

**Skeena Sockeye In-river Run Reconstruction Analysis Model
and
Analysis Results for 1982-2009**

Prepared for:

Pacific Salmon Foundation

Prepared by:

Karl K. English, Cameron Noble, Anita C. Blakley

with substantial assistance from

William J. Gazey and Steve Cox-Rogers

LGL Limited
environmental research associates
9768 Second Street
Sidney, BC, V8L 3Y8



TABLE OF CONTENTS

LIST OF TABLES i

LIST OF FIGURES i

LIST OF APPENDICES i

INTRODUCTION 2

 Analysis Objectives 2

DATA SOURCES AND PREPARATION 2

 Sockeye Stocks and Stock Aggregates 2

 Fishery Definitions..... 3

 Escapement and Entering Run Size 3

 Run Timing 3

 Fishery Residence Time..... 4

 Catch 4

 Fishing Patterns..... 5

RUN RECONSTRUCTION MODEL 5

 Model Assumptions 6

 Model Structure 6

RESULTS 7

DISCUSSION 8

LITERATURE CITED 9

LIST OF TABLES

Table 1.	Fisheries, stocks and estimated residence time in days for the Skeena sockeye in-river run reconstruction analyses.	11
Table 2.	Model input spawning escapement estimates for each sub-stock of Skeena sockeye salmon 1982-2010, where the estimates for Babine sub-stocks are prior to removals in fisheries at or above the Babine fence.	12
Table 3.	Run-timing parameters used for each Skeena sockeye sub-stock group.....	13
Table 4.	Initial annual estimates of the harvest of Skeena River sockeye by First Nations in FSC fisheries, 1982-2009.....	14
Table 5.	Revised annual estimates of the harvest of Skeena River sockeye by First Nations in FSC fisheries, 1982-2009.....	15
Table 6.	Annual estimates of the harvest of Skeena River sockeye by First Nations in ESSR and in-land “Demonstration” fisheries, 1993-2009.....	16
Table 7.	Harvest rate estimates for each Skeena sockeye sub-stock group in First Nation fisheries conducted in and adjacent to the Skeena watershed, 1982-2009.	17

LIST OF FIGURES

Figure 1.	Estimated Tye daily abundance, stock composition and run-timing curves for Skeena sockeye stocks in 2006 (late run-timing year).	18
Figure 2.	Estimated Tye daily abundance, stock composition and run-timing curves for Skeena sockeye stocks in 2007 (average run-timing year).....	19
Figure 3.	Estimated Tye daily abundance, stock composition and run-timing curves for Skeena sockeye stocks in 2008 (early run-timing year).	20

LIST OF APPENDICES

Appendix A - Summary of catch and escapement results for 1982-2009

Appendix B - Skeena Sockeye In-River Model Visual Basic Code

INTRODUCTION

The Fraser, Skeena and Nass watersheds are the three largest sockeye producing watersheds in British Columbia. Exploitation rate estimates for the Nass and Skeena Sockeye stock aggregates are estimated annually using the Northern Boundary Sockeye Run Reconstruction (NBSRR) Model (English et al. 2004; 2005; Alexander et al. 2010). English et al. (2012) provided estimates of marine exploitation rates for each Nass and Skeena sockeye Conservation Unit (CU) using estimates of the migration timing for each CU. These analyses have not included the details on the location and timing of in-river fisheries needed to estimate harvests for the various sockeye CUs or sub-stocks within each watershed. In some years, in-river harvest account for a large portion of the Canadian harvest of sockeye returning to these rivers. Run reconstruction analyses have been used to estimate CU-specific harvest rates for in-river fisheries targeting Fraser Chinook and sockeye salmon (English et al. 2007; Noble 2011). This report provides a brief outline of a Skeena Sockeye In-River (SSIR) run reconstruction model built to combine information on run timing and escapements for Skeena sockeye sub-stocks with catch estimates for each sockeye fishery within the Skeena watershed. The model is similar to those developed for the Fraser River sockeye fisheries within the Fraser watershed except that the Skeena model moves fish forward (upstream) through the fisheries and subtracts sockeye catches from estimates of the number of sockeye entering the Skeena River each day. The Fraser Chinook and sockeye models reconstruct the runs entering the Fraser River by adding catches to daily estimates of escapement for each sub-stock (English et al. 2007; Noble 2011).

Analysis Objectives

Estimates of in-river harvest by sub-stock are needed to be combined with those for marine fisheries to estimate total exploitation rates for Skeena sockeye. The SSIR model provides a systematic process for combining information on catch, fishery timing, stock-specific migration rates through fisheries escapement and river entry run timing by sub-stock. The results from these run reconstruction analyses will be combined with the marine harvest rates from NBSRR model to provide estimates of the total exploitation rate for each Skeena sockeye sub-stock and the biological basis for the forward looking model needed to evaluate alternative fisheries and fisheries management options for Skeena sockeye sub-stocks.

DATA SOURCES AND PREPARATION

Sockeye Stocks and Stock Aggregates

The model has the capacity to accommodate details for as many sockeye sub-stocks or run-timing groups as can be defined using the available data and combine these stocks into any number of management groups. Initial analyses of available run-timing data resulted in the definition of 20 sub-stocks for the Skeena watershed (English et al. 2012). Each of these sub-stock groups contains one or more of the Conservation Units (CUs) defined in Holtby and Ciruna (2007). Where the run-timing and geographic location of the spawning area is not different for two or more CUs, these CUs were combined into a single sub-stock group. The “+” at the end of a sub-stock name is used to indicate that more than one CU is associated with that sub-stock group (Table 1). The only exception in the Zymoetz sub-stock which does not have a “+” but includes three CUs (Mcdonell, Aldrich, Dennis). It should also be noted that the Babine Lake CU has been sub-divided into 5 sub-stock groups based on run-timing and level of enhancement. The two enhanced streams with major spawning channel (Pinkut and Fulton) have slightly different run-timing than the three wild Babine run-timing groups (Table 1).

Fishery Definitions

The SSIR model includes two types of fisheries (FSC and ESSR) and 12 fishing areas: 3 Tsimshian fishery strata in the lower Skeena and 9 fishing areas used by other Skeena First Nations above Fiddler Creek (Table 1). All of the fisheries on the Skeena River (mainstem) harvest multiple stocks and stock composition estimates are not available for these fisheries. Consequently, run reconstruction analysis is required to distribute the reported weekly catches between the stocks vulnerable to each fishery. Some FSC and most ESSR fisheries occur in locations where only a single stock is affected. The harvest rate estimates for these fisheries were computed by dividing the catch by the sum of the annual catch and escapement for these stocks.

Escapement and Entering Run Size

Annual escapement estimates for each Skeena sockeye CU were combined with daily Tye test fishery data and stock-specific run timing parameters to produce estimates of daily escapement past the Tye test fishery for each CU. Annual estimates of spawning escapement for the 20 Skeena CU-run timing groups were derived from three sources: 1) nuSEDS data for 11 non-Babine sockeye stock groups; 2) DFO Prince Rupert historical databases for the 5 Babine sockeye stock groups (Cox-Rogers, DFO, pers. comm.); and 3) assumed fixed values for the remaining 4 non-Babine sockeye stock groups without escapement monitoring programs. Each of the non-Babine sockeye stocks had one or more years of missing escapement estimates and these were filled in by using the average of the estimates for adjacent years or interpolating between the available estimates. The filled in values are highlighted in yellow in Table 2. Escapement estimates for the enhanced Pinkut and Fulton sub-stocks included escapements surplus to the spawning channel capacities. The annual escapement estimates for sub-stocks with terminal fisheries (i.e. Pinkut, Fulton, Sustut and Bulkley-Morice) were increased to account for catches in these terminal fisheries prior to determining the portions that each sub-stock proportions represents of the total return of Skeena sockeye in a given year. These sub-stock proportions were combined with annual estimates of the total sockeye abundance passing Tye and run-timing parameters derived from analysis of 2000-10 Tye DNA samples (Cox-Rogers, DFO Rupert, pers. comm.) to compute the daily abundance passing Tye for each sub-stock.

Run Timing

Estimates of river entry timing for 20 sub-stocks of Skeena sockeye were obtained from information reported in a memorandum entitled “SKEENA SOCKEYE SUB-STOCK RUN-TIMING AND ABUNDANCE EVALUATED USING TYEE TEST FISHERY DNA: 2000-2010” prepared by Steve Cox-Rogers dated 23 February 2012. The relative timing for each sub-stock was used to determine the offset difference between the average annual timing for all Skeena sockeye and that for a specific sub-stock. For example: Lakelse sockeye were estimated to have a timing 3 weeks earlier than the median timing for Skeena sockeye, therefore, the offset parameter was set at -21 days for Lakelse sockeye. The duration of the run for each sub-stock was also derived from the 2000-2010 DNA stock composition estimates. The parameter used to define the duration was the standard deviation (SD) measured in number of days. Table 3 provides the offset and SD parameters for each sub-stock. The run timing curve for each sub-stock was defined by a normal curve where the mid-point was defined by combining the stock-specific offset with the median date of sockeye migration past the Tye test fishery and the start and end points for each timing curve were 3 SD units each side of the mid-point. Therefore, the SD of 13.3 d for Lakelse sockeye results in a total duration of 80 days for this stock. For our initial analysis we used the same offset and SD parameters for each year except 2006, when the duration of the run (SD) for the two large enhanced stocks (Pinkut and Fulton) was increased from 14 to 17.5 days (total duration increased from 84 to 105 days) in order to reflect the notably longer duration of the Skeena sockeye run observed in 2006.

Fishery Residence Time

Residency time was defined as the number of days (to the nearest day) a stock resides within the boundaries of a single fishery. These residence times were derived from historical tagging studies, the differences between peak abundances estimated at Tyee and the Babine fence, and information on the size (river kms) and location of each fishery (English et al. 1985, Steve Cox-Rogers, pers. comm.).

Catch

Estimates of annual harvest by Skeena River First Nations for each fishery location and type from 1982-2009 were initially obtained from DFO records (Table 4, Steve Cox-Rogers, pers. comm.). Estimates of the annual harvests were available for most FSC fisheries from 1996-2009. FSC catch estimates were not available for two FSC fisheries (Kitsegass and Sustut) prior to 1993 and catch estimates for Tsimshian fisheries in the Coastal to Kasiks stratum were substantial underestimates from 2003-09. There were also notable missing FSC estimates for a large portion of the Tsimshian fisheries in 1992 and 2001, Lake Babine FN fisheries in 1987 and the Bulkley River (Wet'suwet'en) fisheries in 1984 and 1990. There were concerns regarding the accuracy of the FSC estimates for the Kitsumkalum fishing area (Kasik-Terrace), the distribution of the GWWA catch between the mainstem Skeena fisheries above and below Hazelton, and FSC catch estimates for fisheries above the Babine fence. All of these issues, except the missing catch estimates for Kitsegass and Sustut fisheries, were addressed using the best available data from a variety of sources. The shaded cells in Table 5 identify all the FSC catch estimates that were adjusted. The footnotes for Table 5 (expanded below) describe how these adjustments were made:

1. Coastal to Kasiks catches for 2001 and 2003-09 were estimated by multiplying the adjusted total FSC catch by the average portion (24.7%) that Coastal to Kasiks catches represented of the reported catch for 1996-09.
2. Kasiks to Terrace (Kalum fishery) catches were expanded by 1.96 for all years except 1993 and 2009. This expansion factor was derived by comparing the Kalum catch numbers derived from Kalum fishing permits (the usual catch reporting method) with those derived from the more rigorous catch monitoring efforts conducted in 2007 and 2008 as part of a Treaty Related Measures (TRM) project.
3. Catch estimates for Fiddler to Hazelton and Hazelton to Lower Babine for 2000-09 were derived from tables provided by the Skeena Fisheries Commission (SFC). The average portion that the Fiddler to Hazelton catch represented of the total catch for these two strata (48%) was applied to the annual totals for these fisheries to derive the catch estimates for these two fisheries for each year from 1982-1999.
4. Previous catch estimates for the 1984-92 FSC fisheries above the Babine fence were replaced with values derived from Babine stock assessment tables provided by Steve Cox-Rogers.
5. Missing catch estimates for the Bulkley-Morice fishery in 1984 and 1990 were estimated using the average of the catch in adjacent years.
6. The total SFC catch for 2001 and 2003-09 needed to calculate the catch for the Coastal to Kaskis stratum was estimated by expanding the total reported catch for fisheries above Kaskis by 1.328 (i.e. 1/0.753) because, on average, fisheries above Kasiks represented 75.3% of the total FSC harvest of Skeena sockeye.

Catch estimates from ESSR commercial fisheries were first conducted on the Skeena River in 1993. These fisheries are only permitted at specific locations within the Skeena watershed when managers determine that Escapements Surplus to Spawning Requirements (ESSR) can be harvested for some Skeena sockeye stocks. In recent years, additional commercial fishing opportunities have been provided to Skeena River First Nations through the transfer of sockeye allocations for Area 4 seine and gillnet licences to in-land "demonstration" fisheries. From 1993-2009, there have been 10 years when ESSR

and/or demonstration fisheries have been conducted within the Skeena watershed and total harvests in these fisheries have ranged from 13,700 to over 780,000 sockeye (Table 6).

The breakdown of these annual harvest estimates to weekly harvests was not available for most fisheries, so the available annual harvest estimates were prorated to weekly harvest estimates using the year-specific estimates of the number of sockeye passing Tyee each week adjusted for the time required for sockeye to migrate from Tyee to each fishery. Ideally, these initial estimates of weekly catch will be replaced with the best available estimates from Skeena First Nations. If weekly estimates are not available of some in-river fisheries, additional information on the timing and duration of these fisheries could be used to improve the estimate of weekly catches. Adjustments to the timing of FSC harvests are not expected to have a significant impact on the harvest rate estimates because of the small relative magnitude and protracted nature of these fisheries. The timing of the more substantial ESSR fisheries along the Skeena mainstem from Fiddler Creek to the Babine fence could have a significant impact on harvest rates for sockeye stocks migrating through these fisheries.

Fishing Patterns

Detailed information on fishing patterns (number of fishing days per week) for Skeena First Nation fisheries have not been obtained so the SSIR model currently runs on the assumption that weekly First Nation catches are distributed equally across all days in a week.

RUN RECONSTRUCTION MODEL

The theoretical basis of run reconstruction analysis for salmon stocks and fisheries are described in Starr and Hilborn (1988), Cave and Gazey (1994), Gazey and English (2000) and English et al. (2007). The SSIR model uses similar algorithms as those described in the 2007 PSARC approved run reconstruction model for Fraser Chinook (English et al. 2007). The sequential steps in the run reconstruction are described below:

1. read all catch, escapement, run-timing parameters and total daily abundance estimates derived from Tyee test fishery data;
2. estimate the daily escapement past the Tyee test fishery for each sub-stock;
3. starting with the first fishery in the lower Skeena, assign portions of the weekly catch to each sub-stock present in the fishery using the estimated constant daily harvest rate for all days in a week based on the assumption of equal vulnerability for all sub-stocks present during the week;
4. subtract the catch for each stock from the abundance of that stock that entered the fishery;
5. repeat steps 3 and 4 for each fishery moving upstream along the Skeena mainstem and into the tributaries;
6. total the catch and escapement estimates for each sub-stock and calculate annual estimates for the in-river harvest rates for each sockeye sub-stock and management group.

The model control worksheet has locations where the user can define the start and end years for the analysis and input files to be used for the run reconstruction analyses.

A more mathematically rigorous description of the above methods can be found in English et al. (2007).

