	7	9	8	8	4.8	<5	60
2	Surface	38	42.1	42.1	8	7	8	8	8	9.1	<5	70
	8	37	43.6	43.8	8	8	8	8	7	9.6	<5	80
	11	38	45.4	45.5	7	6	1	<1	10.3	<5	80	
	95	38	44.0	44.1	7	6	2	3	10.1	<5	70	
3	Surface	39	43.3	43.5	8	8	8	8	5	9.6	<5	70
	5	37	43.2	43.4	7	8	8	8	8	9.6	<5	70
	8	39	43.6	43.8	7	7	8	8	6	9.5	<5	70
	70	38	45.9	45.9	8	7	9	6	12.2	<5	70	
4	Surface	38	40.2	40.1	7	8	8	8	5	6.7	<5	70
	1	38	38.5	38.2	8	7	8	8	6	6.5	<5	80
	4	38	39.5	39.2	8	7	8	8	5	7.9	<5	80
	18	38	38.7	38.2	8	7	8	8	8	6.0	<5	70
Blank		2.8	<0.4	<0.4	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	0.9	<5	<10
Blank		<1	<0.4	<0.4	1	<1	<1	<1	<1	1.1	<5	10

**TABLE 4: TEMPERATURE-CONDUCTIVITY PROFILES - BABINE LAKE -
June 19-22, 1990**

Station 1: Babine Main Arm

Depth (m)	Conductivity (μ mhos/cm)	Temperature ($^{\circ}$ C)	pH
1	15.6	8.5	7.9
2	14.3	6.9	7.8
3	14.4	6.6	7.9
4	14.5	6.1	7.8
5	14.1	6.1	7.8
6	14.1	6.1	7.9
7	14.1	6.1	7.9
10	14.1	6.0	7.8
20	14.3	5.2	7.8
30	14.0	5.1	7.8
40	13.8	4.4	7.8
50	13.8	4.1	7.8
75	13.5	3.7	7.8
90	12.9	3.7	7.7
100	12.9	3.6	7.7

Station 2: Hagan Arm

Depth (m)	Conductivity (μ mhos/cm)	Temperature ($^{\circ}$ C)	pH
0	15.8	10.4	7.8
1	15.6	10.0	7.9
2	15.6	9.8	7.9
3	15.7	9.6	7.9
4	15.4	9.4	7.9
5	15.8	9.1	7.9
6	15.5	8.9	7.9
7	15.7	8.4	7.9
8	15.4	8.0	7.8
9	15.5	7.7	7.8
10	15.1	6.4	7.8
11	15.5	6.1	7.7
15	16.9	4.7	7.7
20	17.0	4.3	7.7
30	17.4	3.9	7.7
50	17.5	3.9	7.7
70	17.5	3.6	7.7
90	17.1	3.6	7.5
95	17.1	3.7	7.5

TABLE 4 (Cont.): TEMPERATURE-CONDUCTIVITY PROFILES - BABINE LAKE -
June 19-22, 1990

Station 3: Rum Bay

Depth (m)	Conductivity (μ hos/cm)	Temperature ($^{\circ}$ C)	pH
0	16.1	10.5	7.9
1	15.5	10.4	7.9
2	15.6	10.2	7.9
3	15.8	9.0	7.9
4	15.9	8.6	7.8
5	15.7	8.4	7.8
6	15.7	8.1	7.8
7	16.2	7.6	7.7
8	16.0	7.1	7.7
9	16.0	7.0	7.7
10	16.1	6.7	7.7
15	16.8	5.0	7.7
20	16.9	4.6	7.7
30	17.4	4.1	7.6
50	17.4	3.9	7.6
70	17.1	3.7	7.7
72	17.1	3.7	7.7
73	17.1	3.7	7.7

Station 4: Granisle Bay

Depth (m)	Conductivity (μ hos/cm)	Temperature ($^{\circ}$ C)	pH
0	14.5	14.5	7.9
1	14.3	14.0	7.9
2	14.1	12.3	7.9
3	14.8	9.4	7.9
4	15.2	8.9	7.9
5	15.4	8.1	7.8
6	15.0	7.0	7.8
10	15.1	5.0	7.8
15	15.1	4.8	7.8
18	14.8	4.7	7.8

4.2 Sediment Quality

Surface sediment quality results are presented in Table 5, sediment core profiles are in Table 6. Copper and manganese core profiles are displayed in Figures 2 and 3.

Antimony, cobalt, and tin were below their detection limit in all surface sediment samples. Arsenic, cadmium, molybdenum, lead, and silver were near or below their detection limit except for isolated higher values in the top layer of sediments at a few sites, especially Rum Bay. Copper concentrations tended to be much higher in the top centimetre sample, the maximum value was 1410 $\mu\text{g/g}$ from Granisle Bay near an acid mine seepage (Station 11). Mercury concentrations ranged from 0.040 to 0.186 $\mu\text{g/g}$, tending to be highest at the deep water sites. Zinc values ranged from 181 $\mu\text{g/g}$ to 776 $\mu\text{g/g}$, and tended to be higher in the top sediment layer. Other metal values tended to be those typical in the sediments of the area, though elevated levels were common in sediments from the deep water sites (Stations 1, 2, 3, and 4), and Station 10 on the Babine Main Arm. Sediments collected near the acid mine drainage and the tailings pond (Stations 8, 9, and 11) were not anomalous except for copper as mentioned above.

The enrichment of copper in Hagan Arm and Rum Bay far exceeds the rate at which such a phenomenon might occur in the Babine Main Arm (Figure 2). This seems to reflect the mine discharges to Rum Bay. Manganese levels show a strong diagenesis effect, but the surface sediments of Rum Bay have a reduced concentration (Figure 3). It is not possible to determine the nature of this effect since no information on the sedimentation rate is available at the moment. This reduction could be due to the loss of manganese to surface water because of anoxic conditions or it could be a reflection of the December 1989 tailings spill.

Profiles for cadmium, chromium, lead, mercury, silicon, and zinc did not decline with depth to any great extent.

TABLE 5: SEDIMENT QUALITY - BABINE LAKE (<63 um)
June 19, 1990

Station Number (depth)	AG UG/G	AL UG/G	AS UG/G	SEDICP UG/G	BA UG/G	BE UG/G	SEDICP UG/G	CA UG/G	CD UG/G	SEDICP UG/G	CO UG/G	SEDICP UG/G	CR UG/G	CU UG/G	FE UG/G	SEDHG UG/G	SEDICP UG/G	MG UG/G	SEDICP UG/G	SEDICP UG/G
Babine 1 (0-1 cm)	<2	21400	20	270	<8	1090	1	7400	<0.8	<20	23.9	276	39700	0.140	2100	5000				
Babine 1 (1-2 cm)	<2	27400	<8	1090	1	9060	1	9060	3.8	<20	31.3	113	40800	0.120	3200	5340				
Main Arm 10 (0-1 cm)	<2	25300	<8	208	1	15600	1	15600	<0.8	<20	16.0	74.5	63000	0.040	1800	8460				
Main Arm 10 (1-2 cm)	<2	28100	<8	172	1	16200	1	16200	<0.8	<20	17.0	50.8	48500	0.041	2000	9190				
2 (0-1 cm)	<2	30400	<8	307	1	7550	1	7550	<0.8	<20	33.5	525	33200	0.186	3400	6170				
2 (1-2 cm)	<2	29500	<8	357	1	7450	1	7450	<0.8	<20	33.7	83.3	20100	0.120	3100	4740				
Hagan Arm 5 (0-1 cm)	<2	14500	<8	174	1	8520	1	8520	<0.8	<20	21.0	296	18800	0.092	2000	4600				
Hagan Arm 5 (1-2 cm)	<2	14200	<8	161	1	6690	1	6690	<0.9	<20	20.5	39.0	16900	0.051	2000	4530				
6 (0-1 cm)	<2	20500	<8	159	1	6330	1	6330	<0.8	<20	27.0	143	29800	0.091	2100	4890				
6 (1-2 cm)	<2	23600	<8	224	1	6250	1	6250	<0.8	<20	31.9	36.5	22400	0.130	2400	4990				
3 (0-1 cm)	23	12000	356	6150	<8	636	1	18300	7.4	<20	18.7	52.8	135000	0.045	2600	3280				
3 (1-2 cm)	<2	33700	<8	636	1	5490	1	5490	<0.8	<20	39.6	84.6	54100	0.100	3800	5090				
Ran Bay 7 (0-1 cm)	<2	23800	<8	225	1	7820	1	7820	<0.8	<20	32.8	163	23100	0.060	2700	7330				
Ran Bay 7 (1-2 cm)	<2	23000	<8	211	1	9260	1	9260	<0.8	<20	33.8	45.8	27200	0.048	2500	8420				
8 (0-1 cm)	<2	19000	<8	207	1	11600	1	11600	1.0	<20	27.8	324	26500	0.081	2700	6490				
8 (1-2 cm)	<2	19400	<8	219	1	11200	1	11200	<0.8	<20	29.1	63.0	21400	0.065	2600	5950				
9 (0-1 cm)	<2	21900	<8	220	1	6280	1	6280	<0.8	<20	28.9	380	27700	0.070	2900	4660				
9 (1-2 cm)	<2	20500	<8	224	1	5570	1	5570	<0.8	<20	29.3	29.7	21400	0.069	2300	4300				
4 (0-1 cm)	<2	20800	110	541	1	8040	1	8040	<0.8	<20	22.9	447	113000	0.094	1800	4970				
4 (1-2 cm)	<2	34200	<8	350	1	6160	1	6160	1.0	<20	40.4	62.3	33000	0.110	3500	6360				
Graniale Bay 11 (0-1 cm)	<2	40000	<8	284	1	2870	1	2870	0.9	<20	39.0	1410	43400	0.055	1800	3910				
Graniale Bay 11 (1-2 cm)	<2	18100	<8	192	1	4900	1	4900	<0.8	<20	25.3	47.4	20100	0.068	2000	4280				
12 (0-1 cm)	<2	26300	<8	286	1	7150	1	7150	<0.8	<20	31.5	203	39000	0.100	2700	5430				
12 (1-2 cm)	<2	27100	<8	285	1	7260	1	7260	1.0	<20	35.7	46.2	28100	0.094	2500	5540				

TABLE 5 (Cont.):

SEDIMENT QUALITY - BABINE LAKE (<63 um)
June 19, 1990

Station Number (depth)	SEDICP MN UG/G	SEDICP MO UG/G	SEDICP NA UG/G	SEDICP NI UG/G	SEDICP P UG/G	SEDICP PB UG/G	SEDICP SB UG/G	SEDICP SI UG/G	SEDICP SN UG/G	SEDICP SR UG/G	SEDICP TI UG/G	SEDICP V UG/G	SEDICP ZN UG/G	SFR MG/KG	SVR MG/KG
1 (0-1 cm)	9360	<2	380	27	1400	20	<8	2970	<8	71.5	294	63	318	893000	107000
Bebine Main Arm	8360	8	480	30	1200	<8	<8	2170	<8	83.3	355	67	775	889000	111000
10 (0-1 cm)	1120	<2	320	10	2080	10	<8	3320	<8	95.3	1840	110	184	859000	141000
10 (1-2 cm)	718	<2	450	20	1500	10	<8	2930	<8	92.6	2060	120	196	871000	129000
2 (0-1 cm)	721	<2	540	33	1600	20	<8	2650	<8	70.7	291	73	556	---	---
2 (1-2 cm)	366	<2	550	28	870	<8	<8	2550	<8	69.2	271	70	234	852000	148000
Hegen Arm	255	4	850	48	1400	20	<8	1890	<8	59.1	564	44	288	799000	201000
5 (1-2 cm)	164	<2	490	24	950	10	<8	1960	<8	45.2	617	45	267	---	---
6 (0-1 cm)	621	<2	340	26	1200	<8	<8	1840	<8	53.6	679	58	484	902000	97600
6 (1-2 cm)	260	<2	330	28	800	8	<8	1950	<8	54.0	712	68	201	919000	805500
3 (0-1 cm)	125000	27	310	41	6620	<8	<8	2110	<8	157.0	119	22	261	850000	150000
3 (1-2 cm)	3150	<2	830	56	4370	10	<8	2710	<8	52.8	314	90	335	846000	154000
Rua Bay	397	<2	560	37	990	10	<8	1480	<8	58.1	621	65	299	867000	133000
7 (1-2 cm)	390	<2	780	39	960	10	<8	1320	<8	61.8	708	71	282	859000	141000
8 (0-1 cm)	505	4	360	32	1200	10	<8	1450	<8	69.0	349	51	295	742000	258000
8 (1-2 cm)	308	<2	400	33	870	<8	<8	1330	<8	66.9	380	52	305	726000	274000
9 (0-1 cm)	859	<2	600	37	1200	10	<8	1850	<8	58.8	392	54	307	868000	132000
9 (1-2 cm)	243	<2	350	31	740	10	<8	1820	<8	46.6	488	55	181	918000	81700
4 (0-1 cm)	5260	<2	310	36	6220	17	<8	1700	<8	85.3	246	71	340	853000	147000
4 (1-2 cm)	409	<2	470	41	1000	<8	<8	1050	<8	61.3	566	98	275	892000	108000
Grenisle Bay	237	<2	390	26	2330	<8	<8	1220	<8	43.0	503	53	252	831000	169000
11 (1-2 cm)	241	2	270	33	690	<8	<8	911	<8	46.3	553	63	229	877000	123000
12 (0-1 cm)	812	2	400	35	1500	10	<8	985	<8	61.7	567	73	333	850000	150000
12 (1-2 cm)	323	2	410	36	820	<8	10	1010	<8	57.7	676	85	304	856000	144000