Model Assumptions

The assumptions associated with the SSIR run reconstruction analyses model include:

- a. The sockeye sub-stocks included in the models adequately represent the run timing and total escapement for Skeena sockeye;
- b. The daily sockeye CPUE estimates from Tyee test fishery provides a reliable indication of the relative abundance sockeye entering the Skeena River;
- c. The escapement estimates and run-timing parameters available for Skeena sub-stocks can be used with the assumption of normal distributions for each stock to derive daily stock composition estimates for the run at Tyee;
- d. The fisheries and catch data included in the model adequately represent the timing and location of fisheries that harvest sockeye within the Skeena watershed; and
- e. All stocks are equally vulnerable to harvesting when present in a fishery, such that harvests of a stock are proportional to the relative abundance of that stock in that fishery during the fishing period.

Model Structure

In order to expedite these run reconstruction analyses, we have used a model structure that is very similar to that used for the Fraser Chinook run reconstruction model (i.e. a MS Excel model prepared using the Visual Basic programming language). The model contains a series of sub-routines and function calls to read input data from MS Excel worksheets, conduct the analyses and output results to MS Excel files.

The model includes the following sub-routines and functions:

Sub Reconstruction() - main program where all other sub-routines are called.

Sub Init() – reads the year range and input file names from the “Control” worksheet, opens the input files, creates the output files and writes the initial column headings into each output file.

Sub Read_Catch() – reads the weekly catch data for each FSC and ESSR fishery for the range of years included in the analysis.

Sub FishResSpawn() – reads the fishery residence times for each stock and determines the cumulative number of days between each fishery and the escapement area for each stock.

Sub Calc_Escape() – calculates the daily escapement for each stock for a specific year.

Sub Reconstruct() - conducts the run reconstruction analysis working backward through the fisheries building on the daily escapement estimates.

Function CalcHarvestRate() - calculates the weekly harvest rate for a given fishery based on the size of the reported catch, number of fishing days per week and the number of sockeye that escaped from that fishery.

Function gfs() – calculates the weekly catch for a given harvest rate. This function is used in the bisection algorithm to determine the weekly harvest rate that would result in the reported catch.

Sub OutputData() – writes the run reconstruction results to the various output files defined below.

Model output file name and description:

Catch.xls	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Annual total catch by stock group (Babine and non-Babine), annual FSC catch by stock group and by stock, annual ESSR catch by stock group and stock.
FisheryHR.xls	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Daily HR by fishery, week and year (separate worksheet for each year) computed to derive the weekly catch estimates for each stock.
WeeklyHR.xls	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Mean estimated daily HR by fishery, week and year. These estimates are identical to those in FisheryHR.xls when fisheries are open 7 days a week.
ExploitRate.xls	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Annual exploitation rates by stock group and by stock for each year
Reconstruction.xls	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Annual summary of catch, for each stock and fishery (worksheet for each year).
Escape.xls	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Annual escapement at spawning grounds by stock group and stock.
Unexplained.xls	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Unexplained catch (not reconstructed) by fishery, week and year.

The internally documented source code for the current version of the SSIR model is provided in Appendix B.

RESULTS

Figures 1-3 provide a sample of the run-timing and abundance of sockeye passing the Tyee test fishery in the lower Skeena River for 2006-08. These figures also show the normally distributed run-timing curves for each of the major sub-stock groups and the resulting breakdown of the total Tyee abundance for each of the major sub-stocks. These years were selected because 2006 is an example of one of the latest run-timing years, 2007 run-timing is close to the multi-year mean and 2008 is one of the earliest run-timing years. As indicated above, 2006 was the only year where we increased the duration of two sub-stocks (Pinkut and Fulton) to reflect the protracted nature of the sockeye return in that year and ensure that the stock composition estimates for Tyee were consistent with the best available escapement estimates.

These figures clearly show the substantial overlap in the run-timing and long durations estimated for most Skeena sockeye stocks. These long durations are likely the result of having to use multiple years of DNA samples to obtain an adequate sample size for the relatively small non-Babine sockeye stocks. Steve Cox-Rogers 23 February 2012 memorandum included the following conclusion:

“The estimated peak dates of run entry for most Skeena sockeye sub-stocks, based on updated 2000-2010 DNA analysis, are not substantially different from past tagging assessments and the peak dates currently being used to assess stock impacts. The DNA data does suggest slightly wider “spreads” about the peaks for most stocks than currently assumed, and some apparent skewness/bi-modal variability to the timings may not be appropriately captured with the current practice of fitting normal curve approximations to the data. However, it is not clear how much of the shape variation is real or simply an artefact of sample size issues given the small number of DNA samples actually analyzed for some stocks in certain weeks (e.g. the tails of the test fishery). This, coupled with the fact that many non-Babine stocks are present in small proportions at Tyee in the first place, means the derived timings for the larger stocks are probably ok, but will always be uncertain for the smaller ones.”

While it is likely that the run duration for a single year would be shorter than the duration derived from samples collected over multiple years, the harvest rate estimates derived from these longer run durations will be less sensitive to uncertainties in the run and harvest timing for a given year. In the absence of more reliable year specific data on run-timing and duration, a conservative approach for estimating harvest rates for in-river fisheries is to use these longer durations.

Two model inputs that are critical for deriving reliable estimates of in-river harvest rates are catch estimates for all major fisheries and relative escapement estimates for each sub-stock. Our initial analyses revealed several deficiencies in the available catch and escapement estimates that have been specifically addressed for this report. Additional information on sockeye harvests from Tsimshian fisheries managers, SFC and DFO has been used to fill gaps and errors in the time-series of catch estimates for each of the major FSC sockeye fisheries (Table 5). The likely underestimation of escapements to the Bulkley-Morice watershed prior to 1989 has been flagged as an issue that still needs to be addressed. These escapement estimates have resulted in substantial overestimates of the harvest rates for the Moricetown fishery for 1982-1988 (Table 7). For all other sockeye stocks, the SSIR model has produced time-series of in-river harvest rates that are consistent with all the available data on the magnitude and location of fisheries and run-timing and geographic distribution of the sockeye sub-stocks. For example: in 2000 when ESSR fisheries were permitted to target surplus escapements for enhanced Babine stocks, in-river harvest rates were 43-45% for Pinkut and Fulton, 20-31% for the three run-timing groups of wild Babine sockeye, 23-27% for upper Skeena sockeye stocks and 1-5% for the early run lower Skeena sockeye stocks (Table 7). In years without ESSR fisheries (e.g. 2002 and 2005), in-river harvest rates are similar (16-23%) for all Babine sockeye sub-stocks, 14-17% for upper Skeena stocks and 2-7% for lower Skeena stocks. The two lower Skeena stocks with notably shorter durations and least overlap with the Babine enhanced stocks are Lakelse and Zymoetz. The in-river harvest rates for these stocks were estimated to be 2-5% for most years.

DISCUSSION

Increasing levels of harvest in fisheries within the Skeena watershed have made these fisheries a significant component of the annual exploitation rates for many Skeena sockeye CUs. The location of stocks and fisheries within the watershed can result in harvest rates that differ substantially between the various sockeye CUs. In general, the harvest rates tend to be larger for the Babine sub-stocks because of the additional fisheries within the Babine watershed that target the surplus returns to the enhanced stocks. However, the highest harvest rates estimated for Skeena sockeye CUs were for the Bulkley/Morice CUs prior to 1989 and the Sustut CU after 2004. The bulk of the in-river harvest for these CUs occurred in terminal fisheries within the Bulkley or Sustut watersheds. The unusually high harvest rates estimated for sockeye in the 1982-88 Bulkley River fisheries has been cause for concern that the catch estimates, escapement estimates or both may be unreliable for this period. Sustut was the only other sockeye CU with unusually high harvest rates. The Sustut escapement estimates were derived from fence counts and are believed to be very reliable. The catch numbers are also believed to be reliable. Given the location of the fishery and relatively small returns in most since 2005, harvest rates estimates in the 50-75% range for in-river fisheries are not unrealistic. The Babine enhanced stocks are the only other Skeena sockeye stocks with in-river harvest rates above 35% and these high harvest rates only occur in years when major ESSR fisheries are conducted in Babine Lake near the Pinkut and Fulton spawning channels.

LITERATURE CITED

- Alexander, R., K.K. English, D. Peacock, and G. Oliver. 2010. Assessment of the Canadian and Alaskan Sockeye Stocks harvested in the northern boundary fisheries using run reconstruction techniques, 2004-08. Draft report for Pacific Salmon Comm. Northern Boundary Technical Committee.
- Cave J. and W.J. Gazey. 1994. A simulation model for fisheries on Fraser River sockeye salmon. *J. Fish. and Aquat. Sci.* 51:1535-1549.
- Cox-Rogers, S. 2012. Skeena sockeye sub-stock run-timing and abundance evaluated using Tye test fishery DNA: 2000-2010. Fisheries and Oceans Canada Memorandum dated 23 February 2012. 23 p.
- English, K.K., T. Mochizuki and D, Robichaud. 2012. Review of North and Central Coast Salmon Indicator Streams and Estimating Escapement, Catch and Run Size for each Salmon Conservation Unit. Report for Pacific Salmon Foundation and Fisheries and Oceans, Canada. 68 p.
- English, K.K., R. E. Bailey, and D. Robichaud. 2007. Assessment of Chinook returns to the Fraser River watershed using run reconstruction techniques, 1982-04. Canadian Science Advisory Secretariat, Research Document 2007/020. 76 p.
- English, K.K., R. Alexander, D. Peacock, and G. Oliver. 2005. Assessment of the Canadian and Alaskan Sockeye Stocks harvested in the northern boundary fisheries using run reconstruction techniques, 2002-03. Prepared for Pacific Salmon Comm. Northern Boundary Technical Committee. 59 p.
- English, K.K., W. J. Gazey, D. Peacock, and G. Oliver. 2004. Assessment of the Canadian and Alaskan Sockeye Stocks harvested in the northern boundary fisheries using run reconstruction techniques, 1982-2001. Pacific Salmon Comm. Tech. Rep. No. 13:93 p.
- English, K.K., D. Hall, and J.A. Taylor. 1985. The North Coast Salmon Tagging Project. Management information introductory volume, guide to figures and tables. 38 p.
Volume A, 1982 Sockeye Salmon, 105 p.
Volume B, 1982 Pink Salmon, 111 p.
Volume C, 1983 Sockeye Salmon, 129 p.
Volume D, 1984 Pink Salmon, 131 p.
Unpublished report by LGL Limited for Fisheries and Oceans, Canada.
- Gazey, W.J. 2009. Interception of Skeena River Sockeye salmon stocks in northern boundary marine fisheries. Report for Skeena Wild Conservation Trust, Terrace, BC. 43 p.
- Gazey, W.J., and K.K. English. 2000. Assessment of sockeye and pink salmon stocks in the northern boundary area using run reconstruction techniques, 1982-95. Can. Tech. Report Fish. Aquat. Sci. No. 2320. 132 p.

- Noble, C. 2011. Assessing the performance of an in-river backward run reconstruction of Fraser River sockeye under biological uncertainty. MRM Thesis. Simon Fraser University. 53 p.
- Starr, P. and R. Hilborn. 1988. Reconstruction of harvest rates and stock contribution in gauntlet salmon fisheries: application to British Columbia and Washington sockeye (*Oncorhynchus nerka*). Can J. Fish. Aquat. Sci 45: 2216-2229.

Table 1. Fisheries, stocks and estimated residence time in days for the Skeena sockeye in-river run reconstruction analyses.

Stocks (Geographic CUs)	Short Name	Order	Aggregate	Data Quality ⁵	CUs in Group	Fisheries											
						Coastal to Kasiks	Kasiks-Terrace	Terrace-Fiddler	Fiddler-Hazelton	Hazelton-L Babine	Babine below Fence	Babine Fence	Babine Lake	Pinkut Terminal	Fulton Terminal	Bulkley-Morice	Sustut
Kluatantan/Kluayaz	Kluatan+	1	1	W	2	3	4	3	4	7							
Motase	Motase	2	1	W	1	3	4	3	4	7							
Sustut/Johanson/Spawning	Sustut+	3	1	G	3	3	4	3	4	7							1
Bear/Azuklotz/Asitka	Bear+	4	1	G	3	3	4	3	4	7							
Slamgeesh/Damshilgwit	Slamgeesh	5	1	G	2	3	4	3	4	7							
Sicintine	Sicintine	6	1	W	1	3	4	3	4	7							
Babine W Early ¹	Babine-WE	7	2	G	1	3	4	3	4	7	4	1	3				
Babine W Middle ²	Babine-WM	8	2	G	1	3	4	3	4	7	4	1	3				
Babine W Late ³	Babine-WL	9	2	G	1	3	4	3	4	7	4	1	3				
Babine Pinkut	Babine-P	10	2	G	1	3	4	3	4	7	4	1	3	1			
Babine Fulton	Babine-F	11	2	G	1	3	4	3	4	7	4	1	3		1		
Swan/Stephans/Club	Swan+	12	1	G	3	3	4	3	4								
Bulkley/Maxan	Bulkley+	13	1	W	2	3	4	3	4								1
Morice/Atna	Morice+	14	1	G	2	3	4	3	4								1
Kitwanga	Kitwanga	15	1	G	1	3	4	3	2								
Zymoetz ⁴	Zymoetz	16	1	W	3	3	4	1									
Kalum	Kalum	17	1	W	1	3	4										
Lakelse	Lakelse	18	1	G	1	3	4										
Alastair	Alastair	19	1	G	1	3											
Johnston/Ecstall	Johnston	20	1	W	1	1											

¹ Babine W Early includes sockeye spawning in non-enhanced tributaries to Babine Lake and in Onerka Lake.

² Babine W Middle includes the Tahlo/Morrison CU.

³ Babine W Late includes the Nilkitkwa Lake CU.

⁴ Zymoetz includes three sockeye lake CUs in the Zymoetz watershed (McDonnell, Aldrich and Dennis).

⁵ G= Good, W=Weak

Table 2. Model input spawning escapement estimates for each sub-stock of Skeena sockeye salmon 1982-2010, where the estimates for Babine sub-stocks are prior to removals in fisheries at or above the Babine fence.

	Kluatan+	Motase	Sustut+	Bear+	Slamgeesh	Sicintine	Babine-WE	Babine-WM	Babine-WL	Babine-P	Babine-F	Swan+	Bulkley+	Morice+	Kitwanga	Zymoetz	Kalum	Lakelse	Alastair	Johnston	Skeena Agg.	
1982	1,000	500	4,000	947	1,000	1,000	93,630	5,195	159,595	242,851	635,565	8,443	1,000	6,375	1,880	2,000	758	30,296	9,500	504	1,206,037	
1983	1,000	500	4,000	922	1,000	1,000	26,965	9,226	103,027	197,094	550,081	9,498	1,000	8,500	2,720	10,000	606	19,365	13,000	705	960,210	
1984	1,000	500	4,000	897	1,000	1,000	26,503	8,335	204,447	366,909	446,191	10,553	1,000	6,375	3,560	1,000	785	9,573	8,000	705	1,102,333	
1985	1,000	500	4,000	2,709	1,000	1,000	75,649	17,696	623,637	598,005	833,056	9,287	1,000	4,250	4,400	1,200	1,570	36,530	8,000	907	2,225,396	
1986	1,000	500	4,000	2,992	1,000	1,000	26,865	4,115	167,437	224,106	278,984	10,553	1,000	6,375	3,720	6,000	1,570	9,022	21,000	353	771,592	
1987	1,000	1,500	4,000	10,917	1,000	1,000	38,206	16,344	237,400	678,196	337,706	21,107	1,000	8,500	3,040	6,000	3,139	5,336	10,000	604	1,385,995	
1988	1,000	100	4,000	7,221	1,000	1,000	42,435	24,382	241,974	384,898	715,191	25,328	1,000	2,125	2,360	4,000	1,884	10,508	13,000	705	1,484,109	
1989	1,000	400	4,000	1,667	1,000	1,000	18,412	8,005	132,563	239,008	734,328	8,443	1,000	11,900	1,680	3,500	2,825	7,724	14,932	302	1,193,690	
1990	1,000	60	4,000	2,279	1,000	1,000	21,328	7,677	198,864	208,061	542,716	10,553	1,000	12,750	1,000	3,000	4,133	2,707	10,000	458	1,033,586	
1991	1,000	300	4,000	7,551	1,000	1,000	58,719	26,200	432,582	450,512	208,305	14,775	1,000	85,001	1,000	1,200	4,133	13,534	22,000	613	1,334,424	
1992	1,000	500	4,000	5,097	1,000	1,000	52,358	9,455	582,914	226,003	363,054	21,107	1,000	57,376	1,000	10,000	11,022	10,453	16,000	1,992	1,376,332	
1993	1,000	400	4,000	5,599	1,000	1,000	16,646	28,016	595,377	539,525	557,861	16,885	1,000	46,751	1,000	15,000	9,645	13,754	15,000	3,371	1,872,830	
1994	1,000	250	4,000	8,057	1,000	1,000	25,124	8,070	132,299	214,508	672,904	12,453	1,000	60,563	1,000	10,295	15,156	3,136	13,000	4,750	1,189,565	
1995	1,000	250	4,000	10,516	1,000	1,000	79,679	7,351	69,506	603,037	977,436	8,020	1,000	74,376	500	10,295	13,434	27,618	17,000	6,129	1,913,146	
1996	1,000	100	4,000	6,308	1,000	1,000	60,909	11,800	143,305	644,740	1,139,837	7,598	1,000	87,126	250	10,295	5,236	23,822	25,000	5,108	2,179,432	
1997	1,000	220	4,000	3,816	1,000	1,000	92,245	43,995	129,975	224,874	595,521	5,910	1,000	51,001	250	10,295	10,058	3,466	24,000	4,086	1,207,711	
1998	1,000	500	4,000	1,578	1,000	1,000	43,130	17,150	97,880	100,030	252,055	5,910	1,000	12,750	250	10,295	10,747	5,409	11,000	6,129	582,814	
1999	1,000	500	4,000	9,195	1,000	1,000	63,692	24,171	155,040	141,127	222,106	4,221	1,000	31,875	250	10,295	12,318	7,235	2,000	8,172	700,197	
2000	1,000	400	4,000	5,297	949	1,000	84,558	30,056	185,020	278,370	1,253,611	5,823	1,000	6,375	231	10,295	13,888	7,235	6,200	1,500	1,896,806	
2001	1,000	200	4,000	4,348	855	1,000	232,802	85,174	617,401	208,119	840,765	7,425	1,000	8,500	221	10,295	8,292	9,061	10,800	4,500	2,055,757	
2002	1,000	100	4,000	897	398	1,000	29,324	26,094	130,726	101,045	308,038	2,533	1,000	14,875	978	7,072	11,072	7,468	4,000	2,000	653,620	
2003	1,000	2,000	4,992	11,253	430	1,000	55,028	86,328	99,284	224,981	704,737	5,070	1,000	21,250	3,377	9,106	28,383	7,468	27,000	5,050	1,298,738	
2004	1,000	600	1,604	2,998	293	1,000	39,546	54,315	249,231	107,514	468,643	5,538	1,000	16,469	1,317	6,332	13,968	5,875	20,074	2,395	999,714	
2005	1,000	290	1,175	2,499	216	1,000	25,141	33,241	163,178	137,759	349,880	2,550	1,000	17,002	937	6,888	8,939	6,305	13,147	2,395	774,542	
2006	1,000	120	808	2,849	331	1,000	40,874	16,502	137,660	328,315	868,328	4,529	1,000	17,536	5,139	6,116	9,521	3,632	4,800	2,395	1,452,455	
2007	1,000	300	2,469	3,199	366	1,000	52,862	13,376	100,762	239,849	643,632	2,090	1,000	28,475	245	3,800	12,455	6,624	22,000	2,395	1,137,899	
2008	1,000	100	212	8,577	150	1,000	28,667	17,536	93,158	264,543	679,415	4,475	1,000	19,125	1,200	280	15,349	5,513	1,119	2,395	1,144,813	
2009	1,000	410	540	6,787	161	1,000	20,503	20,163	93,791	157,109	380,436	3,466	1,000	24,342	3,047	3,400	19,521	7,574	21,500	2,395	768,145	
2010	1,000	592	426	12,210	740	1,000	20,455	6,520	74,126	145,310	392,644	266	1,000	7,831	20,804	2,980	30,496	14,720	33,700	2,395	769,214	
After Fill																						
Average	1,000	442	3,362	4,908	1,000	1,000	50,658	22,134	214,920	291,396	578,934	8,581	1,000	24,475	2,213	6,275	9,097	11,827	14,470	2,465	1,249,960	
Portion	0.001	0.000	0.003	0.004	0.001	0.001	0.041	0.018	0.172	0.233	0.463	0.007	0.001	0.020	0.002	0.005	0.007	0.009	0.012	0.002		
Before Fill																						
Average	0	441	1,528	5,080	444	0	50,658	22,134	214,920	291,396	578,934	8,709	0	23,796	3,078	4,939	8,990	12,490	14,283	2,395	1,244,215	
Portion	0.001	0.000	0.003	0.004	0.001	0.001	0.041	0.018	0.173	0.234	0.465	0.007	0.001	0.019	0.002	0.004	0.007	0.010	0.011	0.002		

Table 3. Run-timing parameters used for each Skeena sockeye sub-stock group.

#	Stocks (Geographic CUs)	CUs in Group	Offset (days)	Duration (days)	Default SD (days)	2006 SD (days)	Source: Cox-Rogers (2012)			
							Group Name	Peak Week	Offset (days)	SD (weeks)
1	Kluatantan/Kluayaz	2	-10.5	105	17.5	17.5	Bulkley-Morice	72	-10.5	2.5
2	Motase	1	3.5	92	15.4	15.4	Motase	74	3.5	2.2
3	Sustut/Johanson/Spawning	3	-3.5	84	14.0	14.0	Sustut	73	-3.5	2.0
4	Bear/Azuklotz/Asitka	3	-3.5	84	14.0	14.0	Sustut	73	-3.5	2.0
5	Slamgeesh/Damshilgwit	2	-3.5	84	14.0	14.0	Sustut	73	-3.5	2.0
6	Sicintine	1	-3.5	84	14.0	14.0	Sustut	73	-3.5	2.0
7	Babine W Early ¹	1	-10.5	84	14.0	14.0	Babine WE	72	-10.5	2.0
8	Babine W Middle ²	1	-3.5	84	14.0	14.0	Babine WM	73	-3.5	2.0
9	Babine W Late ³	1	10.5	84	14.0	14.0	Babine WL	75	10.5	2.0
10	Babine Pinkut	1	-3.5	84	14.0	17.5	Pinkut	73	-3.5	2.0
11	Babine Fulton	1	3.5	84	14.0	17.5	Fulton	73	3.5	2.0
12	Swan/Stephans/Club	3	-10.5	76	12.6	12.6	Swan+	72	-10.5	1.8
13	Bulkley/Maxan	2	-10.5	105	17.5	17.5	Bulkley-Morice	72	-10.5	2.5
14	Morice/Atna	2	-10.5	105	17.5	17.5	Bulkley-Morice	72	-10.5	2.5
15	Kitwanga	1	3.5	118	19.6	19.6	Kitwanga+	74	3.5	2.8
16	Zymoetz ⁴	3	-17.5	59	9.8	9.8	Zymoetz	71	-17.5	1.4
17	Kalum	1	-3.5	105	17.5	17.5	Kalum-Bear	73	-3.5	2.5
18	Lakelse	1	-21.0	80	13.3	13.3	Lakelse+	64	-21	1.9
19	Alastair	1	-14.0	109	18.2	18.2	Alastair	71	-14	2.6
20	Johnston/Ecstall	1	-21.0	80	13.3	13.3	Lakelse+	64	-21	1.9

¹ Babine W Early includes sockeye spawning in non-enhanced tributaries to Babine Lake and in Onerka Lake.

² Babine W Middle includes the Tahlo/Morrison CU.

³ Babine W Late includes the Nilkitkwa Lake CU.

⁴ Zymoetz includes three sockeye lake CUs in the Zymoetz watershed (Mcdonell, Aldrich and Dennis).

Table 4. Initial annual estimates of the harvest of Skeena River sockeye by First Nations in FSC fisheries, 1982-2009.

Fishery	Group	1982	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995
Coastal	TTC	12,770	7,232	7,630	10,655	8,284	9,431	7,334	8,553	10,197	5,420		16,926	8,423	11,821
Marine to Kasiks	TTC	23,816	13,489	14,230	19,872	15,450	17,590	13,678	15,951	19,017	10,108		27,809	26,409	14,905
Coastal to Kasiks	TTC	36,586	20,721	21,860	30,526	23,734	27,021	21,012	24,504	29,214	15,528		44,735	34,832	26,726
Kasiks to Terrace	TTC	4,582	2,595	2,738	3,823	2,972	3,384	2,631	3,069	3,658	1,945		14,274	3,665	5,177
Terrace to Fiddler	TTC	11,653	6,600	6,963	9,723	7,560	8,606	6,693	7,805	9,305	4,946		9,019	14,418	9,757
Fiddler to Hazelton	GWWA	102,600	79,420	128,250	114,000	85,500	76,000	71,250	85,500	83,600	83,600	66,500	27,221	35,307	42,668
Hazelton to L. Babine	GWWA	5,400	4,180	6,750	6,000	4,500	4,000	3,750	4,500	4,400	4,400	3,500		1,858	2,246
Babine below Fence	GWWA												13,448		6,439
Babine Fence	LBN														
Babine Lake	LB/YECH	42,000	20,000	12,100	16,000	4,050		25,000	22,000	27,008	15,650	33,093	68,250	32,300	18,491
Pinkut Terminal	LBN														
Fulton Terminal	LBN														
Bulkley-Morice	GWWA	4,500	6,450		4,000	22,450	20,296	4,250	1,450		13,000	15,138	11,408	12,629	23,912
Sustut	TAKLA													1,302	
Total		207,320	139,966	178,660	184,072	150,766	139,307	134,586	148,828	157,185	139,069	118,231	188,355	136,311	135,416

Fishery	Group	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009
Coastal	TTC	7,444	4,090	21,124	3,073	37,157		29,000	3,123	4,356	10,376	9,607	21,685	27,134	9,100
Marine to Kasiks	TTC	31,951	37,839	24,105	14,644	27,600		20,000		4,840	2,507		17,022	5,428	
Coastal to Kasiks	TTC	39,395	41,929	45,229	17,717	64,757		49,000	3,123	9,196	12,883	9,607	38,707	32,562	9,100
Kasiks to Terrace	TTC	5,927	4,656	1,951	2,294	1,544		4,905	6,075	7,056	4,360	5,803	4,168	5,966	10,763
Terrace to Fiddler	TTC	15,744	12,909	15,209	10,131	13,245	13,479	13,680	11,337	12,550	9,098	9,749	9,338	8,535	9,465
Fiddler to Hazelton	GWWA	21,058	32,880	50,369	51,854	58,444	49,531	56,258	60,876	66,295	64,144	68,859	26,306	63,494	35,946
Hazelton to L. Babine	GWWA	1,109	1,731	2,651	2,730	3,076	2,487	2,879	3,204	3,489	3,376	3,624	1,385	3,342	1,892
Babine below Fence	GWWA	2,802	1,637	195	3,366	2,658	5,000	1,091	533	333	1,273		16,643		107
Babine Fence	LBN														
Babine Lake	LB/YECH	39,422	13,699	9,744	23,220	23,300	24,080	24,785	32,000	31,441	33,117	38,600	36,070	48,901	43,957
Pinkut Terminal	LBN														
Fulton Terminal	LBN														
Bulkley-Morice	GWWA	14,453	15,512	3,674	675	1,905	1,289	331	456	278	197	2,085	219	2,391	1,644
Sustut	TAKLA	559	513	768	868	1,050	470	811	1,954	567	862	632	419	526	992
Total		140,469	125,466	129,790	112,855	169,979	96,336	153,740	119,558	131,205	129,310	138,959	133,254	165,717	113,866

- 1) Coastal = Laxkwalaams+Metlakatla (No Kitkatla+Hartley Bay) catch data
 - 2) Marine to Kasiks = Prince Rupert catch data
 - 3) Kasiks to Terrace = Kitsumkalum catch data
 - 4) Terrace to Fiddler = Kitselas catch data
 - 5) Fiddler to Hazelton = 0.95 * Skeena (e.g. Hazelton) catch data based on comments provided by J. Steward regarding location of catch + Gitanyow
 - 6) Hazelton to Lower Babine = 0.05 * Skeena (e.g. Hazelton) catch data based on comments provided by J. Steward regarding location of catch
 - 7) Kitsegass (L. Babine) = Babine catch data
 - 8) All Babine Lake = sum of Nat'oo'ten catch data
 - 9) Sustut = Takla catch data
 - 10) 1982-1992 GWWA Kitsegass catch data are included in the Hazelton to Lower Babine catch estimates
 - 11) 1982-2000 Moricetown data are the actual reported catch figures
 - 12) Note: Some missing 1992-1982 catch by fishery calculated as area-specific IFF total catch*Prop. IFF catch for 1993-2000
- These numbers are of unknown accuracy: all have been interpolated from Kerra Hoyseth's (2000) DFO review. USE WITH CAUTION

Table 5. Revised annual estimates of the harvest of Skeena River sockeye by First Nations in FSC fisheries, 1982-2009.