SEDIMENT CORE PROFILE - BABINE LAKE (<150 us)
June 19, 1990

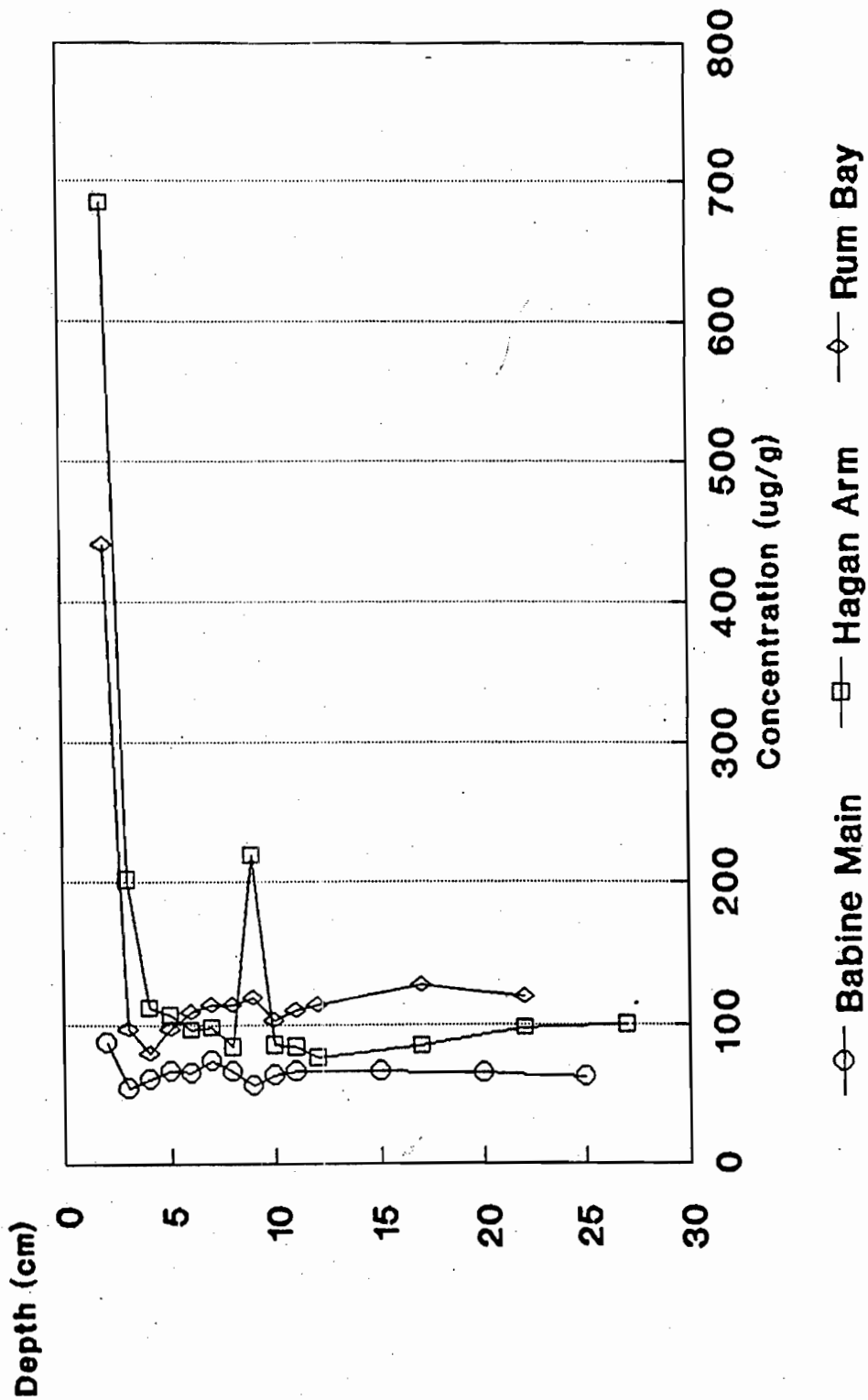
TABLE 6.:

Station	Depth CM	AG UG/G	AL UG/G	AS UG/G	BA UG/G	BS UG/G	CA UG/G	CD UG/G	CE UG/G	CF UG/G	CG UG/G	CH UG/G	CI UG/G	CJ UG/G	CK UG/G	CL UG/G
Stn 1 Babine Main Arm	2	42	28700	76	405	1	6890	0.8	20	34.7	87.0	54577	0.120	2900	5660	
	3	42	32500	28	344	1	6330	0.8	20	36.8	54.0	42435	0.096	3200	6410	
	4	42	29400	48	305	1	6120	0.8	20	35.0	60.7	48500	0.078	2700	6270	
	5	42	36500	48	413	1	6710	0.8	20	40.6	66.5	46600	0.083	4000	6670	
	6	42	34800	10	327	1	6610	0.8	20	37.5	65.1	57000	0.084	3700	6890	
	7	42	36200	48	487	1	7070	0.9	20	39.8	73.5	39400	0.079	3700	6740	
	8	42	35500	48	473	1	6800	0.8	20	39.5	65.8	41200	0.085	3700	6880	
	9	42	29600	11	311	1	6310	0.8	20	32.3	56.3	76200	0.067	3100	5600	
	10	42	33500	48	378	1	6530	1.0	20	36.3	63.1	48400	0.085	3600	6600	
	11	42	28400	48	362	1	6460	0.8	20	33.3	65.6	36200	0.079	2500	6280	
	15	42	38400	48	473	1	6880	0.8	20	40.9	65.9	43600	0.086	4300	7280	
	20	42	31600	48	394	1	6680	0.8	20	35.8	64.5	45400	0.092	2900	7410	
	25	42	28900	48	308	1	6350	0.8	20	31.3	62.2	42700	0.086	2600	6760	
	Stn 2 Hogan Arm	2	42	30000	48	191	1	6640	0.8	20	34.1	68.5	44300	0.160	3700	6050
		3	42	26400	48	161	1	7170	0.9	20	32.8	202	24300	0.130	2700	4740
		4	42	29000	48	193	1	6960	0.8	20	35.8	112	23100	0.100	2900	5000
		5	42	34200	48	222	1	7580	1.0	20	41.0	107	25100	0.130	3800	5260
		6	42	27200	48	180	1	6980	0.8	20	34.5	95.7	22300	0.110	2600	4650
		7	42	25400	48	175	1	7310	0.8	20	34.0	97.7	23000	0.110	2100	4790
		8	42	25700	48	169	1	7380	0.8	20	33.5	83.5	22800	0.130	2200	4640
		9	42	31000	48	227	1	7370	0.8	20	38.9	219	24700	0.120	2600	5000
		10	42	26200	48	222	1	7090	0.8	20	35.6	85.0	23600	0.120	2200	4690
		11	42	29300	48	246	1	7160	0.8	20	37.8	83.6	27300	0.130	2600	5440
		12	42	31300	48	263	1	7130	0.8	20	38.6	75.5	28800	0.120	2800	5380
		17	42	34800	48	224	1	7640	1.0	20	43.0	84.1	28200	0.130	3400	5620
22		42	35300	48	404	1	8180	0.8	20	44.6	97.0	31100	0.185	3300	6240	
27		42	28600	48	319	1	7810	1.0	20	41.6	99.9	30400	0.140	2600	5970	
Stn 3 Rus Bay		2	7	27600	48	1160	1	9720	0.8	20	22.5	440	35100	0.160	3200	5220
		3	4	18300	16	1860	1	10300	0.8	20	17.7	96.3	120000	0.079	2500	3590
		4	42	27400	42	813	1	8210	0.8	20	30.3	79.2	99000	0.096	3000	4510
		5	42	40100	48	456	1	5810	0.8	20	44.6	96.7	60100	0.130	4500	6040
		6	42	42800	48	435	2	5890	0.8	20	49.2	109	51700	0.150	4900	6500
		7	42	39200	48	359	2	6060	0.8	20	49.4	114	44300	0.140	4300	6630
		8	42	44900	48	466	2	6430	0.8	20	54.6	114	58900	0.120	5100	7060
		9	42	46100	48	412	2	6390	1.0	20	55.9	119	48000	0.120	5400	7350
		10	42	47100	48	383	2	5750	0.8	20	56.8	103	46000	0.110	5500	7670
		11	42	48500	48	376	2	5950	1.0	20	59.2	110	48600	0.120	5600	7920
		12	42	43700	48	369	2	5880	1.0	20	51.4	114	48800	0.120	5000	7360
	17	42	46500	48	376	2	6220	1.0	20	54.3	128	45500	0.110	5800	7970	
	22	42	49100	48	405	2	5990	0.8	20	51.9	120	44800	0.096	6500	8820	
	Stn 4 Graniale Bay	2	42	27800	100	454	1	7640	0.8	20	28.7	366	105000	0.085	3000	5350
		3	42	29400	29	370	1	6760	0.8	20	32.5	108	71100	0.088	3100	5460
		4	42	36700	48	315	1	6430	0.9	20	44.1	69.1	44500	0.095	4200	6430
		5	42	33300	48	276	1	6080	1.0	20	40.5	69.3	36300	0.094	3300	6310
		6	42	34200	48	300	1	6170	0.8	20	41.4	66.9	34700	0.100	3400	6680
		7	42	39100	48	306	1	6350	0.8	20	44.7	67.0	36600	0.110	4200	7000
		8	42	34700	48	312	1	5930	0.8	20	40.8	67.0	36500	0.100	3300	6530
		9	42	32100	48	237	1	5900	0.8	20	40.6	66.8	38400	0.226	3100	6360
		10	42	32800	48	267	1	5910	0.8	20	40.9	66.0	33300	0.097	3100	6410
11		42	38200	48	283	1	6200	0.8	20	44.1	66.9	33800	0.100	4100	6600	
12		42	27400	48	209	1	6120	0.8	20	35.9	67.5	31200	0.099	2300	5900	
17		42	34100	48	332	1	6300	0.8	20	41.7	69.8	37900	0.120	3400	6410	
22		42	27700	48	283	1	6130	0.8	20	36.2	66.4	45200	0.110	2500	6440	
27		42	22000	48	295	1	5680	0.8	20	31.9	67.3	33700	0.100	2000	6310	