Fishery	Group	1982	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	Average	%
Coastal	TTC	12,770	7,232	7,630	10,655	8,284	9,431	7,334	8,553	10,197	5,420	11,173	16,926	8,423	11,821	9,703	5.5%
Marine to Kasiks	TTC	23,816	13,489	14,230	19,872	15,450	17,590	13,678	15,951	19,017	10,108	18,959	27,809	26,409	14,905	17,949	10.1%
Coastal to Kasiks ¹	TTC	36,586	20,721	21,860	30,526	23,734	27,021	21,012	24,504	29,214	15,528	30,132	44,735	34,832	26,726	27,652	15.6%
Kasiks to Terrace ²	Kalum	8,993	5,093	5,373	7,503	5,834	6,642	5,165	6,023	7,181	3,817	9,045	14,274	7,194	10,161	7,307	4.1%
Terrace to Fiddler	Kitselas	11,653	6,600	6,963	9,723	7,560	8,606	6,693	7,805	9,305	4,946	6,982	9,019	14,418	9,757	8,573	4.8%
Fiddler to Hazelton ³	GW WA	52,107	40,335	65,134	57,897	43,423	38,598	36,186	43,423	42,458	42,458	33,773	13,133	17,931	21,670	39,181	22.1%
Hazelton to L. Babine ³	GW WA	55,893	43,265	69,866	62,103	46,577	41,402	38,814	46,577	45,542	45,542	36,227	14,088	19,234	23,244	42,027	23.7%
Babine below Fence	GW WA												13,448		6,439	9,944	5.6%
Babine Fence	LBN																
Babine Lake ⁴	LB/YECH	42,000	20,000	20,500	17,500	23,500	20,296	25,000	22,000	22,000	20,800	73,789	68,250	32,300	18,491	30,459	17.2%
Pinkut Terminal	LBN																
Fulton Terminal	LBN																
Bulkley-Morice ⁵	GW WA	4,500	6,450	5,225	4,000	22,450	20,296	4,250	1,450	7,225	13,000	15,138	11,408	12,629	23,912	10,852	6.1%
Sustut	TAKLA												1,302		1,302	0.7%	
Total		211,731	142,464	194,921	189,253	173,078	162,861	137,119	151,782	162,924	146,091	205,087	188,355	139,840	140,400	177,297	

Fishery	Group	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	Average	%
Coastal	TTC	7,444	4,090	21,124	3,073	37,157	14,560	29,000	17,918	18,783	18,156	21,351	15,300	20,014	17,617	17,542	11.8%
Marine to Kasiks	TTC	31,951	37,839	24,105	14,644	27,600	16,364	20,000	20,138	21,110	20,406	23,996	17,196	22,494	19,799	22,689	15.3%
Coastal to Kasiks ¹	TTC	39,395	41,929	45,229	17,717	64,757	30,923	49,000	38,056	39,894	38,562	45,348	32,496	42,507	37,416	40,231	27.0%
Kasiks to Terrace ²	Kalum	11,633	9,139	3,829	4,503	3,031	6,329	9,627	11,924	13,849	8,558	11,390	8,181	11,710	10,763	8,890	6.0%
Terrace to Fiddler	Kitselas	15,744	12,909	15,209	10,131	13,245	13,479	13,680	11,337	12,550	9,098	9,749	9,338	8,535	9,465	11,748	7.9%
Fiddler to Hazelton ³	GW WA	10,695	16,699	25,581	26,336	39,178	21,594	31,536	22,618	25,931	22,040	36,251	14,825	27,616	14,882	23,984	16.1%
Hazelton to L. Babine ³	GW WA	11,472	17,912	27,439	28,248	16,915	21,943	22,311	35,086	36,556	42,304	39,409	13,280	29,788	17,509	25,727	17.3%
Babine below Fence	GW WA	2,802	1,637	195	3,366	2,658	5,000	1,091	533	333	1,273		16,643		107	2,970	2.0%
Babine Fence	LBN																
Babine Lake ⁴	LB/YECH	39,422	13,699	9,744	23,220	23,300	24,080	24,785	32,000	31,441	33,117	38,600	36,070	48,901	58,597	31,213	21.0%
Pinkut Terminal	LBN																
Fulton Terminal	LBN																
Bulkley-Morice	GW WA	14,453	15,512	3,674	675	1,905	1,289	331	456	278	197	2,085	219	2,391	1,644	3,222	2.2%
Sustut	TAKLA	559	513	768	868	1,050	470	811	1,954	567	862	632	419	526	992	785	0.5%
Total⁶		146,175	129,949	131,668	115,064	166,038	125,108	153,172	153,965	161,400	156,010	183,464	131,471	171,974	151,375	148,770	

¹ Coastal to Kasiks catches for 2001 and 2003-09 were estimated by multiplying the adjusted total FSC catch by the average portion (24.7%) that Coastal to Kasiks catches represented of the reported catch for 1996-2009.

² Kasiks to Terrace catch was expanded by 1.96 for all years except 1993 and 2009, based on results from TRM studies 2007-08.

Reported (1982-95)	Kalum	4,582	2,595	2,738	3,823	2,972	3,384	2,631	3,069	3,658	1,945		14,274	3,665	5,177
Reported (1995-09)	Kalum	5,927	4,656	1,951	2,294	1,544		4,905	6,075	7,056	4,360	5,803	4,168	5,966	10,763
TRM Est. (2007-08)													9476	9856	
Expansion Factor	1.96												2.27	1.65	

³ Revised catch estimates for Fiddler-Hazelton and Hazelton-L. Babine fisheries (dark green shaded value are from SFC)

Fiddler to Hazelton	GW WA	10,695	16,699	25,581	26,336	39,178	21,594	31,536	22,618	25,931	22,040	36,251	14,825	27,616	14,882	25,647
Hazelton to L. Babine	GW WA	11,472	17,912	27,439	28,248	16,915	21,943	22,311	35,086	36,556	42,304	39,409	13,280	29,788	17,509	27,510
Total		22,167	34,611	53,020	54,584	56,093	43,538	53,847	57,705	62,488	64,344	75,661	28,105	57,404	32,391	53,157
% Fiddler-Hazelton (New)						70%	50%	59%	39%	41%	34%	48%	53%	48%	46%	48%
Fiddler to Hazelton	GW WA	52,107	40,335	65,134	57,897	43,423	38,598	36,186	43,423	42,458	42,458	33,773	13,133	17,931	21,670	
Hazelton to L. Babine	GW WA	55,893	43,265	69,866	62,103	46,577	41,402	38,814	46,577	45,542	45,542	36,227	14,088	19,234	23,244	
Total		108,000	83,600	135,000	120,000	90,000	80,000	75,000	90,000	88,000	88,000	70,000	27,221	37,165	44,914	

⁴ Yellow highlight values are revised FSC estimates from Steve Cox-Rogers' Babine stock assessment tables.

⁵ Highlighted values are averages of adjacent FSC catch estimates.

⁶ Total catch estimates for 2001 and 2003-09 were estimated by expanding the total reported catch for fisheries above Kasiks by 1.32 (i.e. 1/0.753) because, on average, fisheries above Kasiks represent 75.3% of the total FSC harvest of Skeena sockeye.

Table 6. Annual estimates of the harvest of Skeena River sockeye by First Nations in ESSR and in-land “Demonstration” fisheries, 1993-2009.

Fishery	Group	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	2000	2001	2006	2007	2008
Kasiks to Terrace ¹	TTC	3,919	4,009	14,720	60,016	5,093	14,998				
Terrace to Fiddler	TTC			2,878			7,770		81,790		
Fiddler to Hazelton	GWWA	24,202	21,249	79,943	165,551	91,554	139,345	38,957			67,289
Hazelton to L. Babine	GWWA	1,274	1,118		8,713	4,819	180,140	26,112			
Babine below Fence	GWWA			31,880			9,995	152,230	92,347		41,715
Babine Fence	LBN	104,340	15,900	45,000	312,812	86,459	56,203	138,240	138,180	13,777	104,585
Babine Lake	TTC										
Pinkut Terminal	LBN					36,982	65,821	32,220			37,388
Fulton Terminal	LBN			35,000		19,268	310,132	315,220	80,820		50,506
Bulkley-Morice	GWWA					1,208					
Total		133,735	42,276	209,421	547,092	245,383	784,404	702,979	393,137	13,777	301,483

¹ Terrace to Fiddler ESSR for 2006 is the DEMO fishery catch

Table 7. Harvest rate estimates for each Skeena sockeye sub-stock group in First Nation fisheries conducted in and adjacent to the Skeena watershed, 1982-2009.

Sub-Stock	1982	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995
Kluatan+	13.3	16.1	12.4	7.1	14.7	8.3	8.8	12.9	10.6	7.9	8.2	6.9	11.1	11.4
Motase	11.6	10.6	13.3	7.0	13.9	7.9	6.7	9.5	11.4	7.8	7.7	6.1	9.1	8.0
Sustut+	12.3	12.5	12.7	6.9	14.1	8.0	7.4	10.9	10.8	7.8	7.9	6.4	32.1	9.5
Bear+	12.3	12.5	12.7	6.9	14.1	8.0	7.4	10.9	10.8	7.8	7.9	6.4	10.0	9.5
Slamgeesh	12.3	12.5	12.7	6.9	14.1	8.0	7.4	10.9	10.8	7.8	7.9	6.4	10.0	9.5
Sicintine	12.3	12.5	12.7	6.9	14.1	8.0	7.4	10.9	10.8	7.8	7.9	6.4	10.0	9.5
Babine-WE	17.3	18.4	13.9	7.9	18.0	9.9	10.8	15.3	12.5	9.7	15.0	19.5	17.1	17.8
Babine-WM	15.7	14.8	14.4	7.7	17.1	9.5	9.2	12.9	12.8	9.4	13.9	17.3	14.8	15.1
Babine-WL	13.4	10.0	15.4	7.7	16.1	8.9	7.1	9.4	13.8	9.2	12.2	14.1	11.6	10.9
Babine-P	15.7	14.8	14.4	7.7	17.1	9.5	9.2	12.9	12.8	9.4	13.9	17.3	14.8	15.1
Babine-F	14.5	12.0	14.9	7.7	16.5	9.2	8.1	11.0	13.3	9.3	13.0	15.5	13.0	15.9
Swan+	8.6	9.9	7.1	4.3	8.8	5.3	5.1	7.8	6.6	4.4	5.3	5.8	8.9	9.2
Bulkley+ ¹	42.1	46.6	44.8	44.0	76.5	69.2	59.5	17.2	37.5	16.6	24.3	23.6	24.0	30.9
Morice+ ¹	42.1	46.6	44.8	44.0	76.5	69.2	59.5	17.2	37.5	16.6	24.3	23.6	24.0	30.9
Kitwanga	5.9	5.3	5.3	3.2	6.4	4.0	3.3	4.6	5.6	3.1	4.1	4.4	6.1	4.9
Zymoetz	3.6	3.1	1.6	1.5	3.0	2.2	2.1	3.2	2.4	1.2	2.5	3.4	4.5	3.1
Kalum	3.2	2.4	2.0	1.5	3.0	2.1	1.7	2.4	2.8	1.2	2.5	3.1	3.6	2.4
Lakelse	3.3	2.7	1.5	1.3	2.8	2.1	2.0	2.9	2.2	1.1	2.4	3.3	4.1	3.1
Alastair	2.5	2.0	1.4	1.0	2.2	1.6	1.4	2.1	1.8	0.9	1.8	2.1	2.8	1.3
Johnston	0.9	0.7	0.4	0.3	0.7	0.5	0.5	0.8	0.5	0.3	0.5	0.7	1.0	0.5
Total	14.6	12.8	14.8	7.7	17.9	10.2	8.4	11.1	13.4	9.5	12.9	15.4	13.6	15.7

	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009
Kluatan+	13.0	15.7	19.6	12.2	27.0	6.7	15.7	8.3	13.6	17.4	14.1	5.5	13.7	10.4
Motase	12.6	14.8	17.6	10.7	20.3	7.0	16.5	8.2	11.6	13.6	12.2	6.2	13.3	9.7
Sustut+	23.3	24.9	31.5	27.2	38.8	16.6	30.2	34.0	35.2	50.9	51.2	19.4	75.1	68.3
Bear+	12.7	15.3	18.4	11.4	22.7	6.8	16.0	8.2	12.3	14.9	13.0	5.8	13.5	10.0
Slamgeesh	12.7	15.3	18.4	11.4	22.7	6.8	16.0	8.2	12.3	14.9	13.0	5.8	13.5	10.0
Sicintine	12.7	15.3	18.4	11.4	22.7	6.8	16.0	8.2	12.3	14.9	13.0	5.8	13.5	10.0
Babine-WE	29.5	25.3	21.6	16.9	31.3	20.7	19.8	11.2	17.7	23.1	32.4	11.2	29.4	19.7
Babine-WM	28.0	24.0	20.2	15.4	27.3	21.0	19.9	10.8	15.9	19.9	29.7	11.3	28.5	17.9
Babine-WL	26.5	21.8	18.2	13.1	20.5	22.4	20.2	10.2	13.3	15.7	25.1	12.1	27.1	15.4
Babine-P	28.0	36.5	20.2	15.4	44.5	33.3	19.9	10.8	15.9	19.9	30.2	11.3	38.6	17.9
Babine-F	27.1	25.3	19.0	14.2	42.5	50.9	20.0	10.5	14.4	17.5	34.2	11.7	33.1	16.5
Swan+	12.0	13.8	14.2	7.9	15.1	4.6	12.6	5.5	8.9	9.8	11.2	4.3	11.5	8.0
Bulkley+	22.8	33.7	31.9	9.8	33.3	15.1	14.4	7.5	10.6	11.2	20.4	5.1	20.5	13.5
Morice+	22.8	33.7	31.9	9.8	33.3	15.1	14.4	7.5	10.6	11.2	20.4	5.1	20.5	13.5
Kitwanga	8.5	9.2	11.5	5.6	9.1	3.5	11.4	4.9	7.1	7.3	9.1	4.5	7.9	6.9
Zymoetz	4.3	4.2	7.7	3.3	4.5	1.5	6.6	3.2	5.3	6.0	5.4	2.4	3.4	5.2
Kalum	4.2	4.0	6.9	2.7	3.8	1.4	7.1	3.1	4.7	5.2	3.1	2.8	3.6	4.9
Lakelse	4.1	3.8	6.8	2.9	4.5	1.2	6.0	2.9	5.0	5.7	3.6	2.3	3.3	5.0
Alastair	1.3	2.8	6.2	2.1	3.2	1.0	5.3	2.1	3.3	4.3	2.6	1.9	2.6	3.6
Johnston	0.4	0.8	2.0	0.7	1.2	0.3	1.5	0.7	1.1	1.5	0.9	0.5	0.7	1.1
Total	26.2	26.3	18.7	13.7	38.9	33.8	19.2	10.1	13.9	17.0	31.3	11.0	32.6	15.9

¹ Harvest rate estimates for Bulkley+ and Morice+ sub-stock groups are likely biased high due to underestimated escapement from 1982-88.

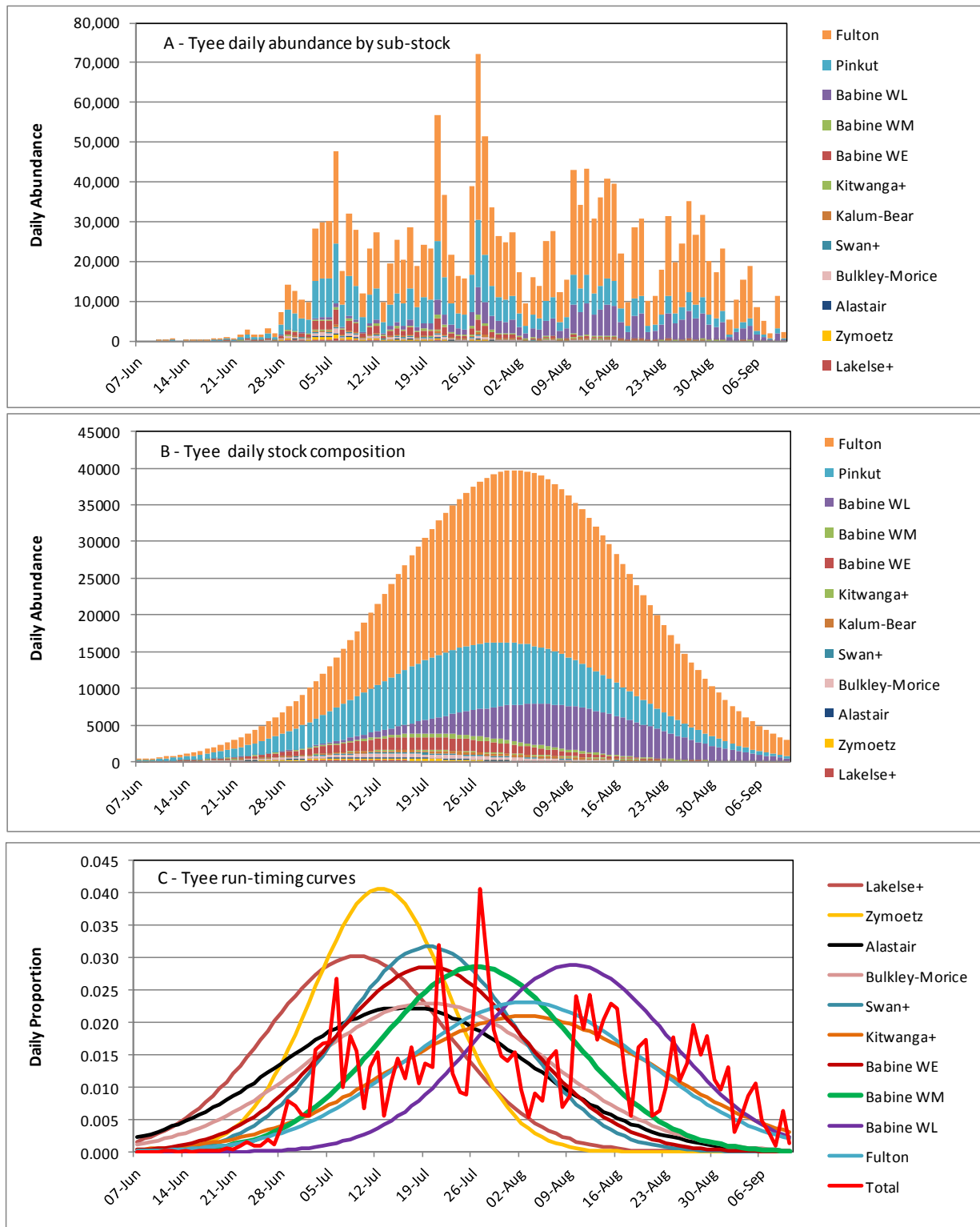


Figure 1. Estimated Tye daily abundance, stock composition and run-timing curves for Skeena sockeye stocks in 2006 (late run-timing year).

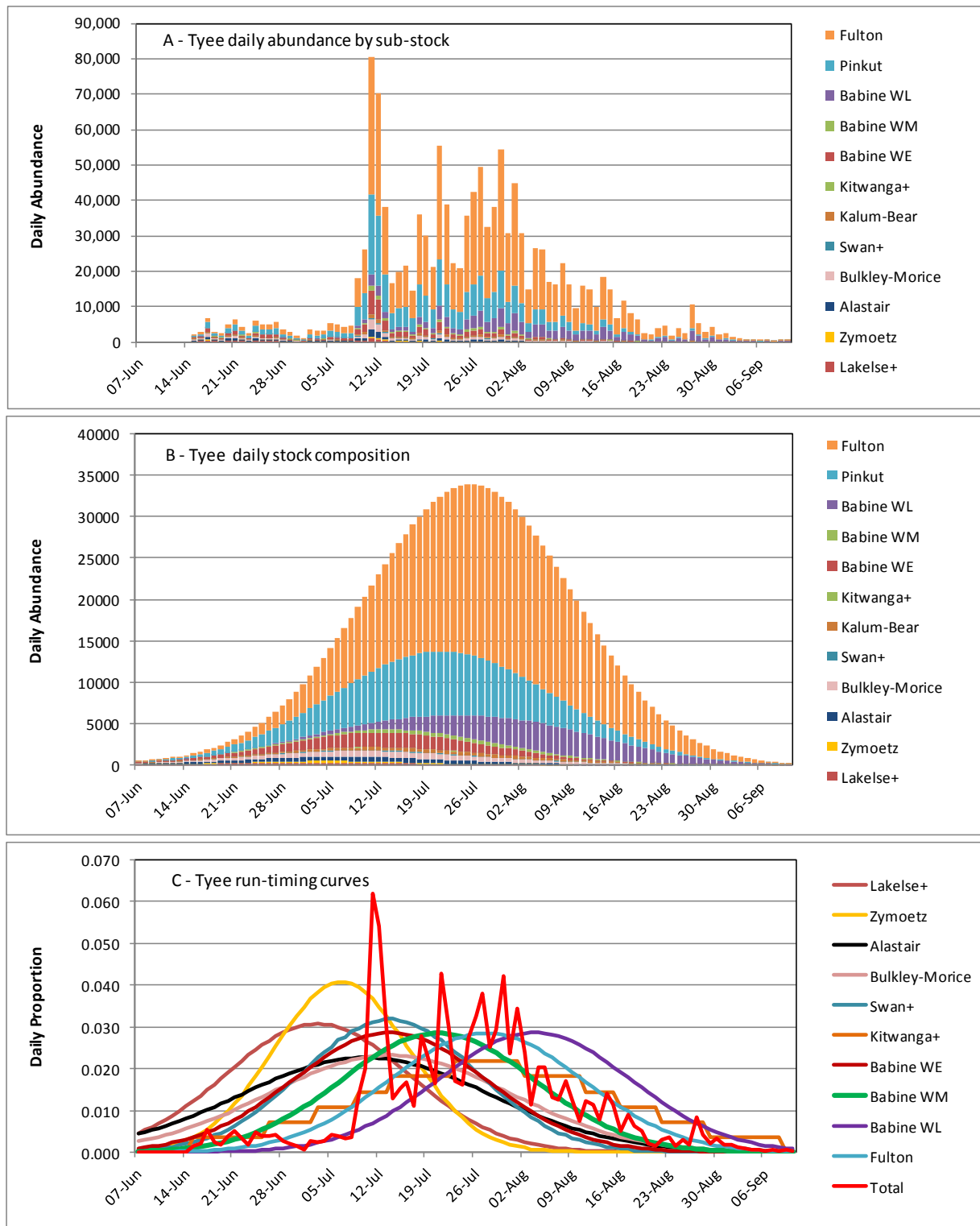


Figure 2. Estimated Tye daily abundance, stock composition and run-timing curves for Skeena sockeye stocks in 2007 (average run-timing year).

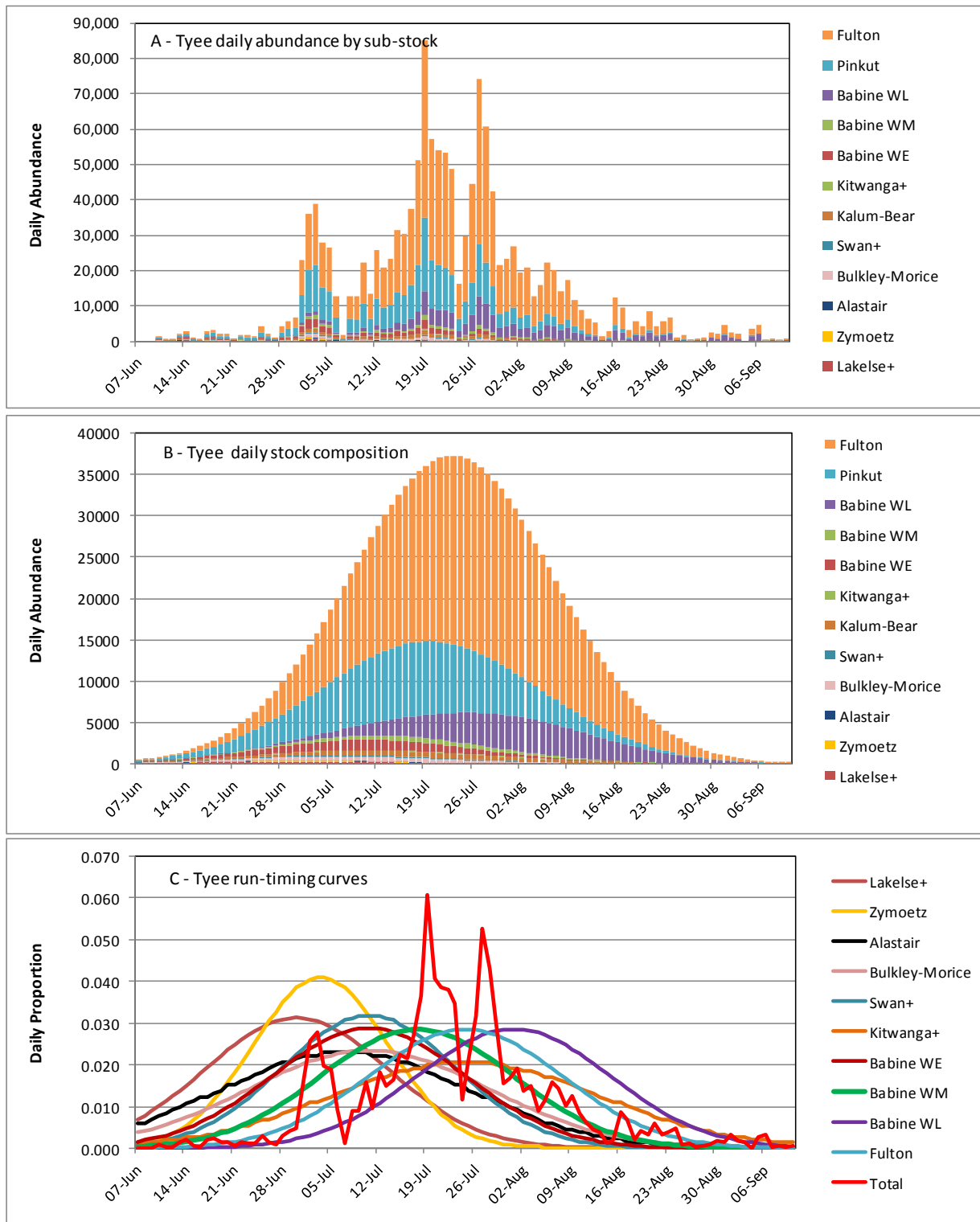


Figure 3. Estimated Tye daily abundance, stock composition and run-timing curves for Skeena sockeye stocks in 2008 (early run-timing year).

APPENDIX A**Summary of catch and escapement results for 1982-2009**

Table A-1 provides a summary of the annual escapement for each sub-stock and a comparison of the total output escapement and input escapement from Table 2. The difference between these two total “escapement” values is because the Table 2 totals include catches in terminal fisheries for each of the Babine sub-stocks whereas the output escapement estimates do not include these catches and the escapement estimates for non-Babine stock used to derive the initial abundance at Tye are larger than the sum of the escapement estimates for non-Babine CUs included in Table 2. Consequently, in years without major terminal fisheries for Babine stocks, the model output escapement is larger than the input totals from Table 2 and in years with major terminal fisheries, the model output escapement estimates are smaller than the input totals from Table 2.

Table A-2 provides a summary of the annual estimates of the river entry abundance at Tye for each sub-stock derived by combining the stock proportions from Table 2, the relative run-timing data for each sub-stock and the daily estimates of total sockeye abundance at Tye. The total daily sockeye abundance at Tye was computed by combining the total river entry escapement estimates (as used in the Northern Boundary run reconstruction analyses) with the daily Tye test fishery CPUE data. The “Tye Estimates” at the bottom of Table A-2 are provided to show that the sum of the sub-stock specific river-entry escapement estimates were always within a few fish of the input values for the total “Tye Estimate”.

Table A-3 provides the in-river catch by sub-stock calculated as the difference between the sockeye abundance at Tye (Table A-2) and the escapement (Table A-1). The total annual catch estimated for all Skeena stocks is compared with the input catch at the bottom of Table A-3 to show that the model accounts for essentially all the catch in most years. The only year when the unaccounted for catch exceeded 4% of the total catch was 2001. Most of the unaccounted for catch in 2001 was associated with a very large terminal ESSR fishery for the Fulton enhanced sub-stock, where the method used to compute the terminal harvest rate was biased low.

APPENDIX B

Skeena Sockeye In-River Model Visual Basic Code

```

' This program implements the Skeena River Sockeye Run Reconstruction
' by Karl English, Bill Gazey and Cam Noble Version 3 - January 2013.
' The model reconstructs the 1982-specified sockeye salmon returns to the Skeena River using First Nation provided
' estimates for in-river harvests, Tyee specific escapement numbers and timing provided by Steve Cox Rogers and
' Karl English, and upstream migration rates.
' The model combines catch data for 11 fisheries with escapement data on a daily time step for 20 sockeye stocks.
' Terminal runs, harvest rates, and catch are estimated for each stock.
' The reconstruction algorithm is based on Cave and Gazey 1994.
'
' The model currently has the following data limits:
' 12 fisheries
' 20 stocks
' 1982 = Year Start
' 2011 = Year Finish
'
Option Base 1 'Start indexing arrays at 1
'Input data workbook declarations.
Public Fisheries_WkBk As Workbook
'Contains weekly FSC sockeye catch by fishery, week and year (each year a tab) and the Tyee aggregate run by day
and year
Public FisheriesESSR_WkBk As Workbook
'Contains weekly ESSR sockeye catch by fishery, week and year (each year a tab)
Public Entry_WkBk As Workbook
'Annual entry (escapement from marine fisheries) estimates for each stock.
Public Timing_WkBk As Workbook
'The timing workbook:
    ' "FISHRES" has the names and residence times for each stock in the fisheries
    ' "TIMING" has the offsets and standard deviations (days) for each stock from the aggregate at Tyee
    ' "Timing_Mean" has the mean date of arrival for stock aggregate at Tyee for each year
    ' Note that 2010 and 2011 do not have estimates yet
'Output workbook declarations
Public Reconstruct_WkBk As Workbook           'Contains catch reconstruction for each year.
Public Catch_WkBk As Workbook                'Annual terminal catch summary for each year.
Public Escape_WkBk As Workbook               'Annual terminal escapement (spawning ground) size by
stock.
Public ExploitRate_WkWB As Workbook          'Contains 2 worksheets:
    ' "StockGroup" is the annual exploitation rate by stock group.
    ' "Stock" is the annual exploitation rate by stock.
Public Stock_Calc_Entry_WkBk As Workbook 11) 'Annual entry at Tyee as estimated by run recon (CNoble Oct.
Public FisheryHr_WkBk As Workbook           'Daily fishery harvest rates estimated each week
Public WeeklyHr_WkBk As Workbook           'Mean daily fishery harvest rate.
Public Unexpl_WkBk As Workbook              'Weekly unexplained catch by fishery and year
' Constant Declarations
Public Const BaseYear As Integer = 1982     'First year of data
Public Const DaysInModel As Integer = 140   'Number model days -- starts June 1
Public Const NumFisheries As Integer = 12   'Number of fisheries
Public Const NumSGroups As Integer = 2      'Number of stock groups -- Babine and non-Babine
Public Const NumStocks As Integer = 20     'Number of fish stocks (CUs)
Public Const WeeksInModel As Integer = 21   'Number of weeks in model
Public Const NumSectors As Integer = 2     'Number of fishing sectors
'Input Workbooks data offsets
Public Const Timing_Stock_DataRow = 3

```

Public Const Timing_Stock_DataCol = 2

Public Const Fisheries_DataCol = 4 'Column for first fishery in Fisheries_WkBk (FSC) work sheet

Public Const Fisheries_DataRow = 2 'First row of weekly catch data in Fisheries_WkBk (FSC),
catch-year worksheet (CNoble Oct 11)

'Output Workbooks data offsets

Public Const Reconst_Datarow As Integer = 2 'First row to begin output of reconstruction data (CNoble Oct 11)

Public Const Reconst_CatchRow As Integer = NumFisheries + 3 'Row to output total catch of reconstruction data

Public Const Year_Datacol As Integer = 2 'First column to begin output of yearly related sheets

Public Const WkRun_Datarow As Integer = 3 'First row to begin output of daily run data (CNoble Oct 11)

Public Const FishHR_Datarow As Integer = 3 'First row to begin output of daily fishery harvest rate

Public Const FishHR_FishCol As Integer = 2 'Column number for first fishery in daily fishery harvest rate
workbook

'Shared Variables

Public StartYear As Integer 'Start year for this model run

Public EndYear As Integer 'End year for this model run

'Shared data structures

Public StockToStockGroup(NumStocks) As Integer 'contains the mapping for each stock to its stock
group

Public Residence(NumStocks, NumFisheries) As Integer 'contains the fishery residence times for each stock

Public Cum_ResTimes(NumStocks, NumFisheries) As Integer 'contains the cumulative fishery residence times
from

'escapement to each fishery for each stock

Public Spawn_Peak(NumStocks) As Double 'contains the peak spawning model day for each stock

Public Spawn_SD(NumStocks) As Double 'contains the run sd for each stock

Public Spawn_Entry(NumStocks) As Double 'contains entry size for each stock

Public Stock_Calc_Entry(NumStocks) As Double 'contains calculated entry size for each stock (CNoble
Oct 11)