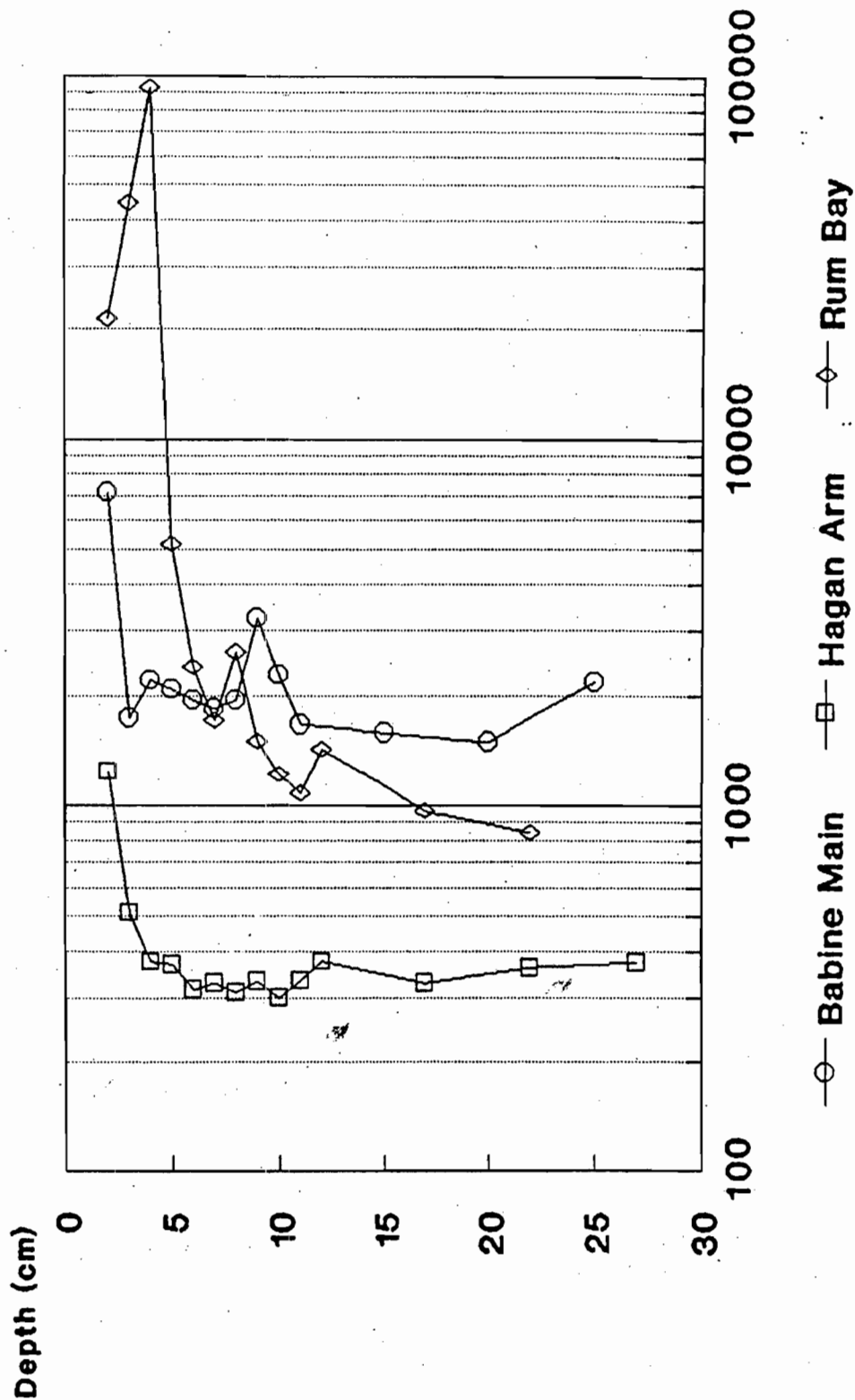
TABLE 6 (Cont.):
SEDIMENT CORE PROFILE - BABINE LAKE (<150 um)
June 19, 1990

Station	Depth CM	NN UG/G	NO UG/G	NA UG/G	NI UG/G	P UG/G	PB UG/G	SB UG/G	SI UG/G	SM UG/G	SR UG/G	TI UG/G	V UG/G	ZN UG/G
Stn 1 Babine Main Arm	2	7127	42	470	48	2260	48	3180	60.0	367	81	384		
	3	1735	42	530	37	1600	48	3380	57.2	414	93	189		
	4	2200	42	480	39	1970	18	3600	53.3	346	86	556		
	5	2080	42	620	37	1600	19	2590	64.0	477	94	326		
	6	1940	42	590	40	1200	10	2460	60.6	471	94	481		
	7	1840	42	520	38	1200	9	2230	68.2	441	100	365		
	8	1940	42	540	33	1100	10	2580	65.2	467	91	335		
	9	3228	42	520	35	2875	10	3550	53.5	467	100	447		
	10	2280	42	540	42	2520	10	2830	60.5	485	91	491		
	11	1670	42	460	31	1100	48	2420	57.6	321	82	393		
	15	1590	42	610	36	1000	10	2110	68.0	480	99	337		
	20	1500	42	430	39	1000	10	2400	59.5	379	87	497		
	25	2170	42	450	41	1400	18	3320	54.4	330	90	450		
	Stn 2 Hegan Arm	2	1240	42	670	34	1850	42	2490	57.7	354	75	1340	
		3	509	42	940	39	1100	28	2370	58.5	242	65	916	
		4	374	42	930	61	920	17	2670	58.7	244	75	906	
		5	368	42	790	36	1000	10	2250	62.9	304	82	590	
		6	315	42	1319	71	920	20	2880	55.3	217	69	573	
		7	328	42	510	33	940	9	3400	55.4	188	73	1080	
		8	309	42	920	35	950	48	3310	56.9	179	71	967	
		9	330	42	430	32	920	17	2920	59.9	221	80	154	
		10	299	42	320	32	870	10	3180	55.7	184	73	559	
		11	333	42	380	39	950	10	3310	56.8	223	84	742	
		12	375	42	697	44	2100	10	3520	59.0	187	81	854	
		17	328	42	590	38	910	10	2730	61.1	210	88	983	
22		361	42	540	41	880	17	2600	72.0	176	91	244		
27		373	42	410	47	920	20	2840	65.9	177	98	614		
Stn 3 Rum Bay		2	21500	10	1300	72	1740	48	2280	89.4	191	65	705	
		3	44500	42	2620	96	8070	48	2370	104	165	48	552	
		4	93000	42	430	35	6810	10	2710	80.1	218	79	624	
		5	5180	42	1200	64	4980	48	2350	57.7	278	99	936	
		6	2390	42	690	59	3750	48	2270	60.5	297	110	624	
		7	1710	42	550	49	2240	10	2600	58.3	234	110	695	
		8	2630	42	620	51	6440	17	2870	66.4	276	120	455	
		9	1510	42	640	63	2310	10	2990	66.2	265	130	496	
		10	1220	42	620	54	1600	20	3150	63.6	257	120	578	
		11	1080	42	650	57	1300	21	3110	64.6	228	120	564	
		12	1440	42	610	61	3000	20	3270	60.7	239	110	500	
	17	967	42	670	69	1300	10	3070	67.1	250	130	576		
	22	839	42	730	55	890	48	3090	71.2	231	120	318		
	Stn 4 Granisle Bay	2	3530	42	630	38	5820	20	1450	79.4	373	83	817	
		3	1390	42	550	36	5720	48	1170	67.0	488	90	1080	
		4	696	42	620	42	4290	10	1020	62.3	691	110	633	
		5	513	42	470	40	2170	48	1040	57.0	507	100	686	
		6	441	42	460	38	1300	48	1160	58.6	527	100	501	
		7	472	42	570	41	1200	48	1110	62.6	586	110	550	
		8	502	42	460	50	1740	8	1100	58.6	437	99	474	
		9	403	42	820	42	1100	10	1140	53.8	395	97	579	
		10	386	42	440	42	980	48	1080	54.4	384	98	515	
		11	391	42	590	46	1100	10	1080	60.9	564	110	595	
		12	386	42	490	41	1100	48	1150	50.8	336	97	564	
		17	574	42	490	44	2570	48	1050	60.1	482	100	405	
22		836	42	360	48	3230	48	1160	54.6	401	96	366		
27		423	42	220	41	1000	48	1290	50.3	246	84	155		