Public Stock_Daily_Escape(NumStocks, DaysInModel) As Double 'total daily escapement for each stock

Public StockGroupYearCatch(NumSGroups) As Double 'contains the total catch for each stock group in a
given year

Public StockYearCatch(NumStocks) As Double 'contains the total catch for each stock in a given
year

Public StockGroupTrun(NumSGroups) As Double

Public StockTrun(NumStocks) As Double

Public RunTotal As Double

Public CatchBySector(NumStocks, NumSectors) As Double 'contains annual catch by sector

Public FisheryNames(NumFisheries) As String 'contains fishery names

Public WeeklyHR(NumFisheries, WeeksInModel) As Double 'contains weekly harvest rates by fishery (computed)

Public FisheryHR(NumFisheries, WeeksInModel) As Double 'contains daily harvest rates by fishery and week

Public FSC_Catch(NumFisheries, WeeksInModel) As Double

Public ESSR_Catch(NumFisheries, WeeksInModel) As Double

Public Total_Catch(NumFisheries) As Double 'KKE added 14 Oct 2012 for entry run size and terminal
fishery

Public TerminalHR(NumFisheries) As Double

Public Week_CatchDay(WeeksInModel) As Integer

Sub Read_Catch(Yr, Year_String)

Const Fisheries_row As Integer = 2

Const FisheriesDate_col As Integer = 1

Const FisheriesFirst_col As Integer = 4

Dim iweek As Integer, ifish As Integer

Dim curdate As Date, bdate As Date

Dim shtname As String

Dim wsheet As Worksheet

Erase Total_Catch

With Fisheries_WkBk.Worksheets(Year_String)

For iweek = 1 To WeeksInModel

```

curdate = .Cells(iweek - 1 + Fisheries_row, FisheriesDate_col)
bdate = DateValue("June 1," & Format(Year(curdate)))
Week_CatchDay(iweek) = DateDiff("d", bdate, curdate) - 5 'set to the start of the week
For ifish = 1 To NumFisheries
    FSC_Catch(ifish, iweek) = .Cells(iweek - 1 + Fisheries_row, FisheriesFirst_col + ifish - 1).Value
    Total_Catch(ifish) = Total_Catch(ifish) + FSC_Catch(ifish, iweek)
Next ifish
Next iweek
End With
shtname = Year_String + "ESSR"
On Error Resume Next
Set wsheet = FisheriesESSR_WkBk.Worksheets(shtname)
If wsheet Is Nothing Then
    Erase ESSR_Catch
Else
    With FisheriesESSR_WkBk.Worksheets(shtname)
        For iweek = 1 To WeeksInModel
            For ifish = 1 To NumFisheries
                ESSR_Catch(ifish, iweek) = .Cells(iweek - 1 + Fisheries_row, FisheriesFirst_col + ifish - 1).Value
                Total_Catch(ifish) = Total_Catch(ifish) + ESSR_Catch(ifish, iweek)
            Next ifish
        Next iweek
    End With
End If
On Error GoTo 0
End Sub

Sub Reconstruction()
Dim Year As Integer, YearCol As Integer, xYear As Integer
Dim Year_String As String 'Used to read the correct First Nation catch worksheet for the given year.
'Turn off display
Application.ScreenUpdating = False
xYear = 0
Call Init(xYear)
'initialize output rows
YearCol = Year_Datacol 'Start column to output data in year related worksheets

'do the run reconstruction for each year requested
For Year = StartYear To EndYear
    'Create the string for this year
    Year_String = Right(Str(Year), 4)
    'Read in the catch
    Call Read_Catch(Year, Year_String)
    'Pick up the duration and timing
    Call FishResSpawn(Year)
    'Calculate the daily escapement for each stock group
    Call Calc_Escape(Year)
    'Do the reconstruction
    Call Reconstruct(Year, Year_String)
    'Output the yearly results
    Call OutputData(Year, Year_String, YearCol)
    'Increment the output row pointers
    YearCol = YearCol + 1
Next Year
'Close the input workbooks
Fisheries_WkBk.Close (False)
FisheriesESSR_WkBk.Close (False)
Entry_WkBk.Close (False)
Timing_WkBk.Close (False)

```

```

'Save and close the output workbooks
Reconstruct_WkBk.Save
Reconstruct_WkBk.Close
Catch_WkBk.Save
Catch_WkBk.Close
Escape_WkBk.Save
Escape_WkBk.Close
Stock_Calc_Entry_WkBk.Save      'CNoble (Oct 11)
Stock_Calc_Entry_WkBk.Close    'CNoble (Oct 11)
ExploitRate_WkWB.Save
ExploitRate_WkWB.Close
FisheryHr_WkBk.Save
FisheryHr_WkBk.Close
WeeklyHr_WkBk.Save
WeeklyHr_WkBk.Close
Unexpl_WkBk.Save
Unexpl_WkBk.Close
'Quit Excel
'Application.Quit 'Comment out while debugging
End Sub

Sub Init(xYear)
'Reads in number of fishing days per week, and start/end years to run the model from the Control sheet
'Opens all data workbooks
'Prompts user for output workbook name, and creates output workbook
Dim Col_Num As Integer, StockGroup As Integer, Sheet As Integer, SheetCount As Integer, Year As Integer
'counters
Dim StockNames(NumStocks) As String 'Stock names
Dim StockGroupNames(NumSGroups) As String 'Stock group names
Dim FileNames(4) As String 'file names
Dim drivename As String, filepath As String, testfile As String
'Initialize the stock group names
StockGroupNames(1) = "Non Babine"
StockGroupNames(2) = "Babine"
'Prompt for the number of fishing days per week, start and end year
Worksheets("Control").Activate
With Range("Control")
    StartYear = .Cells(2, 1)
    EndYear = .Cells(2, 2)
End With
'Pick up file names
With Range("Files")
    For i = 1 To 4
        FileNames(i) = .Cells(i, 1)
    Next i
End With
'Get the path to this workbook, extract the drive, and explicitly change to this workbook's drive and folder.
'This sets the default folder for the input and output data workbooks to that of the workbook containing this program
filepath = ThisWorkbook.Path
drivename = Left(filepath, 1) 'Extract the drive
ChDrive (drivename)
ChDir (filepath)
Set Fisheries_WkBk = Workbooks.Open(Filename:=FileNames(1), UpdateLinks:=0)
Set FisheriesESSR_WkBk = Workbooks.Open(Filename:=FileNames(2), UpdateLinks:=0)
Set Entry_WkBk = Workbooks.Open(Filename:=FileNames(4), UpdateLinks:=0)
Set Timing_WkBk = Workbooks.Open(Filename:=FileNames(3), UpdateLinks:=0)
'Read in the stock and fishery names from the Timing workbook
For Stock = 1 To NumStocks

```

```

StockNames(Stock) = Timing_WkBk.Worksheets("FISHRES").Cells(Timing_Stock_DataRow + Stock - 1,
Timing_Stock_DataCol).Value
Next Stock
For Fishery = 1 To NumFisheries
    FisheryNames(Fishery) = Timing_WkBk.Worksheets("FISHRES").Cells(Timing_Stock_DataRow - 1,
Timing_Stock_DataCol + Fishery + 4)
Next Fishery
'Yearly run reconstruction workbook
testfile = Dir("Reconstruction.xls")
If Len(testfile) > 0 Then Kill ("Reconstruction.xls")
Set Reconstruct_WkBk = Workbooks.Add
Reconstruct_WkBk.SaveAs Filename:="Reconstruction.xls", FileFormat:=xlAddIn
With Reconstruct_WkBk
    Sheet = 1
    SheetCount = .Worksheets.Count
    For Year = StartYear To EndYear
        'Check if need to add a worksheet to hold this year's reconstruction output
        If Sheet > SheetCount Then
            .Worksheets.Add after:=Worksheets(Sheet - 1)
        End If
        .Worksheets(Sheet).Name = Right(Str(Year), 4) 'str function adds leading blank - remove by extract 4
rightmost characters
        'Initialize the column headings
        Col_Num = 1
        With .Worksheets(Sheet)
            .Cells(1, Col_Num).Value = "Fishery"
            Col_Num = Col_Num + 1
            For Stock = 1 To NumStocks
                .Cells(1, Col_Num).Value = StockNames(Stock) 'stock names start in 2nd column
                Col_Num = Col_Num + 1
            Next Stock
            .Cells(1, Col_Num).Value = "Total"
            'Fit the column width to the headings
            .Range(.Cells(1, 1), .Cells(1, Col_Num)).ColumnWidth = 13
            .Range(.Cells(1, 1), .Cells(1, Col_Num)).HorizontalAlignment = xlRight
        End With
        Sheet = Sheet + 1
    Next Year
End With
'catch summary workbook
testfile = Dir("Catch.xls")
If Len(testfile) > 0 Then Kill ("Catch.xls")
Set Catch_WkBk = Workbooks.Add
Catch_WkBk.SaveAs Filename:="Catch.xls", FileFormat:=xlAddIn 'Later => prompt for output filename
Catch_WkBk.Worksheets(1).Name = "Catch"
With Catch_WkBk.Worksheets("Catch")
    .Cells(1, 1).Value = "Stock Group"
    Row_Num = 3
    For StockGroup = 1 To NumSGroups
        .Cells(Row_Num, 1).Value = StockGroupNames(StockGroup) 'stock names start in 2nd row
        Row_Num = Row_Num + 1
    Next StockGroup
    .Cells(Row_Num, 1).Value = "Total"
    'Fit the column width to the headings
    .Columns(1).AutoFit
End With
'Initialize catch by sector worksheets
Catch_WkBk.Worksheets(2).Name = "FSCCatchByGroup"

```

```

With Catch_WkBk.Worksheets("FSCCatchByGroup")
    .Cells(1, 1).Value = "Stock Group"
    Row_Num = 3
    For StockGroup = 1 To NumSGroups
        .Cells(Row_Num, 1).Value = StockGroupNames(StockGroup) 'stock names start in 2nd row
        Row_Num = Row_Num + 1
    Next StockGroup
    .Cells(Row_Num, 1).Value = "Total"
    'Fit the column width to the headings
    .Columns(1).AutoFit
End With
Catch_WkBk.Worksheets(3).Name = "ESSRCatchByGroup"
With Catch_WkBk.Worksheets("ESSRCatchByGroup")
    .Cells(1, 1).Value = "Stock Group"
    Row_Num = 3
    For StockGroup = 1 To NumSGroups
        .Cells(Row_Num, 1).Value = StockGroupNames(StockGroup) 'stock names start in 2nd row
        Row_Num = Row_Num + 1
    Next StockGroup
    .Cells(Row_Num, 1).Value = "Total"
    'Fit the column width to the headings
    .Columns(1).AutoFit
End With
Catch_WkBk.Worksheets.Add after:=Worksheets(3)
Catch_WkBk.Worksheets(4).Name = "FSCCatchByStock"
With Catch_WkBk.Worksheets("FSCCatchByStock")
    .Cells(1, 1).Value = "Stock"
    Row_Num = 3
    For Stock = 1 To NumStocks
        .Cells(Row_Num, 1).Value = StockNames(Stock) 'stock names start in 2nd row
        Row_Num = Row_Num + 1
    Next Stock
    .Cells(Row_Num, 1).Value = "Total"
    'Fit the column width to the headings
    .Columns(1).AutoFit
End With
Catch_WkBk.Worksheets.Add after:=Worksheets(4)
Catch_WkBk.Worksheets(5).Name = "ESSRCatchByStock"
With Catch_WkBk.Worksheets("ESSRCatchByStock")
    .Cells(1, 1).Value = "Stock"
    Row_Num = 3
    For Stock = 1 To NumStocks
        .Cells(Row_Num, 1).Value = StockNames(Stock) 'stock names start in 2nd row
        Row_Num = Row_Num + 1
    Next Stock
    .Cells(Row_Num, 1).Value = "Total"
    'Fit the column width to the headings
    .Columns(1).AutoFit
End With
'terminal escapement size workbook
testfile = Dir("Escape.xls")
If Len(testfile) > 0 Then Kill ("Escape.xls")
Set Escape_WkBk = Workbooks.Add
Escape_WkBk.SaveAs Filename:="Escape.xls", FileFormat:=xlAddIn 'Later => prompt for output filename
Initialize stock group escapement size worksheet
Escape_WkBk.Worksheets(1).Name = "StockGroup"
With Escape_WkBk.Worksheets("StockGroup")
    .Cells(1, 1).Value = "Stock Group"

```

```
Row_Num = 3
For StockGroup = 1 To NumSGroups
    .Cells(Row_Num, 1).Value = StockGroupNames(StockGroup) 'stock names start in 3'rd row
    Row_Num = Row_Num + 1
Next StockGroup
.Cells(Row_Num, 1).Value = "Total"
'Fit the column width to the headings
.Columns(1).AutoFit
End With
'Stock Calc Entry run size workbook (CNoble Oct 11)
testfile = Dir("Stock_Calc_Entry.xls")
If Len(testfile) > 0 Then Kill ("Stock_Calc_Entry.xls")
Set Stock_Calc_Entry_WkBk = Workbooks.Add
Stock_Calc_Entry_WkBk.SaveAs Filename:="Stock_Calc_Entry.xls", FileFormat:=xlAddIn 'Later => prompt for
output filename
'Initialize stock group escapement size worksheet
Stock_Calc_Entry_WkBk.Worksheets(1).Name = "Stock"
With Stock_Calc_Entry_WkBk.Worksheets("Stock")
    .Cells(1, 1).Value = "Stock"
    Row_Num = 3
    For Stock = 1 To NumStocks
        .Cells(Row_Num, 1).Value = StockNames(Stock) 'stock names start in 3'rd row
        Row_Num = Row_Num + 1
    Next Stock
    .Cells(Row_Num, 1).Value = "Total"
    'Fit the column width to the headings
    .Columns(1).AutoFit
End With
'Initialize stock escapement size worksheet
Escape_WkBk.Worksheets(2).Name = "Stock"
With Escape_WkBk.Worksheets("Stock")
    .Cells(1, 1).Value = "Stock"
    Row_Num = 3
    For Stock = 1 To NumStocks
        .Cells(Row_Num, 1).Value = StockNames(Stock) 'stock names start in 3'rd column
        Row_Num = Row_Num + 1
    Next Stock
    .Cells(Row_Num, 1).Value = "Total"
    'Fit the column width to the headings
    .Columns(1).AutoFit
End With
'Exploitation rate workbook
testfile = Dir("ExploitRate.xls")
If Len(testfile) > 0 Then Kill ("ExploitRate.xls")
Set ExploitRate_WkWB = Workbooks.Add
ExploitRate_WkWB.SaveAs Filename:="ExploitRate.xls", FileFormat:=xlAddIn 'Later => prompt for output
filename
'Initialize stock group harvest rate worksheet
ExploitRate_WkWB.Worksheets(1).Name = "StockGroup"
With ExploitRate_WkWB.Worksheets("StockGroup")
    .Cells(1, 1).Value = "Stock Group"
    Row_Num = 3
    For StockGroup = 1 To NumSGroups
        .Cells(Row_Num, 1).Value = StockGroupNames(StockGroup) 'stock group names start in 3rd row
        Row_Num = Row_Num + 1
    Next StockGroup
    .Cells(Row_Num, 1).Value = "Total"
    'Fit the column width to the headings
```



```

.Columns(1).AutoFit
'Format all cells as text to force display of decimal place when 0
.Range(.Cells(3, 2), .Cells(NumSGroups + 3, EndYear - StartYear + Year_Datacol)).Columns.NumberFormat =
"0.0"
End With
Initialize stock exploitation rate worksheet
ExploitRate_WkWB.Worksheets(2).Name = "Stock"
With ExploitRate_WkWB.Worksheets("Stock")
.Cells(1, 1).Value = "Stock"
Row_Num = 3
For Stock = 1 To NumStocks
.Cells(Row_Num, 1).Value = StockNames(Stock) 'stock names start in 3rd row
Row_Num = Row_Num + 1
Next Stock
.Cells(Row_Num, 1).Value = "Total"
'Fit the column width to the headings
.Columns(1).AutoFit
'Format all cells as text to force display of decimal place when 0
.Range(.Cells(3, 2), .Cells(NumStocks + 3, EndYear - StartYear + Year_Datacol)).Columns.NumberFormat =
"0.0"
End With
'daily fishery harvest rate workbook
testfile = Dir("FisheryHr.xls")
If Len(testfile) > 0 Then Kill ("FisheryHr.xls")
Set FisheryHr_WkBk = Workbooks.Add
FisheryHr_WkBk.SaveAs Filename:="FisheryHR.xls", FileFormat:=xlAddIn 'Later => prompt for output filename
With FisheryHr_WkBk
Sheet = 1
SheetCount = .Worksheets.Count
For Year = StartYear To EndYear
'Check if need to add a worksheet to hold this year's reconstruction output
If Sheet > SheetCount Then
.Worksheets.Add after:=Worksheets(Sheet - 1)
End If
.Worksheets(Sheet).Name = Right(Str(Year), 4) 'str function adds leading blank - remove by extract 4
rightmost characters
'Initialize the column headings
With .Worksheets(Sheet)
.Cells(1, 1).Value = "Week"
For iweek = 1 To WeeksInModel
.Cells(FishHR_Datarow + iweek - 1, 1).Value = iweek 'week numbers are in first column
Next iweek
For Fishery = 1 To NumFisheries
.Cells(1, FishHR_FishCol + Fishery - 1).Value = FisheryNames(Fishery) 'fishery names start in 2nd
column
Next Fishery
.Range(.Cells(1, 1), .Cells(1, NumFisheries + 1)).ColumnWidth = 6
.Range(.Cells(1, 1), .Cells(1, NumFisheries + 1)).Orientation = 90
End With
Sheet = Sheet + 1
Next Year
End With
'weekly harvest rate workbook
testfile = Dir("WeeklyHr.xls")
If Len(testfile) > 0 Then Kill ("WeeklyHr.xls")
Set WeeklyHr_WkBk = Workbooks.Add
WeeklyHr_WkBk.SaveAs Filename:="WeeklyHR.xls", FileFormat:=xlAddIn 'Later => prompt for output filename
With WeeklyHr_WkBk