**FIGURE 2: BABINE LAKE SEDIMENT PROFILE -
COPPER - June 1990**



**FIGURE 3: BABINE LAKE SEDIMENT PROFILE -
MANGANESE - June 1990**



4.3 Sequential Extraction and Sediment Bioassays

Sequential extraction results are given in Tables 7 to 9. Selected metal results are shown in Figures 4 to 7. Bioassay results are in Table 10.

Sequential extraction gives an indication of the biological availability of a metal. The amount present in the exchangeable and carbonate fractions is considered more easily taken up by organisms. Low arsenic, cadmium, and lead levels occurred in the exchangeable or carbonate fractions of sediment from the three sites tested (Stations 2, 3, and 11 in Hagan Arm, Rum Bay, and Granisle Bay, respectively).

The three sediment samples evaluated by sequential extractions to determine the bioavailability of heavy metals present were also tested for chronic effects with the Chironomus tentans emergence test. It was found that Rum Bay and Hagan Arm samples showed delayed fly emergence toxicity while the sample from Granisle Bay (Station 11) showed acute toxicity. At Station 11, high levels of exchangeable aluminum (450 $\mu\text{g/g}$), copper (111 $\mu\text{g/g}$), and zinc (90.3 $\mu\text{g/g}$) may have been responsible for this effect. The Hagan Arm sample had less mobile aluminum and copper (Al, 3 $\mu\text{g/g}$; Cu, 2.8 $\mu\text{g/g}$) but more reactive zinc (196 $\mu\text{g/g}$).

It is difficult to determine the reasons for the chronic toxicity in the Rum Bay sample. None of aluminum, copper, arsenic, cadmium, copper, lead, or zinc were above the detection limit in the exchangeable fraction and these metals were not particularly high in the carbonate fraction either. On the other hand, total metals that were high in this sample but not in the other two include silver (23 $\mu\text{g/g}$), arsenic (356 $\mu\text{g/g}$), and cadmium (7.4 $\mu\text{g/g}$).

Five other samples were analysed for fly emergence. Only the sample from Station 1 showed some chronic toxicity. Unfortunately not enough material was available to perform a sequential extraction. It could be inferred from the surface sediment quality that the elements arsenic, copper, and zinc could be involved in the toxicity. It is impossible to tell if aluminum would have participated in such an effect.

**TABLE 7: SEQUENTIAL EXTRACTION - STATION 2, HAGAN ARM - JUNE 20, 1990
(98 metres deep)**

Metals (µg/g)	Exchange- able	Carbonates	Fe+Mn Oxide	Organic & Sulphides	Residual	Total
Ag	<0.4	<0.4	<0.4	<0.4	<2	<2
Al	3	25	990	3630	25800	30400
As	<2	<2	2	5	<1	<8
Ba	56.2	22.6	46.4	22.1	160	307
Be	<0.04	0.04	0.53	0.1	0.33	1
Ca	4940	469	320	400	1420	7550
Cd	0.4	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.4	<0.8
Co	<4	<4	<4	<4	<20	<20
Cr	0.5	0.2	2.4	7.76	22.6	33.5
Cu	2.8	18.6	46.7	259	198	525
Fe	<2	18	6620	4080	22500	33200
K	100	<80	<80	<80	3300	3400
Mn	155	70.4	126	36	334	721
Mo	<0.4	<0.4	0.6	3	NIL	<2
Ni	1	1	3	4	24	33
P	<4	20	200	1110	270	1600
Pb	<2	<2	<2	4.5	<15.5	20
Sb	<2	<2	<2	<2	<8	<8
Sn	<2	<2	<2	<2	<8	<8
Sr	33	4.47	4.32	3.6	25.3	70.7
Ti	<0.08	<0.08	<0.08	147	144	291
V	<0.4	<0.4	9.4	9.8	53.8	73
Zn	196	83.9	90.4	28.4	157	556

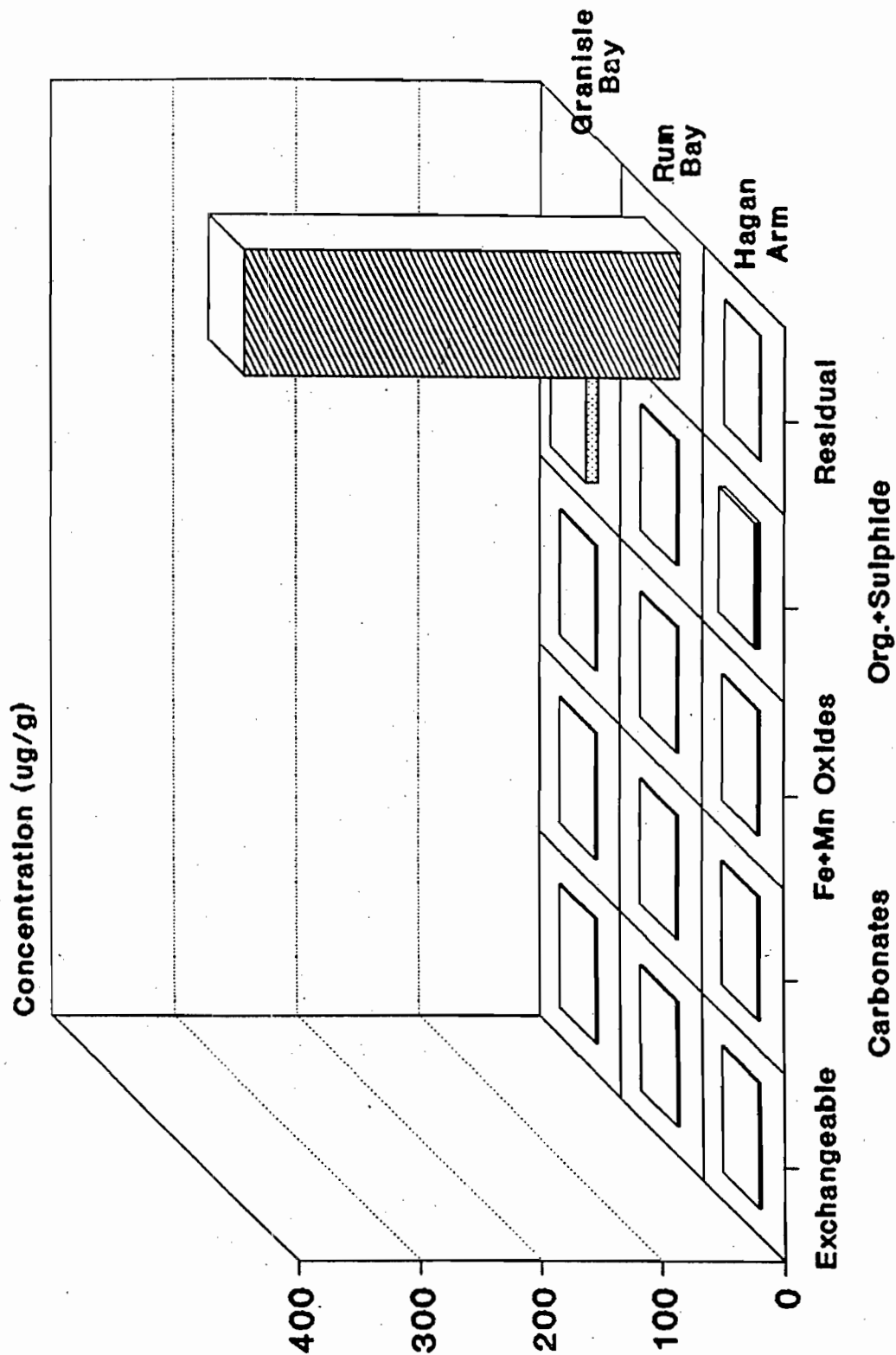
**TABLE 8: SEQUENTIAL EXTRACTION - STATION 3, RUM BAY - JUNE 20, 1990
(75 metres deep)**

Metals (µg/g)	Exchange- able	Carbonates	Fe+Mn Oxide	Organic & Sulphides	Residual	Total
Ag	<0.5	<0.5	5.4	6.9	10.7	23
Al	<2	5.2	269	891	10800	12000
As	<2	<2	<2	<2	356	356
Ba	4	63.4	1210	1890	2980	6150
Be	<0.05	<0.05	0.2	0.1	<0.6	0.9
Ca	6200	2260	2500	1470	5870	18300
Cd	<0.2	<0.2	2.1	2.2	3.1	7.4
Co	<5	<5	<5	<5	<20	<20
Cr	0.4	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	18.3	18.7
Cu	<0.2	<0.2	9.19	15.6	28	52.8
Fe	<2	22	12200	17700	105000	135000
K	<90	400	400	<90	1800	2600
Mn	1.6	73.5	2.7	4	>83500	>83600
Mo	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	27	27
Ni	<0.9	<0.9	9.1	5	26.9	41
P	<5	20	190	1240	5170	6620
Pb	<2	<2	<2	<2	<8	<8
Sb	<2	<2	<2	<2	<8	<8
Sn	<2	<2	<2	<2	<8	<8
Sr	39.8	40.1	44.4	9.06	60.6	194
Ti	<0.09	<0.09	<0.09	<0.09	119	119
V	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	22	22
Zn	<0.09	7.64	78.9	39.9	135	261

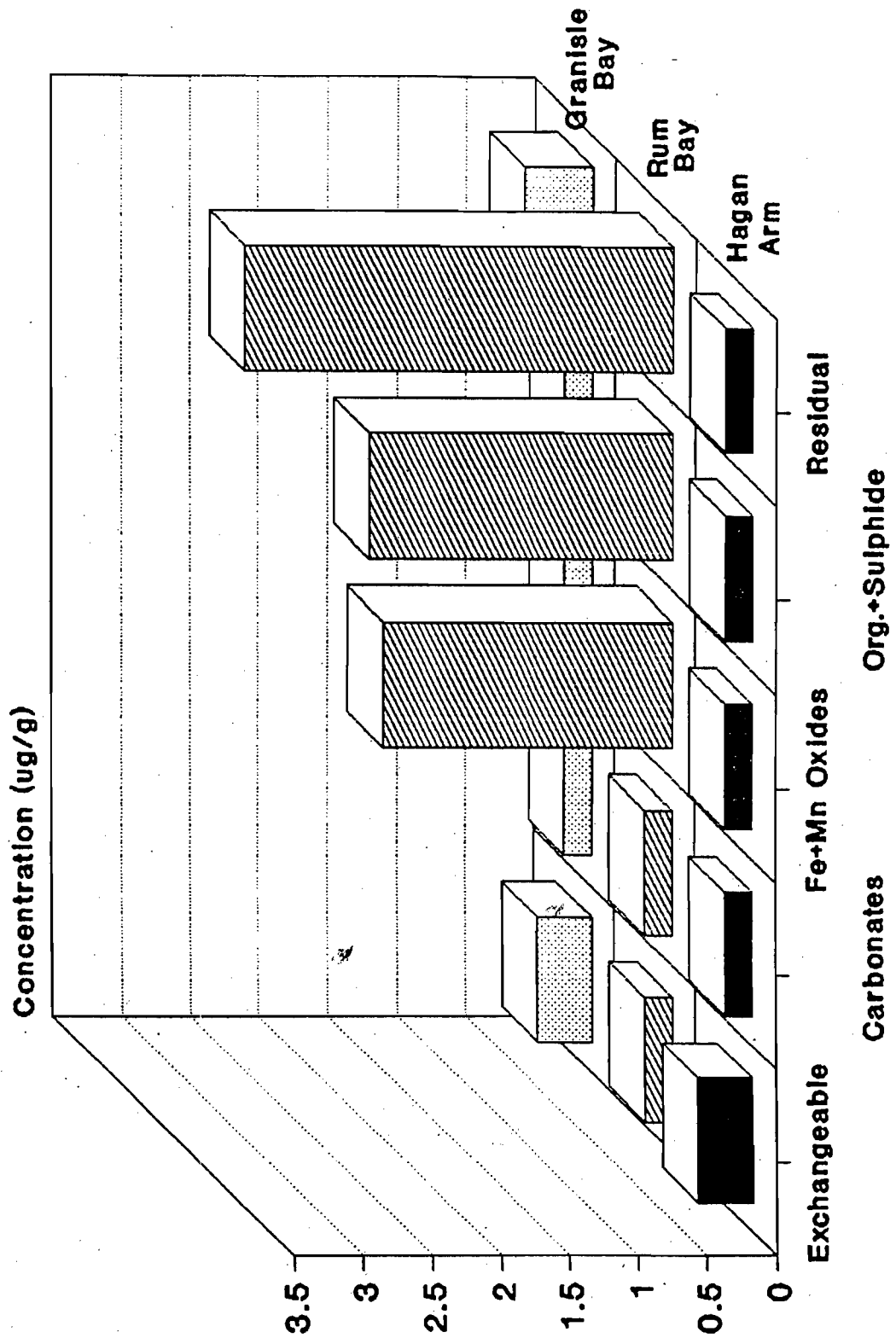
**TABLE 9: SEQUENTIAL EXTRACTION - STATION 11, GRANISLE BAY - JUNE 21, 1990
(8 metres deep)**