```

```

Sheet = 1
SheetCount = .Worksheets.Count
For Year = StartYear To EndYear
  'Check if need to add a worksheet to hold this year's reconstruction output
  If Sheet > SheetCount Then
    .Worksheets.Add after:=Worksheets(Sheet - 1)
  End If
  .Worksheets(Sheet).Name = Right(Str(Year), 4) 'str function adds leading blank - remove by extract 4
rightmost characters
  'Initialize the column headings
  With .Worksheets(Sheet)
    .Cells(1, 1).Value = "Week"
    For iweek = 1 To WeeksInModel
      .Cells(FishHR_Datarow + iweek - 1, 1).Value = iweek 'week numbers are in first column
    Next iweek
    For Fishery = 1 To NumFisheries
      .Cells(1, FishHR_FishCol + Fishery - 1).Value = FisheryNames(Fishery) 'fishery names start in 2nd
column
    Next Fishery
    .Range(.Cells(1, 1), .Cells(1, NumFisheries + 1)).ColumnWidth = 6
    .Range(.Cells(1, 1), .Cells(1, NumFisheries + 1)).Orientation = 90
  End With
  Sheet = Sheet + 1
Next Year
End With
'weekly unexplained catch
testfile = Dir("Unexplained.xls")
If Len(testfile) > 0 Then Kill ("Unexplained.xls")
Set Unexpl_WkBk = Workbooks.Add
Unexpl_WkBk.SaveAs Filename:="Unexplained.xls", FileFormat:=xlAddIn 'Later => prompt for output filename
With Unexpl_WkBk
  Sheet = 1
  SheetCount = .Worksheets.Count
  For Year = StartYear To EndYear
    'Check if need to add a worksheet to hold this year's reconstruction output
    If Sheet > SheetCount Then
      .Worksheets.Add after:=Worksheets(Sheet - 1)
    End If
    .Worksheets(Sheet).Name = Right(Str(Year), 4) 'str function adds leading blank - remove by extract 4
rightmost characters
    'Initialize the column headings
    With .Worksheets(Sheet)
      .Cells(1, 1).Value = "Week"
      For Week = 1 To WeeksInModel
        .Cells(FishHR_Datarow + Week - 1, 1).Value = Week 'week numbers are in first column
      Next Week
      .Cells(FishHR_Datarow + WeeksInModel, 1).Value = "Total"
      For Fishery = 1 To NumFisheries
        .Cells(1, FishHR_FishCol + Fishery - 1).Value = FisheryNames(Fishery) 'fishery names start in 2nd
column
      Next Fishery
      .Range(.Cells(1, 1), .Cells(1, NumFisheries + 1)).ColumnWidth = 6
      .Range(.Cells(1, 1), .Cells(1, NumFisheries + 1)).Orientation = 90
    End With
    Sheet = Sheet + 1
  Next Year
End With
End Sub

```

Sub FishResSpawn(Yr)

'Reads in the fishery residence times for each stock and determines the cumulative time from tributary escapment to each fishery.

'Reads in Tye peak, stock offset and stock SD for the year.

'Reads in the entry size by stock for the year

'data offsets in fish residence times worksheet

Const fishres_datarow As Integer = 3

Const stockgrp_col As Integer = 4

Const fishery1_col As Integer = 7

'data offsets in fish spawning timing worksheet

Const Timing_off_col As Integer = 5 'Column number for offset

Const Timing_off_row As Integer = 5 'Row number for offset

Const Timing_med_col As Integer = 2 'Column number for Tye median

Const Timing_med_row As Integer = 2 'row for Base Year

'data offsets in entry size

Const Entry_row As Integer = 6

Const Entry_col As Integer = 2

Dim cum, Fishery, fishres_row, ResTime, Stock, StockGroup As Integer 'local variables for residence data

Dim timing_row, trib_time As Integer 'local variables for spawning timing data

Dim Peak, date1, date2, x

'Read in the fishery residence times for each stock.

Sht_res = "FISHRES"

fishres_row = fishres_datarow 'Skip the header rows

With Timing_WkBk.Worksheets(Sht_res)

For Stock = 1 To NumStocks

StockToStockGroup(Stock) = .Cells(fishres_row, stockgrp_col).Value

For Fishery = 1 To NumFisheries

'Test for empty cell => causes crash

If IsEmpty(.Cells(fishres_row, fishery1_col + Fishery - 1).Value) Or _
(.Cells(fishres_row, fishery1_col + Fishery - 1).Value = "") Then

ResTime = 0

Else

ResTime = .Cells(fishres_row, fishery1_col + Fishery - 1).Value

End If

Residence(Stock, Fishery) = ResTime

Next Fishery

fishres_row = fishres_row + 1

Next Stock

End With

'Calculate the cumulative residence times from Tye entry for each stock and fishery

For Stock = 1 To NumStocks

cum = 0

For Fishery = 1 To NumFisheries

cum = cum + Residence(Stock, Fishery)

Cum_ResTimes(Stock, Fishery) = cum

Next Fishery

Next Stock

'read in Tye peak

date1 = Timing_WkBk.Worksheets("TIMING_Mean").Cells(Timing_med_row + Yr - BaseYear, Timing_med_col)

date2 = DateValue("June 1, " & Format(Year(date1)))

Peak = DateDiff("d", date2, date1) + 1

'Read in the SD and offset.

Sht_res = "TIMING"

With Timing_WkBk.Worksheets(Sht_res)

For Stock = 1 To NumStocks

Spawn_Peak(Stock) = .Cells(Timing_off_row + Stock - 1, Timing_off_col)

Spawn_Peak(Stock) = Spawn_Peak(Stock) + Peak

Spawn_SD(Stock) = .Cells(Timing_off_row + Stock - 1, Timing_off_col + 2 + Yr - BaseYear)

```

Next Stock
End With
'Read in the entry size by stock
Sht_res = "Skeena Escape"
With Entry_WkBk.Worksheets(Sht_res)
  For Stock = 1 To NumStocks
    x = .Cells(Entry_row + Yr - BaseYear, Entry_col + Stock - 1).Value
    If IsEmpty(x) Or x = "" Then
      Spawn_Entry(Stock) = 0
    Else
      Spawn_Entry(Stock) = x
    End If
  Next Stock
End With
'Add terminal catch and escapement to get entry stock size for Sustut and Bulkley sockeye (KKE - 22 Jan. 2013)
'Spawn Entry numbers for Babine stocks include catches at and above the Babine fence
  Spawn_Entry(3) = Spawn_Entry(3) + Total_Catch(12)      'Sustut
  Spawn_Entry(14) = Spawn_Entry(14) + Total_Catch(11)   'Bulkley
End Sub
Sub Calc_Escape(Yr)
'Calculates the daily escapement for each stock in the year specified
Dim curdate As Date, bdate As Date
Dim irow As Integer, iday As Integer, Stock As Integer, Sector As Integer, isg As Integer
Dim agg As Double, psum As Double
Dim p(NumStocks) As Double
Const Tyee_row As Integer = 5
Const Tyee_col As Integer = 1
irow = Tyee_row
Erase Stock_Calc_Entry          'CNoble Oct 11
With Fisheries_WkBk.Worksheets("TyeeRunbyDay")
  curdate = .Cells(irow, Tyee_col)
  Do While curdate > 0
    bdate = DateValue("June 1," & Format(Year(curdate)))
    iday = DateDiff("d", bdate, curdate) + 1
    agg = .Cells(irow, Tyee_col + Yr - BaseYear + 1)
    psum = 0
    For Stock = 1 To NumStocks
      p(Stock) = Spawn_Entry(Stock) * WorksheetFunction.NormDist(iday, Spawn_Peak(Stock),
Spawn_SD(Stock), False)
      psum = psum + p(Stock)
    Next Stock
    For Stock = 1 To NumStocks
      If psum > 0 Then
        Stock_Daily_Escape(Stock, iday) = p(Stock) * agg / psum
        Stock_Calc_Entry(Stock) = Stock_Calc_Entry(Stock) + Stock_Daily_Escape(Stock, iday)
      Else
        Stock_Daily_Escape(Stock, iday) = 0
      End If
    Next Stock
    irow = irow + 1
    curdate = .Cells(irow, Tyee_col)
  Loop
End With
'totals
Erase StockGroupTrun, StockTrun
RunTotal = 0
For Stock = 1 To NumStocks
  For iday = 1 To DaysInModel

```

```

    agg = Stock_Daily_Escape(Stock, iday)
    StockTrun(Stock) = StockTrun(Stock) + agg
    isg = StockToStockGroup(Stock)
    StockGroupTrun(isg) = StockGroupTrun(isg) + agg
Next iday
RunTotal = RunTotal + StockTrun(Stock)
Next Stock
Erase CatchBySector          ' CNoble Oct 11
End Sub
Function gfs(HRate, T, Fshry, FDaysPerWk) As Double
'Returns catch for the given harvest rate (forward algorithm with entry timing)
Dim Day, i, k, ResidenceDays, Stock As Integer
Dim CaTest, x, surv(50) As Double
CaTest = 0
For Stock = 1 To NumStocks
  'Only do if the stock go through the fishery, i.e. residence time > 0
  ResidenceDays = Residence(Stock, Fshry)
  If ResidenceDays > 0 Then
    'Initialize survival to 100 percent
    For i = 1 To FDaysPerWk + ResidenceDays + 1
      surv(i) = 1
    Next i
    'Work forward through the fishing days
    For Day = 1 To FDaysPerWk
      For k = 1 To ResidenceDays
        'i is fishery chunks being harvested
        'j is escapement day
        i = Day + k - 2
        j = i + T - Cum_ResTimes(Stock, Fshry)
        'Pick up chunk
        If (j < 1 Or j > DaysInModel) Then
          x = 0
        Else
          x = Stock_Daily_Escape(Stock, j)
        End If
        'Calculate survival and catch
        If (HRate < 1) And (x > 0) Then
          CaTest = CaTest + HRate * surv(i + 1) * x
          surv(i + 1) = surv(i + 1) * (1 - HRate)
        End If
      Next k
    Next Day
  End If
Next Stock
gfs = CaTest
End Function
Function CalcHarvestRate(Wk, Yr, Fishry, FDaysPerWeek, Catch, TeeDay) As Double
Const Tol As Double = 0.001
Dim j, k, Stock As Integer
Dim ESum, HarvestRate, High, Low, test As Double
'Calculates the harvest rate for a fishery
HarvestRate = 0
'If only one day of fishing, sum up the escapement
If FDaysPerWeek = 1 Then
  ESum = 0
  For Stock = 1 To NumStocks
    For k = 1 To Residence(Stock, Fishry)
      j = TeeDay + k - 1 - Cum_ResTimes(Stock, Fishry)

```

```

    If (j < 1 Or j < DaysInModel) Then
        ESum = ESum + Stock_Daily_Escape(Stock, j)
    End If
Next k
Next Stock
If (ESum = 0) Then
    HarvestRate = -0.99
Else
    HarvestRate = Catch / (Catch + ESum)
End If
Else
    'Use the bisection method to estimate the harvest rate
    Low = 0
    High = 1
    HarvestRate = 0.5 'Start with 50% harvest
    test = 0
    Do Until (Abs(Catch - test) / Catch * 100) < Tol
        test = gfs(HarvestRate, TeeDay, Fishry, FDaysPerWeek)
        If test = 0 Then
            HarvestRate = -0.99
        Exit Do
    End If
    If Catch > test Then
        Low = HarvestRate
    Else
        High = HarvestRate
    End If
    HarvestRate = (Low + High) / 2
Loop
End If
CalcHarvestRate = HarvestRate
End Function

Sub Reconstruct(Yr, Year_String)
'Does a forward reconstruction for the given year.
Dim Day As Integer, EscDay As Integer, Fishery As Integer, FishDays As Integer
Dim ResDay As Integer, StockGroup As Integer, Week As Integer
Dim interc(NumFisheries, NumStocks) As Double 'Total catch for each stock in each fishery
Dim HarvestRate As Double, FisheryWkHR As Double, StockCatch As Double, PSport As Double
Dim WklyCat(WeeksInModel) As Double, WklyAA(WeeksInModel) As Double, WklyUnexpl(WeeksInModel) As Double
Dim iweek As Integer
Dim WeeklyCatch As Double, pFSC As Double, TerminalRun As Double
OutputRow = 2 'Initialize row to begin writing data in the run reconstruction workbook
Erase interc
Erase TerminalHR
savcat = 0: precat = 0
For Fishery = 1 To NumFisheries
    Erase WklyCat, WklyAA, WklyUnexpl
    FishDays = 7 'fishing 7 days a week
    'Calcululatte harvest rate for each terminal fishery (KKE - 14 Oct. 2012)
    If Fishery >= 9 And Fishery <= 12 Then
        If Fishery = 9 Then TerminalRun = Spawn_Entry(10)
        If Fishery = 10 Then TerminalRun = Spawn_Entry(11)
        If Fishery = 11 Then TerminalRun = Spawn_Entry(13) + Spawn_Entry(14)
        If Fishery = 12 Then TerminalRun = Spawn_Entry(3)
        TerminalHR(Fishery) = 0
        If TerminalRun > 0 Then TerminalHR(Fishery) = Total_Catch(Fishery) / TerminalRun
    End If