Metals (µg/g)	Exchange- able	Carbonates	Fe+Mn Oxide	Organic & Sulphides	Residual	Total
Ag	<0.4	<0.4	<0.4	<0.4	<2	<2
Al	450	1960	6530	5790	25300	40000
As	<2	<2	<2	9.5	NIL	<8
Ba	11.5	5.68	14.5	72.3	180	284
Be	0.06	0.1	0.63	0.1	0.11	1
Ca	557	73	150	860	1230	2870
Cd	0.4	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.5	0.9
Co	<4	<4	<4	<4	<20	<20
Cr	0.2	1.1	7.63	5.51	24.8	39
Cu	111	108	36.1	860	<365	1410
Fe	134	233	10600	7980	24500	43400
K	<80	<80	<80	<80	1800	1800
Mn	21.8	1.9	20.5	27.6	165	237
Mo	<0.4	<0.4	0.9	3	NIL	<2
Ni	2	<0.8	2	2	20	26
P	7	10	260	1930	123	2330
Pb	<2	<2	<2	2	<6	<8
Sb	<2	<2	<2	<2	<8	<8
Sn	<2	<2	<2	<2	<8	<8
Sr	4.39	1	2.7	10.3	24.6	43
Ti	<0.08	<0.08	<0.08	31.3	472	503
V	<0.4	<0.4	4.3	5.3	43.4	53
Zn	90.3	14	28.1	15	105	252

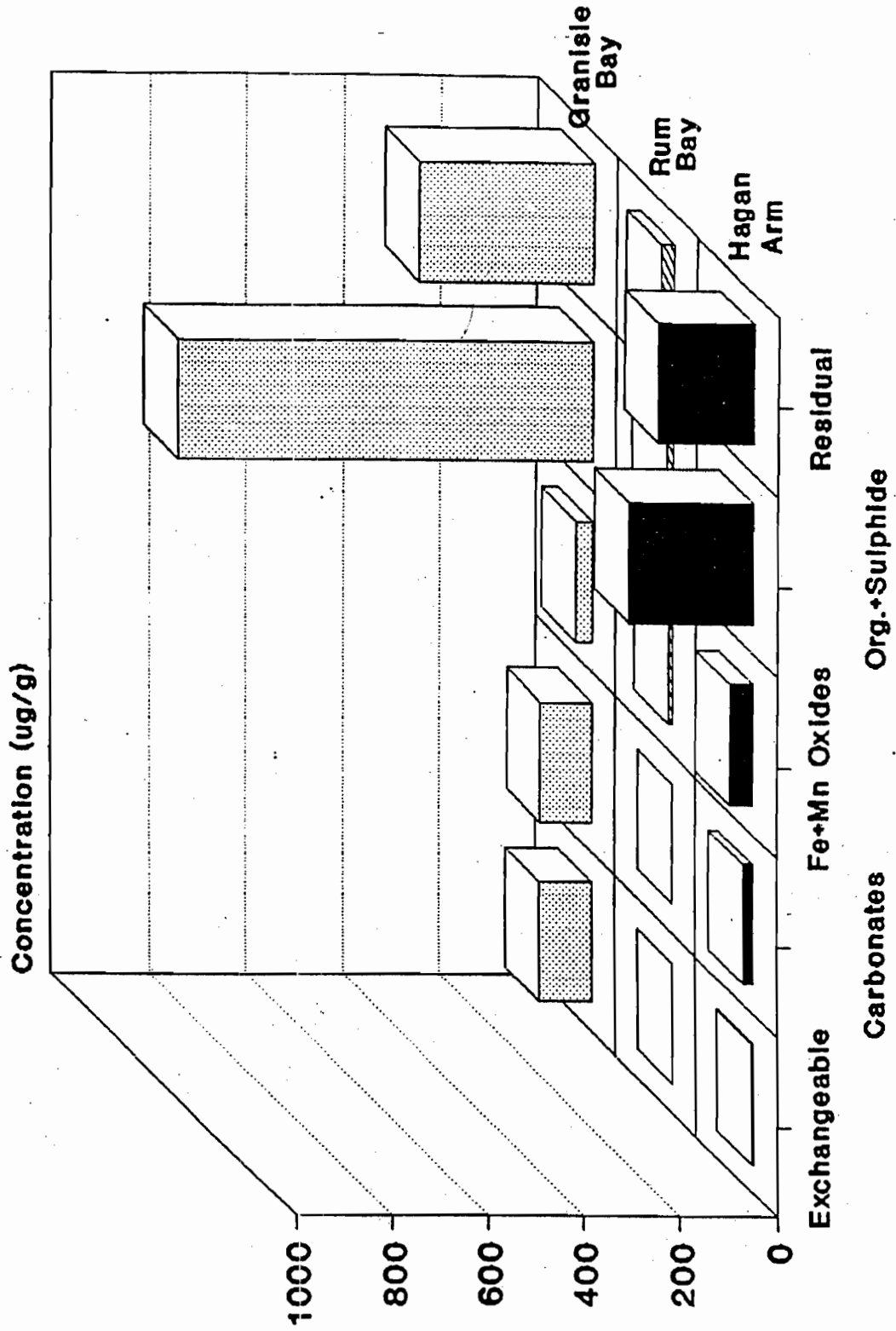
**FIGURE 4: SEQUENTIAL EXTRACTION
- ARSENIC - June 1990**