```

```

'Work forwards through each week of the fishery
Erase FisheryHR
For iweek = 1 To WeeksInModel
  WeeklyCatch = FSC_Catch(Fishery, iweek) + ESSR_Catch(Fishery, iweek)
  If WeeklyCatch > 0 Then
    pFSC = FSC_Catch(Fishery, iweek) / WeeklyCatch
    savcat = savcat + WeeklyCatch
    'Calculate the harvest rate for todays catch in this fishery
    Tday = Week_CatchDay(iweek)
    'Use terminal harvest rate for Pinkut, Fulton, Bulkley-Morice and Sustut Fisheries (KKE 14 Oct. 2012)
    If Fishery >= 9 And Fishery <= 12 Then
      HarvestRate = TerminalHR(Fishery)
    Else
      HarvestRate = CalcHarvestRate(iweek, Yr, Fishery, FishDays, WeeklyCatch, Tday)
    End If
    'Save Daily Harvest Rate - 15 March 2012
    FisheryHR(Fishery, iweek) = HarvestRate
  'Update Run Size
  If HarvestRate > 0 Then
    For Stock = 1 To NumStocks
      For ResDay = 1 To Residence(Stock, Fishery)
        For Day = 1 To FishDays
          EscDay = Tday - Cum_ResTimes(Stock, Fishery) + ResDay + Day - 2
          If (EscDay > 0 And EscDay <= DaysInModel) Then
            'Calculate the catch for this stock and update the yearly catch for it
            StockCatch = HarvestRate * Stock_Daily_Escape(Stock, EscDay)
            StockYearCatch(Stock) = StockYearCatch(Stock) + StockCatch
            WklyCat(iweek) = WklyCat(iweek) + StockCatch
            'overwrite the stock daily escapement with the number of fish aftet harvesting
            Stock_Daily_Escape(Stock, EscDay) = Stock_Daily_Escape(Stock, EscDay) * (1 - HarvestRate)
            'Update the available abundance into this fishery for this week
            WklyAA(iweek) = WklyAA(iweek) + Stock_Daily_Escape(Stock, EscDay)
            'Sum catch by sector
            CatchBySector(Stock, 1) = CatchBySector(Stock, 1) + StockCatch * pFSC
            CatchBySector(Stock, 2) = CatchBySector(Stock, 2) + StockCatch * (1 - pFSC)
            'update the catch for this stock group and fishery
            StockGroup = StockToStockGroup(Stock)
            interc(Fishery, Stock) = interc(Fishery, Stock) + StockCatch
            precat = precat + StockCatch
          End If
        Next Day
      Next ResDay
    Next Stock
  Else
    If HarvestRate < 0 Then WklyUnexpl(iweek) = WklyUnexpl(iweek) + WeeklyCatch
  End If
End If
Next iweek
'write to the daily fisheries harvest rate workbook
For iweek = 1 To WeeksInModel
  hr = FisheryHR(Fishery, iweek) * 100
  FisheryHr_WkBk.Worksheets(Year_String).Cells(FishHR_Datarow + iweek - 1, FishHR_FishCol + Fishery -
1).Value = Format(hr, "##0.0") 'Round to 1 decimal place
Next iweek

'Calculate the weekly harvest rate for this fishery and write to the fisheries harvest rate workbook
UnexplSum = 0
For iweek = 1 To WeeksInModel

```

```

aa = WklyAA(iweek)
cc = WklyCat(iweek)
If aa > 0 Then
    FisheryWkHR = cc / (cc + aa) * 100
Else
    FisheryWkHR = 0 ' Do we want to print this or just leave blank?
End If
WeeklyHr_WkBk.Worksheets(Year_String).Cells(FishHR_Datarow + iweek - 1, FishHR_FishCol + Fishery -
1).Value = Format(FisheryWkHR, "##0.0") 'Round to 1 decimal place
If WklyUnexpl(iweek) > 0 Then Unexpl_WkBk.Worksheets(Year_String).Cells(FishHR_Datarow + iweek - 1,
FishHR_FishCol + Fishery - 1).Value = Round(WklyUnexpl(iweek))
UnexplSum = UnexplSum + WklyUnexpl(iweek)
Next iweek
If UnexplSum > 0 Then Unexpl_WkBk.Worksheets(Year_String).Cells(FishHR_Datarow + WeeksInModel,
FishHR_FishCol + Fishery - 1).Value = Round(UnexplSum)
'Output the catch for each stock in this fishery to the run reconstruction workbook
With Reconstruct_WkBk.Worksheets(Year_String)
    .Cells(OutputRow, 1).Value = FisheryNames(Fishery)
    CatchTotal = 0
    For Stock = 1 To NumStocks
        StockCatch = interc(Fishery, Stock)
        CatchTotal = CatchTotal + StockCatch
        StockGroup = StockToStockGroup(Stock)
        StockGroupYearCatch(StockGroup) = StockGroupYearCatch(StockGroup) + StockCatch 'Sum the catch
for all fisheries for this stock group
        .Cells(OutputRow, Stock + 1).Value = Round(StockCatch) 'Round to nearest integer for output
    Next Stock
    .Cells(OutputRow, Stock + 1).Value = Round(CatchTotal) 'Output total catch for this fishery
End With
OutputRow = OutputRow + 1
Next Fishery
End Sub

Sub OutputData(Yr, Year_String, YearCol)
Dim Day As Integer, Stock As Integer, StockGroup As Integer, StockCatch As Long
Dim StockEsc(NumStocks) As Double, StockGroupEsc(NumSGroups) As Double 'Total ending escapement for
each stock and stock group
Dim TotalSectorCatch(NumSectors) As Double 'Total Catch by Sector
Dim GroupCatchBySector(NumSGroups, NumSectors) As Double 'Total Catch by Group and Sector
Dim HR_Total As Double, Stock_HR As Double
Dim CatchTotal As Double, SCatchTotal As Double, TotalEscape As Double
Dim harvest_rate As String
Erase StockEsc, StockGroupEsc
TotalEscape = 0
For Stock = 1 To NumStocks
    StockGroup = StockToStockGroup(Stock)
    For Day = 1 To DaysInModel
        xxx = Stock_Daily_Escape(Stock, Day)
        StockEsc(Stock) = StockEsc(Stock) + xxx
        StockGroupEsc(StockGroup) = StockGroupEsc(StockGroup) + xxx
    Next Day
    TotalEscape = TotalEscape + StockEsc(Stock)
Next Stock
'Write the Stock Calc Entry data (CNoble Oct 11)
'Reconstruct_WkBk.Worksheets(Year_String).Cells(Reconst_CatchRow, 1).Value = "Catch"
Stock_Calc_Entry_WkBk.Worksheets("Stock").Cells(1, YearCol).Value = Year_String
For Stock = 1 To NumStocks
    Stock_Calc_Entry(Stock) = Round(Stock_Calc_Entry(Stock)) 'Round to nearest integer
    'Reconstruct_WkBk.Worksheets(Year_String).Cells(Reconst_CatchRow, StockGroup + 1).Value = StockCatch

```



```

Stock_Calc_Entry_WkBk.Worksheets("Stock").Cells(Stock + 2, YearCol).Value = Stock_Calc_Entry(Stock)
Next Stock
'Write the total catch for each stock group to both the Run Reconstruction and Annual Terminal Catch workbooks
CatchTotal = 0
Reconstruct_WkBk.Worksheets(Year_String).Cells(Reconst_CatchRow, 1).Value = "Catch"
Catch_WkBk.Worksheets("Catch").Cells(1, YearCol).Value = Year_String
For StockGroup = 1 To NumSGroups
    StockCatch = Round(StockGroupYearCatch(StockGroup)) 'Round to nearest integer
    Catch_WkBk.Worksheets("Catch").Cells(StockGroup + 2, YearCol).Value = StockCatch
    CatchTotal = CatchTotal + StockCatch
Next StockGroup
For Stock = 1 To NumStocks
    Reconstruct_WkBk.Worksheets(Year_String).Cells(Reconst_CatchRow, Stock + 1).Value =
Round(StockYearCatch(Stock))
Next Stock
'Write out the total catch across all stock groups
Reconstruct_WkBk.Worksheets(Year_String).Cells(Reconst_CatchRow, NumStocks + 2).Value = CatchTotal
Catch_WkBk.Worksheets("Catch").Cells(NumSGroups + 3, YearCol).Value = CatchTotal
SCatchTotal = CatchTotal
'Write the catch by sector for each stock group to the annual catch workbook
For Stock = 1 To NumStocks
    StockGroup = StockToStockGroup(Stock)
    For Sector = 1 To NumSectors
        GroupCatchBySector(StockGroup, Sector) = GroupCatchBySector(StockGroup, Sector) +
CatchBySector(Stock, Sector)
    Next Sector
Next Stock
CatchTotal = 0
Catch_WkBk.Worksheets("FSCCatchByGroup").Cells(1, YearCol).Value = Year_String
For StockGroup = 1 To NumSGroups
    StockCatch = Round(GroupCatchBySector(StockGroup, 1)) 'Round to nearest integer
    Catch_WkBk.Worksheets("FSCCatchByGroup").Cells(StockGroup + 2, YearCol).Value = StockCatch
    CatchTotal = CatchTotal + StockCatch
Next StockGroup
'Write out the total catch across all stock groups
Catch_WkBk.Worksheets("FSCCatchByGroup").Cells(NumSGroups + 3, YearCol).Value = CatchTotal
CatchTotal = 0
Catch_WkBk.Worksheets("ESSRCatchByGroup").Cells(1, YearCol).Value = Year_String
For StockGroup = 1 To NumSGroups
    StockCatch = Round(GroupCatchBySector(StockGroup, 2)) 'Round to nearest integer
    Catch_WkBk.Worksheets("ESSRCatchByGroup").Cells(StockGroup + 2, YearCol).Value = StockCatch
    CatchTotal = CatchTotal + StockCatch
Next StockGroup
'Write out the total catch across all stock groups
Catch_WkBk.Worksheets("ESSRCatchByGroup").Cells(NumSGroups + 3, YearCol).Value = CatchTotal
'Calculate the total run and harvest rates for each stock group and write to the Run Reconstruction,
'Annual Terminal Run and Harvest Rate workbooks
Reconstruct_WkBk.Worksheets(Year_String).Cells(Reconst_CatchRow + 1, 1).Value = "Run"
Reconstruct_WkBk.Worksheets(Year_String).Cells(Reconst_CatchRow + 2, 1).Value = "ER"
Reconstruct_WkBk.Worksheets(Year_String).Rows(Reconst_CatchRow + 2).NumberFormat = "0.0" 'Format cells
to force display of decimal place when 0
Reconstruct_WkBk.Worksheets(Year_String).Columns(1).AutoFit
ExploitRate_WkBk.Worksheets("StockGroup").Cells(1, YearCol).Value = Year_String
ExploitRate_WkBk.Worksheets("Stock").Cells(1, YearCol).Value = Year_String
Escape_WkBk.Worksheets("Stockgroup").Cells(1, YearCol).Value = Year_String
Escape_WkBk.Worksheets("Stock").Cells(1, YearCol).Value = Year_String
Catch_WkBk.Worksheets("FSCCatchByGroup").Cells(1, YearCol).Value = Year_String
Catch_WkBk.Worksheets("ESSRCatchByGroup").Cells(1, YearCol).Value = Year_String

```

```

Catch_WkBk.Worksheets("FSSCCatchByStock").Cells(1, YearCol).Value = Year_String
Catch_WkBk.Worksheets("ESSRCatchByStock").Cells(1, YearCol).Value = Year_String
For Sector = 1 To NumSectors
    TotalSectorCatch(Sector) = 0
Next Sector
For Stock = 1 To NumStocks
    Catch_WkBk.Worksheets("FSSCCatchByStock").Cells(Stock + 2, YearCol).Value = Round(CatchBySector(Stock,
1))
    Catch_WkBk.Worksheets("ESSRCatchByStock").Cells(Stock + 2, YearCol).Value =
Round(CatchBySector(Stock, 2))
    For Sector = 1 To NumSectors
        TotalSectorCatch(Sector) = TotalSectorCatch(Sector) + Round(CatchBySector(Stock, Sector))
    Next Sector
Next Stock
Catch_WkBk.Worksheets("FSSCCatchByStock").Cells(Stock + 2, YearCol).Value = TotalSectorCatch(1)
Catch_WkBk.Worksheets("ESSRCatchByStock").Cells(Stock + 2, YearCol).Value = TotalSectorCatch(2)
For StockGroup = 1 To NumSGroups
    'Calculate the harvest rate for this stock group
    If StockGroupTrun(StockGroup) > 0 Then
        Stock_HR = (StockGroupYearCatch(StockGroup) / StockGroupTrun(StockGroup)) * 100
    Else
        Stock_HR = 0
    End If
    StockGroupYearCatch(StockGroup) = 0 'Zero for the next year calculation
    harvest_rate = Format(Stock_HR, "###.0") 'Round to 1 decimal place
    'Reconstruct_WkBk.Worksheets(Year_String).Cells(Reconst_CatchRow + 2, StockGroup + 1).Value =
harvest_rate
    ExploitRate_WkWB.Worksheets("StockGroup").Cells(StockGroup + 2, YearCol).Value = Stock_HR
    Escape_WkBk.Worksheets("StockGroup").Cells(StockGroup + 2, YearCol).Value =
Round(StockGroupEsc(StockGroup))
Next StockGroup
For Stock = 1 To NumStocks
    Reconstruct_WkBk.Worksheets(Year_String).Cells(Reconst_CatchRow + 1, Stock + 1).Value =
Round(StockTrun(Stock))
    If StockTrun(Stock) > 0 Then
        Stock_HR = StockYearCatch(Stock) / StockTrun(Stock) * 100
    Else
        Stock_HR = 0
    End If
    Reconstruct_WkBk.Worksheets(Year_String).Cells(Reconst_CatchRow + 2, Stock + 1).Value =
Format(Stock_HR, "###.0")
Next Stock
'Calculate the harvest rate for each stock and write to the stock harvest rate worksheet
For Stock = 1 To NumStocks
    If StockTrun(Stock) > 0 Then
        Stock_HR = (StockYearCatch(Stock) / StockTrun(Stock)) * 100
    Else
        Stock_HR = 0
    End If
    StockYearCatch(Stock) = 0 'Zero for the next year calculation
    For Sector = 1 To NumSectors
        CatchBySector(Stock, Sector) = 0
    Next Sector
    ExploitRate_WkWB.Worksheets("Stock").Cells(Stock + 2, YearCol).Value = Stock_HR
    Escape_WkBk.Worksheets("Stock").Cells(Stock + 2, YearCol).Value = Round(StockEsc(Stock))
Next Stock
'Write out the total run across all stock groups

```

```
Reconstruct_WkBk.Worksheets(Year_String).Cells(Reconst_CatchRow + 1, NumStocks + 2).Value =  
Round(RunTotal)  
'Write out the total harvest rate across all stock groups  
If RunTotal > 0 Then  
    HR_Total = SCatchTotal / RunTotal * 100  
Else  
    HR_Total = 0  
End If  
harvest_rate = Format(HR_Total, "###.0") 'Round to 1 decimal place  
Reconstruct_WkBk.Worksheets(Year_String).Cells(Reconst_CatchRow + 2, NumStocks + 2).Value = harvest_rate  
ExploitRate_WkBk.Worksheets("StockGroup").Cells(NumSGroups + 3, YearCol).Value = HR_Total  
ExploitRate_WkBk.Worksheets("Stock").Cells(NumStocks + 3, YearCol).Value = HR_Total  
Escape_WkBk.Worksheets("StockGroup").Cells(NumSGroups + 3, YearCol).Value = Round(TotalEscape)  
Escape_WkBk.Worksheets("Stock").Cells(NumStocks + 3, YearCol).Value = Round(TotalEscape)  
End Sub
```