**FIGURE 5: SEQUENTIAL EXTRACTION
- CADMIUM - June 1990**



**FIGURE 6: SEQUENTIAL EXTRACTION
- COPPER - June 1990**



**FIGURE 7: SEQUENTIAL EXTRACTION
- ZINC - June 1990**

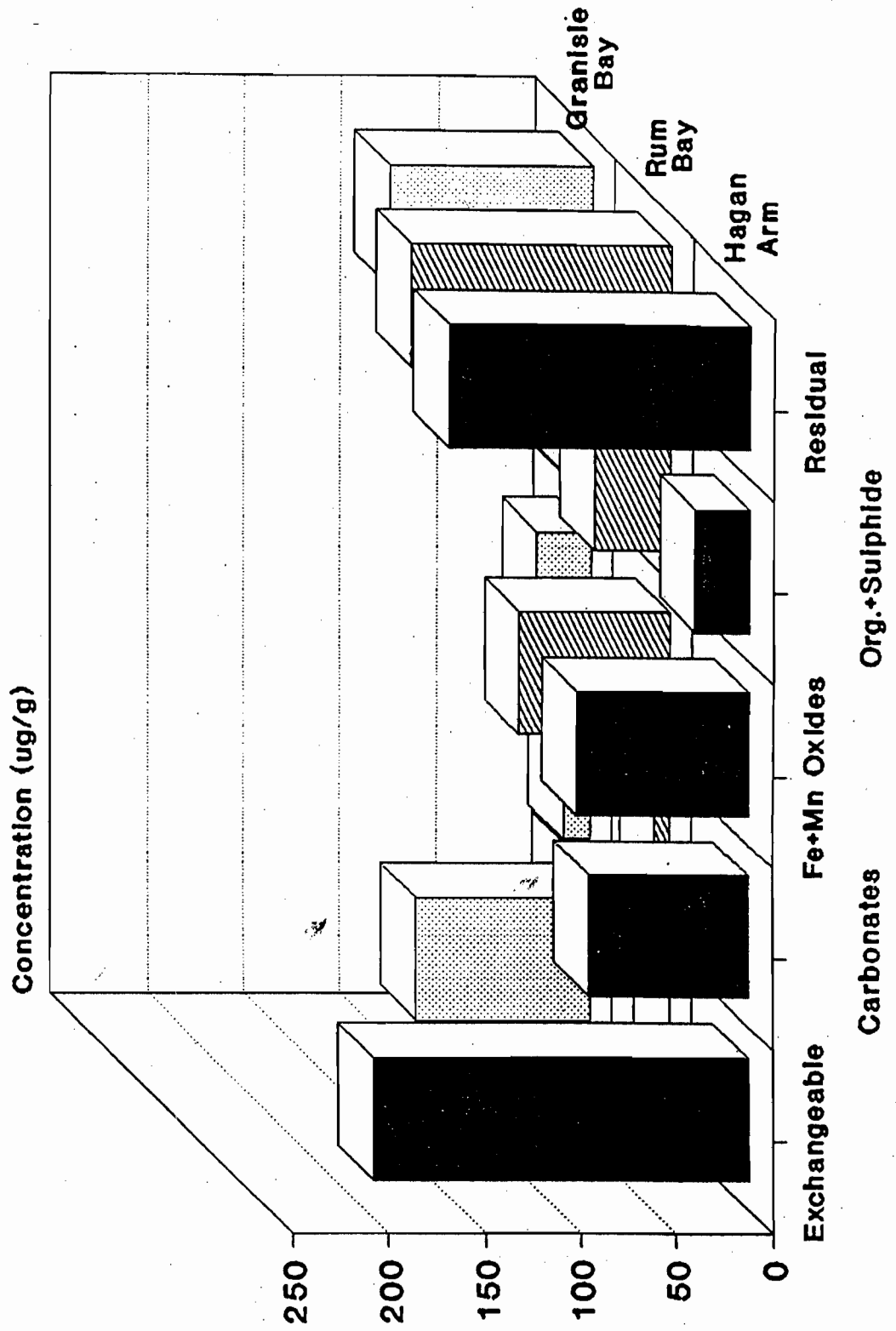


TABLE 10: Chironomus tentans SEDIMENT BIOASSAY RESULTS - BABINE LAKE - JUNE 19-22, 1990

STATION	RESULT
1	TOXIC
2	TOXIC
3	TOXIC
4	NON TOXIC
9	NON TOXIC
10	NON TOXIC
11	ACUTELY TOXIC
12	NON TOXIC

4.4 Benthic Invertebrates

The relative density of organisms (454 to 1172 organisms/m²) did not show the same range of value from the previous study (Hatfield, 1989) where the density values varied from 19 to 2717 organisms/m² (Table 11).

The species list between the two studies differs substantially. Nine chironomidae, nine oligochaete, and three tricoptera species were identified only in the Hatfield study while five different chironomidae and one tricoptera species were identified in this study. Ephemeroptera, amphipoda, nematoda, lepidoptera, coelenterata, and coleoptera were identified only in the Hatfield study. This difference could be due to the sampling time since Hatfield performed their study in September while our study was performed June 19-22. Also, the selection of sampling sites influenced the species list since no sampling was performed on the east shore of Newman Peninsula. Benthic invertebrate samples were collected in triplicate by Hatfield while only one grab sample was analysed in our study. More replicates augments the chance of encountering a higher number of species. Other differences between the studies may have been due to different sampling time and mesh size.

Diversity indices were lower (0.73 to 1.15) in this survey compared to Hatfield (0.88 to 3.69). Evenness was more consistent with a range of 0.77 to 0.92, compared to 0.34 to 0.92 for the Hatfield survey. Richness in this study was higher with a range of value from 1.9 to 4.6 compared to 0.69 to 2.66.

TABLE 11: BENTHIC INVERTEBRATES - BABINE LAKE - JUNE 19-22, 1990

	Sta. 5	Sta. 6	Sta. 7	Sta. 8	Sta. 9	Sta. 10	Sta. 11	Sta. 12
<u>PLANKTONIC ORGANISMS</u>								
<u>Calanoida</u>								
Diaptomidae juv.							2	
Epischura nevadensis		7					7	1
Calanoida, juv, unid.		1				1	20	
<u>Cladocera</u>								
Daphnia rosea	2		11	5	10	1		2
Daphnia ambigua								9
Bosmina longirostris		7	2	1	4		8	2
Eurycercus lamellatus	1							
(Allona sp.?) dam.	1							
<u>EPIBENTHIC ORGANISMS</u>								
<u>Cyclopoida</u>								
(Cyclops exilis?) (range)	2	3		1				3
Cyclopoida juv.	1						7	
<u>Harpacticoida</u>								
				1		3		
<u>Trichoptera</u>								
Triaenodes sp.					2			
<u>Hydracarina</u>								
Forelia sp.							1	
Neumania sp.	1		1					
Kerendowskia sp.	1	1						
Arrenurius sp.				1				
Unid. dam.							1	
<u>BENTHIC ORGANISMS</u>								
<u>Megaloptera</u>								
Sialis sp.				1				
<u>Oligochaeta</u>								
Tubificidae, juv.	1	1		2	6	1		1
Ostracoda	2							

TABLE 11 (Cont.): BENTHIC INVERTEBRATES - BABINE LAKE - JUNE 19-22, 1990

	Sta. 5	Sta. 6	Sta. 7	Sta. 8	Sta. 9	Sta. 10	Sta. 11	Sta. 12
<u>Diptera</u>								
<u>Ceratopogonidae</u>								
Palpomyia sp.			1			1		1
Empididae pupae				2				
Chironomidae pupae	2		1	3	2	1		
Cladopelma sp.				1				
Phycoidella sp.				1				
Chironomus sp.				8				3
Phaenopsectra sp.	8							1
Procladius sp.	1			6	2	3		2
Micropsectra sp.						1		
Natarsia sp.						1		
Microtendipes sp.						1		1
Monodiamesa sp.	2	1			2			3
Rheotanytarsus sp.	2			3	4			9
Cardiocladius sp.	8	2	4					1
Polypedilum (Polypedilum) sp.			1	1				1
Eukiefferiella sp.	1			2				2
Constempelina sp.								4
Paracladius sp.	2							
Unid. dam.				1			1	
<u>Bivalvia</u>								
Pisidium (ferrugineum)				2		4		
Sphaerium (nitidum)	13	2	3	5		7		5
<u>Gastropoda</u>								
Valvata sincera		2		2				
<hr/>								
TOTAL # OF ORGANISMS	25	32	42	51	24	27	62	47
DENSITY (#/m ²)	473	605	794	964	454	510	1172	888
NUMBER OF TAXA	12	8	8	18	8	10	20	18
<hr/>								
DIVERSITY	0.95	0.82	0.73	1.12	0.72	0.87	1.00	1.15
EVENNESS	0.88	0.91	0.81	0.89	0.80	0.87	0.77	0.92
RICHNESS	3.4	2.1	1.9	4.3	2.2	2.7	4.6	4.4

5.0 CONCLUSIONS

The sediment analysis, as demonstrated by the surface and core profile, indicated that copper contamination could be detected in Rum Bay and Hagan Arm. However, copper concentrations from the exchangeable fraction of the sediment extraction were below the detection limit in the Rum Bay sample. Chronic toxic effects, expressed by the Chironomus tentans emergence test, were demonstrated for the deep sub-basins (Station 1, 2, and 3) as well as for Station 11 which is downstream of an AMD seepage to the lake. The benthic invertebrate species list was smaller than a previous survey conducted by Hatfield Consultants for Noranda. This may be a result of the reduced replication in our survey as well as a different sampling period and mesh size.

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